

**NATIONAL INSTRUMENT 43-101 TECHNICAL REPORT:
BALD HILL ANTIMONY PROJECT
(Claim Group 5061)
SOUTHERN NEW BRUNSWICK, CANADA
NTS MAP SHEET 21G/09 AND 21H/12
Prepared for
TRI-STAR ANTIMONY CANADA INC.**



by

**Peter Banks, B.Sc., P. Geo.
&
John Langton, M.Sc., P.Geo.**

of



October 28th, 2014

TABLE OF CONTENTS

DATE AND SIGNATURE PAGE: QP	4
DATE AND SIGNATURE PAGE: QP	5
1.0 Executive Summary	6
1.2 Property Description and Ownership	7
2.0 INTRODUCTION	11
2.1 Sources of Information	13
2.2 Site Visit	13
2.3 Units of Reference	13
3.0 RELIANCE ON OTHER EXPERTS	14
4.0 PROPERTY DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION	15
4.2 Property Agreement, Surface Rights and Permits	15
5.0 ACCESSIBILITY, CLIMATE, LOCAL RESOURCES, INFRASTRUCTURE, PHYSIOGRAPHY	20
5.1 Accessibility	20
5.2 Climate	20
5.3 Local Resources and Infrastructure	20
5.4 Physiography	20
6.0 EXPLORATION HISTORY	23
6.1 Historic exploration and development Assessment Reports summaries:	23
Recent exploration and development by Rockport Mining Corp.:	25
7.0 GEOLOGICAL SETTING and mineralization	30
7.1 Regional Geology	30
7.2 Local Geology	30
7.3 Structural Geology	35
7.4 Mineralization	36
8.0 deposit types	37
9.0 exploration	38
10.0 drilling	60
11.0 Sampling preparation, analyses and security	62
12.0 DATA VERIFICATION	64
12.1 Site Visit	64
12.2 Quality Assurance and Quality Control	65
13.0 MINERAL PROCESSING AND METALLURGICAL TESTING	67
14.0 MINERAL RESOURCE ESTIMATES	72
15.0 ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES, PERMITTING AND SOCIAL OR COMMUNITY IMPACT	74
16.0 ADJACENT PROPERTIES	78
17.0 OTHER RELEVANT DATA AND INFORMATION	79
18.0 INTERPRETATION AND CONCLUSIONS	80
19.0 RECOMMENDATIONS	81
20.0 REFERENCES	83
Certificate of qualification	86

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1: Location map of Bald Hill Property (Claim Block 5061)	12
Figure 2: Regional location map of the Bald Hill Antimony Project	16
Figure 3: Southwestern New Brunswick showing the location of the Project	17
Figure 4: Location map of Bald Hill Property	18
Figure 5: Location map of Bald Hill Project showing access routes	21
Figure 6: Physiographic location map of Bald Hill Property	22
Figure 7: Regional geology map of northern Appalachian Orogen	31

Figure 8: Principal geological divisions of New Brunswick	32
Figure 9: Lithotectonic Subdivisions of the south-western New Brunswick.	33
Figure 10: Simplified geology map of the Bald Hill Property area.....	34
Figure 11: Location map of 2011 trenching and diamond-drilling program	39
Figure 12: Location of 2012 airborne survey blocks on Bald Hill Property.....	43
Figure 13: Calculated vertical magnetic gradient map of Block 1	44
Figure 14: Apparent resistivity (7200 Hz coplanar) Block 1.....	45
Figure 15: Merged 2008 and 2012 vertical magnetic gradient image.....	46
Figure 16: Merged 2008 and 2012, 7200 Hz resistivity image.....	47
Figure 17: Claim map showing outline of Bald Hill and Devil's Pike properties.	48
Figure 18: Sb-in-soil anomalies; main and south-extension grids	50
Figure 19: Au-in-soil anomalies; main and south-extension grids	50
Figure 20: As-in-soil anomalies; main and south-extension grids	51
Figure 21: Image of processed VLF-EM survey results, with interpreted anomalies	52
Figure 22: Sb-in-soil anomalies, Bond Road grid.....	54
Figure 23: As-in-soil anomalies, Bond Road grid	54
Figure 24: Au-in-soil anomalies, Bond Road grid.....	55
Figure 25: Image of processed VLF-EM survey results with interpreted anomalies	56
Figure 26: Sb-in-soils base map of main and south extension grid areas	59
Figure 27: Location map of 2011 trenching and diamond-drilling program	61
Figure 28: Mass balance flow sheets for East and West bulk samples.....	69
Figure 29: Surface water and stream sediment sample site locations.....	75

LIST OF TABLES

Table 1: Summary of 2008 (Phase I) Diamond-Drilling Programme: Bald Hill Project	25
Table 2: Summary of Best Results: Phase I Diamond-Drilling, Bald Hill Project.....	26
Table 3: Summary of 2008 (Phase II) Diamond-Drilling Programme: Bald Hill Project	28
Table 4: Significant Intersections from Phase III Drilling, Bald Hill Project	29
Table 5: Summary of 2010 Trench Sampling Results: Bald Hill Project.....	40
Table 6: Summary of 2013 Bald Hill Soil Geochemistry Statistics	49
Table 7: Summary of Assay Results From 2014 Trenching Programme.....	58
Table 8: Summary of 2014, Boulder-In-Till Assay Results	58
Table 9: Summary of 2011, Phase III Diamond-Drilling Programme: Bald Hill Project	60
Table 10: Approximate Chemical Composition of CRM CD-1	66
Table 11: Mass Balance Results from East (11-a) and West (11-b) Bulk Samples	70
Table 12: Potential Quantity and Grade Ranges* – Bald Hill Project	73
Table 13: Significant Anomalous Results of Surface Water Analyses; Bald Hill Project	76
Table 14: Proposed Budget For Phase 1 and Phase 2 Recommended Exploration Work	82

LIST OF APPENDICES

Appendix I – Summary of Claims Comprising the Bald Hill Property

DATE AND SIGNATURE PAGE: QP

This report is effective as at the 1st day of August, 2014.
The date of issue of the report is the 28th day of October, 2014.



Peter Banks P.Geol.

MRB & Associates

Signed and Dated this 28th day of October, 2014



DATE AND SIGNATURE PAGE: QP

This report is effective as at the 1st day of August, 2014.
The date of issue of the report is the 28th day of October, 2014.



John Langton P.Geol.
MRB & Associates
Signed and Dated this 28th day of October, 2014



1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

1.1 Overview

In August 2014, Rockport Mining Corp ("Rockport") retained MRB & Associates ("MRB") to revise and update a Technical Report entitled: "National Instrument 43-101 Technical Report Bald Hill Antimony Project Southern New Brunswick, Canada", published on May 14th, 2010 by Heather MacDonald of Conestoga-Rovers & Associates (CRA), Fredericton, New Brunswick (Canada), for Rockport.

The purpose of this report is to provide an updated, independent Technical Report (the "Report") on the Bald Hill Project (the "Project") located in New Brunswick, Canada, and to provide recommendations for further exploration in support of Tri-Star Resources Plc.'s listing on the Toronto Stock Exchange's Venture Exchange (TSX-V). Tri-Star Resources Plc. is a United Kingdom-based, publicly-held company trading on the London Stock Exchange (AIM) under the symbol "TSTR".

This Report was prepared in accordance with the National Instrument 43-101 ("NI 43-101") standards and will be filed on the System for Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval (SEDAR), as required under applicable securities regulations.

The information in this report derives mainly from CRA's 2010 Technical Report and subsequent exploration work carried out on the Project by Rockport. Additional information was garnered from publicly available Assessment Reports, on-line resources of New Brunswick's Department of Energy and Mines, Minerals and Petroleum Division (www.gnb.ca/0078/minerals), publications of the Geological Survey of Canada, scientific papers from various earth science Journals, as well as geological work performed or commissioned by the New Brunswick government and Rockport Mining Corp.

All of the information held by Rockport, pertinent to the Bald Hill Project, was made available for use in this Report, including confidential results and details pertaining to the 2010 to 2014 exploration programmes were provided by Rockport.

A list of the principal material reviewed and used in the preparation of this document is included in the References section of this document.

The material changes that have occurred on the Bald Hill Project since the 2010 NI 43-101 Technical Report comprise soil- and litho-geochemical sampling programmes, trenching and diamond-drilling excavations, ground and airborne geophysical surveys, stream-sediment and -water analyses, and metallurgical test-work including mineralogical- and processing-characteristics studies.

This updated version of the 2010, NI 43-101 Technical Resource Report, dated May 14, 2010, has been prepared by Mr. Peter Banks (B.Sc., P.Geo.) and Mr. John Langton (M.Sc., P.Geo.), (the "Authors"), both of whom are Qualified Persons (QP) under the terms of NI 43-101, are independent of Rockport, and are jointly responsible for all Sections of this report.

Mr. Banks, conducted a site visit of the Bald Hill Project on August 26th and August 27th, 2014, accompanied by Roger Dahn, Vice President of Exploration for Rockport and Tri-Star Antimony Canada Inc., both wholly owned subsidiaries of Tri-Star Resources Plc. The on-site property visit, explored the general landscape and surface features of the Project. In addition, a number of drill-sites (inactive) and outcrops were visited. Mr. Banks also reviewed Rockport's drill core, stored at the Department of Energy and Mines' facility in Sussex, New Brunswick.

Since Mr. Bank's site visit, there has not been any ground exploration, nor significant new data generated, on the Project.

1.2 Property Description and Ownership

On October 7, 2013, Tri-Star Resources Plc. ("TSR"), a United Kingdom-based, publicly-held company trading on the London Stock Exchange (AIM) under the symbol "TSTR", announced that it had completed the acquisition (the "Acquisition") of Portage Minerals Inc. ("Portage").

A new, wholly owned Canadian subsidiary of TSR, called Tri-Star Antimony Canada Inc. ("TSAC"), was formed by way of an amalgamation of Portage's holdings with Tri-Star Resources Plc.'s existing Canadian subsidiary holdings.

Rockport Mining Corp. ("Rockport"), a corporation previously wholly-owned by Portage, is now a wholly owned subsidiary of TSAC.

Rockport is the sole owner of the Bald Hill Property, which comprises a contiguous block of 767 map-staked claims, covering 17,274.28 ha (172.74 km²) within the Annidale Belt, south-central New Brunswick (NB), approximately 40 kilometres (km) northwest of Sussex, near the community of Wickham. The Bald Hill Property covers parts of National Topographic System (NTS) Map Sheets 21G/09, 21H/12 and 21H/13 in Kings and Queens counties and is easily accessible by primary (i.e., paved) and secondary roads.

The original Bald Hill property, comprising 178 claims, was amalgamated with three contiguous claim blocks into the current Bald Hill Property. These different areas of work, from west to east, are referred to by Rockport as the Bald Hill Project or (project area), the Shannon project area, the Taylor Brook project area and the East Annidale project area. The Bald Hill project area is located near the village of Wickham within the eastern part of NTS map sheet 21G/09. The Shannon and Taylor Brook work areas are located on the northeastern part of NTS 21H/12 around the villages of Shannon and Stewarton. The East Annidale property is on the southern part of 21H/13 near the village of Annidale.

A prospector agreement with Mr. William Carter, dated June 10, 2008 and revised May 18, 2009, entails the issuing of 1,100,000 shares of TSR within 30 days of commencement of mine construction, if the Project advances to a production decision based on a feasibility study. There is also an underlying 2% net smelter royalty (NSR), with respect to the Group 4633 block of claims. TSR may at any time elect to purchase up to 1.0% of the NSR, for the sum of \$500,000 for each 0.5% of the NSR.

This document reports on the recent activity at the Bald Hill Project only, which is being actively explored for economic concentrations of antimony (Sb) mineralization. There is presently no commercial production on the Bald Hill Property.

1.3 Geology

The principal rocks of interest that underlie the Property belong to the Annidale Group, comprising interbedded mainly felsic volcanic rocks and clastic sedimentary and volcanogenic sedimentary assemblages that are bounded to the south by the Taylors Brook Fault.

The Bald Hill Work Area is underlain mainly by Carpenter Brook Formation and associated Bald Hill rhyolite dome complex units. The Carpenter Brook Formation is a largely sedimentary sequence intercalated with felsic volcanic rocks that are part of the Bald Hill Suite of rhyolite domes.

The Bald Hill Suite comprises peralkaline rhyolite dome complexes including felsic ash tuff, felsic pyroclastic breccia and rhyolite flows, that are spatially and temporally associated with the Carpenter Brook Formation and parallel the regional northeast-trending fabric.

The felsic volcanic and sedimentary units are intruded by a pinkish microgranite, fragments of which occur within the felsic pyroclastic breccia, indicating a close temporal relationship between the intrusive and extrusive phases. Other felsic intrusions are noted in the Project area and are generally small, commonly granitic in composition and are aphanitic to medium grained.

The Bald Hill suite is commonly enriched in pyrite, arsenopyrite, locally massive stibnite and gold.

Field relationships and new radiometric data suggest that the Carpenter Brook Formation and associated rhyolite domes of the Bald Hill suite are the oldest units in the Annidale Group (Johnson et al., 2009).

1.4 Mineralization

Stibnite has been identified at the Bald Hill Project in float, as massive stibnite boulders, in outcrop, sub-crop and in diamond-drill core. Mr. Banks of MRB noted stibnite mineralization in trench exposures, outcrop and core during his site visit.

Diamond-drilling by Rockport at the Bald Hill Project has intersected a typical rhyolite dome sequence, with various intervals of sedimentary rocks interbedded with volcanic rocks and microgranite. In drill core, the antimony mineralization is observed in a breccia unit with stringers of pyrite and fragments of tuff and quartz, within a boundary zone of volcanic-derived sediments and rhyolite, suggesting a vein-system model. True widths of the mineralized zones, interpreted from drill-core intersections, vary from less than a metre to over three metres. Individual intersections range as high as 17.4 % Sb over 0.21 m (true thickness) in hole BH-08-13 and 11.70 % Sb over 3.19 m (true thickness) in hole BH-08-03.

Stibnite (Sb_2S_3), pyrite and arsenopyrite are the most common sulphides present, and minor galena has also been observed. Sporadic gold (Au) content has also been noted in assay results, generally in inverse proportion to stibnite grades.

The regional geo-stratigraphy strikes generally northeast; however, the main antimony mineralized zones trend northwest, and dip sub-vertically to the southwest. This northwest trend parallels lineaments, which are discernible from metal-in-soil anomalies and geophysical surveys, possibly representing fault zones. This strongly suggests that the mineralization has a structural-control component.

1.5 Exploration

Exploration for base- and precious-metal occurrences has been carried out in the vicinity of the Project intermittently since the late 1800's. This previous work has identified antimony (Sb) ± gold (Au) mineralization, and associated low-grade silver (Ag) and disseminated copper (Cu) mineralization in outcrop and drill-core. Historical exploration activities have included prospecting, soil sampling, trenching, diamond-drilling and ground geophysical (magnetometer) surveys. The principle type of mineralization at the Project is stibnite (Sb_2S_3), which has been identified by various workers, including MRB, in outcrop, float and drill-core.

The most recent exploration efforts were carried out by Rockport from 2007 to 2014 and comprised prospecting, geological mapping, soil geochemistry, ground and airborne geophysical surveys, soil-and litho-geochemical surveys, trenching and diamond-drilling programmes.

During the course of its exploration work, Rockport identified two distinct mineralized zones of antimony (\pm gold) on the Project. Diamond-drilling results on the Project have delineated one of the two mineralized trends over a strike length of 700 metres and to a depth of approximately 300 metres; however, neither zone has been fully delineated.

Anomalous antimony (Sb) and gold (Au) concentrations from soil geochemical assays over a widespread area on the Project indicate the potential for a large mineralized system.

1.6 Resource Estimation

There are currently no defined NI 43-101 mineral resources or reserves on the Property.

The 2010 Technical Report by CRA included an estimate of potential quantity and grade of the antimony mineralization at the Bald Hill Property. ***The reader is cautioned that this potential quantity and grade estimate is strictly conceptual in nature as there has been insufficient exploration to define any mineral resources on the Property. Furthermore, it is uncertain whether further exploration will result in the target being delineated as a mineral resource.***

CRA's calculated quantity-range and grade-range estimates are shown.

POTENTIAL QUANTITY AND GRADE RANGES* – BALD HILL PROJECT

Zone	Metric Tonnes	Grade (%Sb)
Main Zone	700,000 to 900,000	4.33% to 5.40%
Parallel Zone	25,000 to 100,000	2.13% to 3.19%
Total	725,000 to 1,000,000	4.11% to 5.32%
Note: * The potential quantity and grade is conceptual in nature as there has been insufficient exploration to define a mineral resource and that it is uncertain if further exploration will result in the target being delineated as a mineral resource		

1.7 Conclusions

Exploration work on the Bald Hill Project shows that the antimony mineralization comprises a vein system hosted by sediments, tuffs and rhyolites of the Carpenter Brook Formation and Bald Hill Suites, north of the Taylors Brook Fault. The fault-fill type veining trends generally northwest, orthogonal to the regional northeast structural trend, and are likely associated with a fault system.

Rockport's trenching and diamond-drilling campaigns on the Bald Hill main grid have confirmed the main zone of antimony mineralization over approximately 700 m in strike and to 300 m depth. Surface mineralization and soil geochemical anomalies imply that the mineralization extends for at least 1.5 km, along strike of the drilled mineralized zones. The 2014 trenching programme, which was focused on the so-called Southern Extension grid, approximately 1.0 km to the southeast of the main showing, revealed a new area of antimony mineralization grading 9.04% Sb over 2.60 metres, including 12.32% Sb over 1.7 metres.

On the Bond Road grid, located approximately 4.0 km east of the main Bald Hill occurrence, soil assay results outline a well-defined, 600 m long Sb anomaly trending northwest, similar to the orientation of the fault-fill type mineralization at Bald Hill. Prospecting by Rockport on the Bond Road grid area discovered numerous boulders that assayed greater than 15% Sb.

1.8 Recommendations

The Authors believe that the Bald Hill Project is one of merit, warranting further exploration and investigation. Efforts should focus on expanding the extent of the known mineralized zones by following up on known surface showings, antimony-in-soil, induced polarization anomalies, and VLF-EM anomalies that have associated anomalous soil-assays.

The priority targets are the main Bald Hill deposit and the new discovery at the Southeast Extension grid area. The Bond Road grid area is an early-stage target that requires further exploration by diamond-drilling and trenching to source the high-grade Sb boulders and strong Sb-in-soil anomaly.

The recommended exploration programmes should aim to establish an NI 43-101 antimony Mineral Resource, in the Inferred Mineral Resource category, through additional surface excavation and diamond drilling, including drilling of the known zones at closer drill spacing. The proposed budget for the recommended work is \$200,000 for Phase 1 exploration work and \$1,500,000 for each of the Phase 2(a) and Phase 2(b) exploration programmes.

The proposed Phase 1 exploration comprises: an initial shallow-drilling campaign on the new discovery that was uncovered during the 2014 trenching programme, and; pre-drill preparation work at the main Bald Hill deposit that will assist in prioritizing drill related funds raised for the Phase 2 program.

A 40-hole, 5,850 metre diamond-drilling programme is proposed for Phase 2(a). Dependant on the success of Phase 2(a) drilling, the defined mineralization grade and/or thickness controls will be applied to a similarly budgeted Phase 2(b) drilling campaign. The objective of the Phase 2 drilling programmes should aim to increase the resources through additional drilling along strike and at depth.

Once the above recommended exploration programme has been completed, an NI 43-101, Preliminary Economic Assessment (PEA) should be undertaken to detail the Project's economic merits.

The authors of this Report, Mr. Peter Banks and Mr. John Langton (the "Authors") are both Qualified Persons according to National Instrument 43-101, and are of the opinion that the recommended exploration programme is appropriate, consistent with those of other junior mineral exploration companies currently operating in the area, and necessary in order to help determine the full mineral potential of the Project.

2.0 INTRODUCTION

In August 2014, Mr. Roger Dahn, Vice President of Exploration for Rockport Mining Corp ("Rockport") and Tri-Star Antimony Canada Inc. ("TSAC") retained MRB & Associates ("MRB"), to complete an updated National Instrument 43-101 ("NI 43-101") Technical Report to support Tri-Star Resources Plc.'s ("TSR") listing on the Toronto Stock Exchange's Venture Exchange (TSX-V). TSAC is the Canadian subsidiary of TSR, a United Kingdom-based, publicly-held company trading on the London Stock Exchange (AIM) under the symbol "TSTR". Rockport, a corporation previously wholly-owned by Portage, is now a wholly owned subsidiary of TSAC.

The purpose of the Report is to provide an independent technical report (the "Report") on the group of claims that comprise the Bald Hill Project (the "Project") located in New Brunswick, Canada, and to provide recommendations for further exploration. The Report is prepared in accordance with National Instrument 43-101 (NI 43-101), to support the listing of TSR on the TSX-V and will be filed on the System for Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval (SEDAR), as required under applicable securities regulations.

On October 7, 2013, TSR announced that it had completed the acquisition (the "Acquisition") of Portage Minerals Inc. ("Portage"), by way of an amalgamation of Portage and TSR's existing Canadian subsidiary to form a new wholly owned Canadian subsidiary, called Tri-Star Antimony Canada Inc.

In connection with the Acquisition, TSR issued 1,085,999,844 new ordinary shares of £0.005 each ("Tri-Star Shares") in exchange for the issued and outstanding common shares of Portage ("Portage Shares") and an aggregate of 34,000,000 Tri-Star Shares to creditors of Portage, collectively representing approximately 16.37 per cent of the issued share capital of Tri-Star Resources.

Rockport is the sole owner of the Bald Hill Property, which comprises a contiguous block of 767 map-staked claims, covering 17,274.28 ha (172.74 km²) within the Annidale Belt, south-central New Brunswick (NB), approximately 40 kilometres (km) northwest of Sussex, near the community of Wickham. The Bald Hill Property covers parts of National Topographic System (NTS) Map Sheets 21G/09, 21H/12 and 21H/13 in Kings and Queens counties.

The original Bald Hill property, comprising 178 claims, was amalgamated with three contiguous claim blocks into the current Bald Hill Property. These different areas of work are referred to by TSAC as: the Bald Hill work area (the "Project" or project area); the Taylor Brook work area, and; the East Annidale work area (**Figure 1**). The Bald Hill project area is located near the village of Wickham within the eastern part of NTS map sheet 21G/09. The Taylor Brook work area is in the northeastern part of NTS 21H/12 around the villages of Shannon and Stewarton. The East Annidale property is on the southern part of 21H/13 near the village of Annidale.

This document reports on the recent activity at the Bald Hill Project only, which is being actively explored for economic concentrations of antimony mineralization (Sb). Base-metal exploration work, carried out in the Project area intermittently since the late 1800's, has identified antimony (Sb) ± gold (Au) mineralization, with associated low-grade silver (Ag) and disseminated copper (Cu) mineralization in outcrop and in drill core. Historical exploration activities have included prospecting, soil sampling, trenching, diamond-drilling and ground geophysical surveys. There is presently no commercial production on the Bald Hill Property.

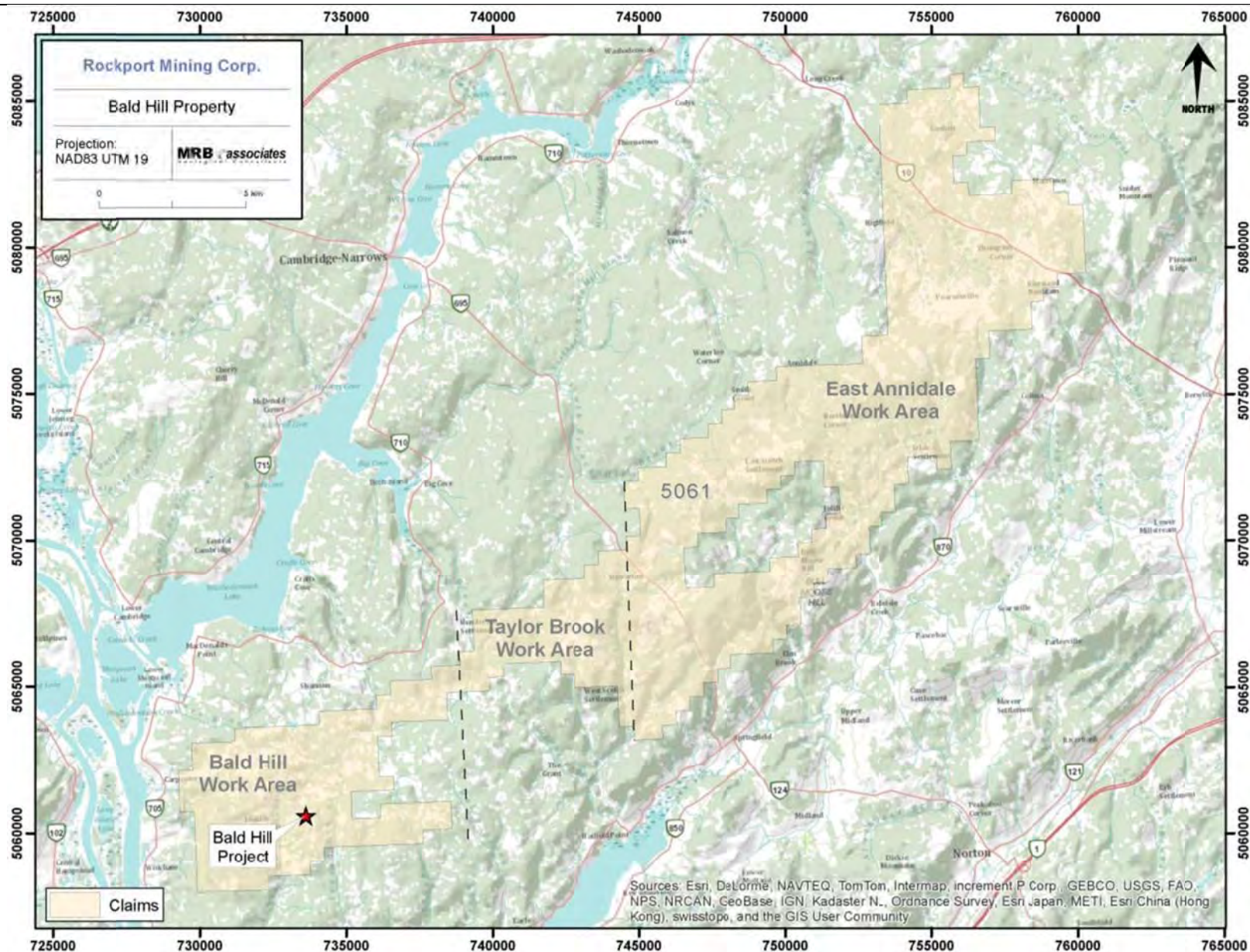


Figure 1: Location map of Bald Hill Property (Claim Block 5061)

2.1 Sources of Information

This report is an update to a 2010 43-101 Technical Report entitled: ***“National Instrument 43-101 Technical Report, Bald Hill Antimony Project, Southern New Brunswick, Canada”***; published on May 14th, 2010 by Heather MacDonald of Conestoga-Rovers & Associates (CRA), Fredericton, New Brunswick (Canada), for Rockport Mining Corporation (“Rockport”).

The information in this report derives mainly from CRA’s 2010 Technical Report and subsequent exploration work carried out on the Project by Rockport. Additional information was garnered from publicly available Assessment Reports, on-line resources of New Brunswick’s Department of Energy and Mines, Minerals and Petroleum Division (www.gnb.ca/0078/minerals), publications of the Geological Survey of Canada, scientific papers from various earth science Journals, as well as geological work performed or commissioned by the New Brunswick government and Rockport Mining Corp.

All of the information held by Rockport, pertinent to the Bald Hill Project, was made available for use in this Report, including confidential results and details pertaining to the 2010 to 2014 exploration programmes were provided by Rockport.

A list of the principal material reviewed and used in the preparation of this document is included in the References section of this document.

2.2 Site Visit

Mr. Banks of MRB, conducted a site visit of the Bald Hill Project on August 26th and August 27th, 2014, accompanied by Roger Dahn, Rockport and TSAC’s Vice President of Exploration. The site visit, explored the general landscape and surface features of the Project recorded on geological maps and figures published by Rockport and TSR. In addition, a number of drill-sites (inactive) and outcrops were visited. The visit to the site located and examined documented mineral occurrences, and checked for and confirmed evidence of lithological sampling.

During his visit, Mr. Banks also reviewed Rockport’s drill core, stored at the Department of Energy and Mines’ core storage facility in Sussex, New Brunswick, and noted that the drill-core is in good order, stored in a secure facility, and can be properly identified by metal tags secured to the core boxes. Observation suggest that the core cutting/splitting was well done, sample tags were noted as being in place, and the tags and sampled sections corresponded to those indicated in the core logs.

Since Mr. Bank’s site visit, there has not been any ground exploration, nor significant new data generated, on the Project.

In conclusion, Mr. Banks confirms that the exploration activity previously reported by Rockport to be accurate and reliable.

2.3 Units of Reference

Unless otherwise stated, all currency amounts (\$) are reported in Canadian Dollars (CAD) unless otherwise indicated. Grid coordinates and maps are based on the UTM NAD 83 (CSRS) / New Brunswick Stereographic Convert coordinate system. Units of measurement include kilometres (km) and metres (m) for distance, hectares (ha) or square kilometres (km²) for area.

3.0 RELIANCE ON OTHER EXPERTS

Mr. Roger Dahn (P.Geo.), Rockport and TSAC's V.P. Exploration and Qualified Person for the Bald Hill Project, provided information regarding the claim agreements, conceptual potential quantity and grade information of the antimony deposit and professional discussion and opinions regarding effective future exploration methods.

Mr. Dahn, accompanied Mr. Peter Banks of MRB & Associates on a site visit in late August of 2014 and provided MRB with drill-core logs, cross-sections, figures and analytical data pertaining to the Project.

Ms. Susan Johnson (P.Geo.), Regional Geologist with the New Brunswick Department of Energy and Mines (NBDEM) in Sussex, provided regional geological information.

It is the Authors' opinion that the historical work in the Project area has been completed by qualified professional geological personnel under the definition of NI 43-101. The results of known past activities have been summarized in this report.

MRB & Associates has not verified the legal titles to the Property or any underlying agreement(s) that may exist concerning the licenses or other agreement(s) between third parties; however, MRB understands that Tri-Star Resources Plc. is responsible to have conducted the proper legal due diligence.

The statements and opinions expressed in this document are given in good faith implementing generally accepted scientific judgement, principles and practices, based on information provided at the time of writing, and with the belief that such statements and opinions are not false and misleading at the date of this Report. Because of the inherent uncertainty in this process, no guarantee of conclusion is intended or can be given. MRB accepts no responsibility for damages, if any, suffered by any other party as a result of decisions made or actions based on this report.

This Report was prepared in full accordance with NI 43-101 standards; however, as the scope of the services performed may not be appropriate to satisfy the needs of other parties, it is understood that any use that another party makes of this report, or any reliance or decisions made based upon it, except for the purposes legislated under provincial securities laws, are the sole responsibility of the other party.

4.0 PROPERTY DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION

The Bald Hill Property is covers parts of Kings and Queens counties in south-central New Brunswick, approximately 40 km northwest of the Town of Sussex, approximately 60 km southeast of the provincial capital City of Fredericton and about 90 km northeast (by road) of the port City of Saint John (**Figure 2** and **Figure 3**).

The centre of the Project work area is approximately at Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) coordinates 731600, 5060100 in Zone 19 of the 1983 North American Datum projected coordinate system (NAD83-Z19)"; or, 45°-39'-20" North / 66°-01'-40" West (Latitude /Longitude).

The Property comprises 767 contiguous map-staked claims, covering 17,274.28 ha (172.74 km²) designated as Group 5061 on NTS Map Sheets 21G/09, 21H/12 and 21H/13 (**Figure 4** and **Appendix I**). The denoted boundary of the Property was obtained from information provided by the New Brunswick Department of Energy and Mines (NBDEM).

A map-staked mineral claim in New Brunswick measures 481 m x 464 m and is valid for one year from the date of recording and can be renewed for any number of terms of one year each, providing the required assessment work is done and reports submitted and renewal fees paid prior to each anniversary of the recording date. Annual rental fees for the Bald Hill Property are currently \$10.00/claim. The Property is currently owned by Rockport Mining Corp., a wholly owned subsidiary of Tri-Star Antimony Canada Inc. (TSAC).

A summary of the claims comprising the Property, along with a detailed claim map, is included in **Appendix I**. The Bald Hill claims are all in good standing. Group 5061 claims are currently in their seventh year and are renewable on April 10, 2015. The rental fees required for the renewal of the entire holdings upon the next anniversary date total \$7,670; assessment work required for renewal totals \$197,301.

4.2 Property Agreement, Surface Rights and Permits

MRB & Associates has not been made aware of any underlying agreement(s) that may exist concerning licenses or agreement(s) between third parties. The Property is located on crown and private land to which Rockport does not hold the surface rights.

No environmental permits are currently assigned to the Property for exploitation purposes; environmental permit(s) are required by law to fulfil environmental requirements with the goal of returning the land to a use whose value is at least equal to its previous value and to ensure the long term ecological and environmental stability of the land and its watershed.

Details on mineral exploration, such as: reporting requirements; land access and use; fees and charges; permitting, and; environmental requirements are summarized on the Government of New Brunswick's Department of Energy and Mines website at https://www.gnb.ca/0078/minerals/Minerals_Menu-e.aspx.



Figure 2: Regional location map of the Bald Hill Antimony Project

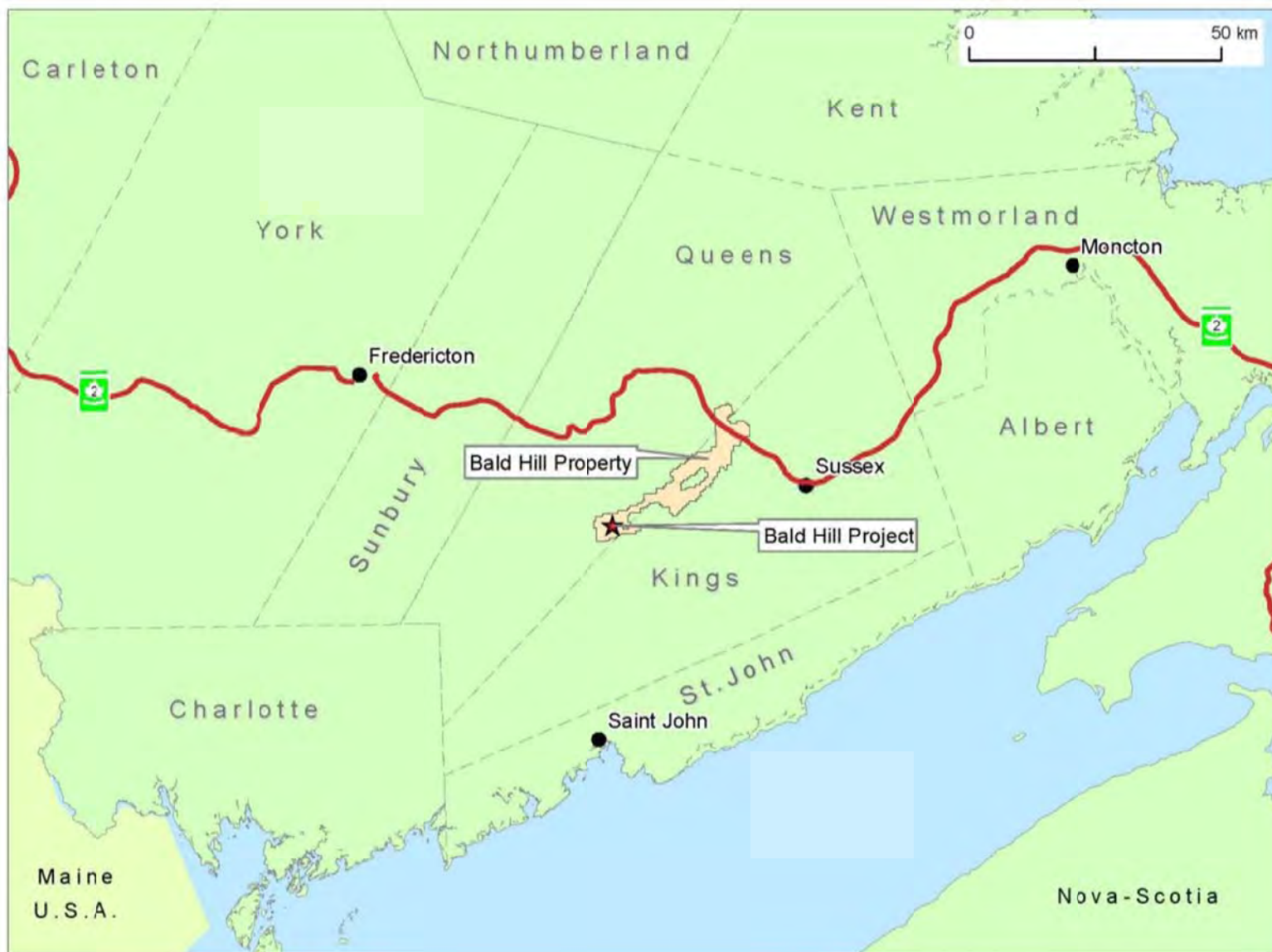


Figure 3: Southwestern New Brunswick showing the location of the Bald Hill Antimony Project

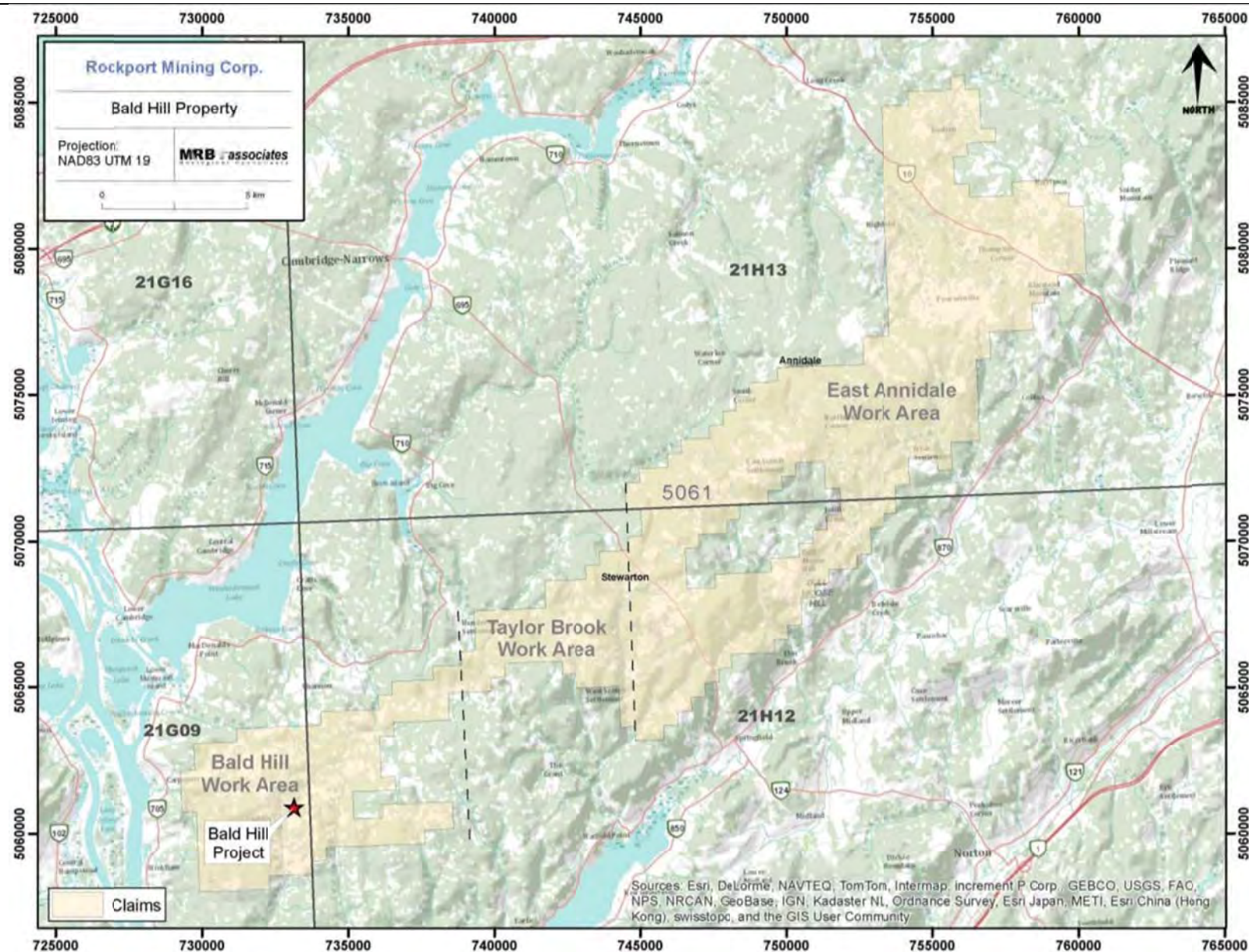


Figure 4: Location map of Bald Hill Property.

Rockport has an agreement with Mr. William Carter, a local prospector, dated June 10, 2008 and revised May 18, 2009, which, should the Project advance to a production decision based on a feasibility study, involves the issuing of 1,100,000* shares of TSR within 30 days of the commencement of any mine construction. There is also an underlying 2% net smelter royalty (NSR), with respect to the Group 4633 block of claims. Tri-Star may at any time elect to purchase up to 1.0% of the NSR, for the sum of \$500,000 for each 0.5% of the NSR.

** The original deal was for 150,000 shares of Portage, which were factored at x7.15 - the conversion rate of Portage shares to TSR shares at the time of the amalgamation.*

|

5.0 ACCESSIBILITY, CLIMATE, LOCAL RESOURCES, INFRASTRUCTURE, PHYSIOGRAPHY

5.1 Accessibility

The Property is easily accessible by paved and secondary roads and all parts of the Property are within walking distance of these ingress routes. The active Project area is readily accessible by following Highways 124 or and 705 (**Figure 5**), which intersect numerous secondary highways and a large network of gravel roads that provide excellent access.

5.2 Climate

The Bald Hill Work Area is in southern New Brunswick, an area considered "humid continental", typified by large seasonal temperature differences, with warm to hot and often humid summers, and cold, sometimes severely cold winters (the "humid" designation merely denotes that the climate is not dry enough to be classified as semi-arid or arid; humidity levels are not necessarily high). Seasonal temperatures average 17 °C in the summer and -7°C in the winter. Historically, January is the coldest month whereas July is the warmest. Approximately 300-500 mm of rainfall a year, is representative for the area (Environment Canada, 2010). The freezing period usually starts in December and usually lasts until the end of March (Environment Canada: 1971-2000 climate). Snow cover in the area, typically 3 m to 4 m per year, can be expected from December to April, but various exploration programmes (e.g., diamond-drilling, ground geophysical surveys) can be carried out year-round.

5.3 Local Resources and Infrastructure

The City of Moncton is the nearest administrative centre, where heavy machinery, fuel, other equipment and provisions can be obtained.

The Town of Sussex has an NBDEM government office and local sources for mining supplies and expertise. Mining expertise is also available locally in the communities of Moncton, Miramichi, Bathurst, Saint John. International airports are located in Fredericton and Moncton, and there are regional-service airports Saint John and Bathurst (see Figure 1)..

A provincial power (NB Power) transmission line and right-of-way is located approximately 3 km south of, and parallel to, the Bald Hill Property.

5.4 Physiography

The Property lies on a gently rolling farmland and woodland covering the local height-of-land which gives way to Washademoak Lake to the north, Belleisle Bay to the south and the Saint John River to the west, which are all considered part of the Saint John River system (**Figure 6**).

The Property has low relief with an average elevation in the vicinity of the Property between 50 and 200 metres above sea level.

Typical boreal forest, chiefly balsam and spruce, covers most of the Property; however, some of the forested area has been clear-cut by forestry operations. Farming areas are developed around local villages and along secondary roads. Glacial overburden on the Property is typically between 0.3 m to 2.0 m. Outcrops comprises less than 1% of the land surface.

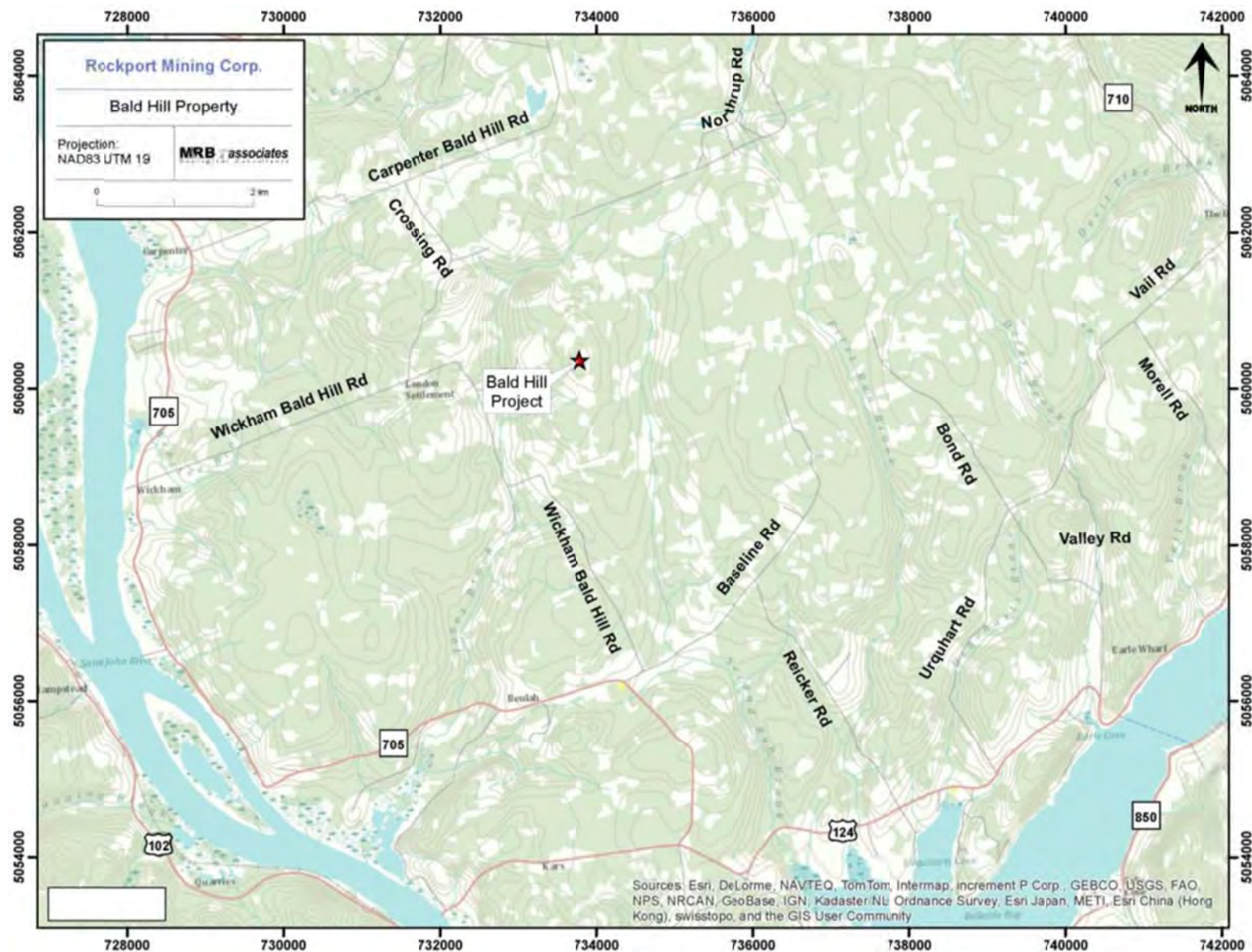


Figure 5: Location map of Bald Hill Project showing access routes.

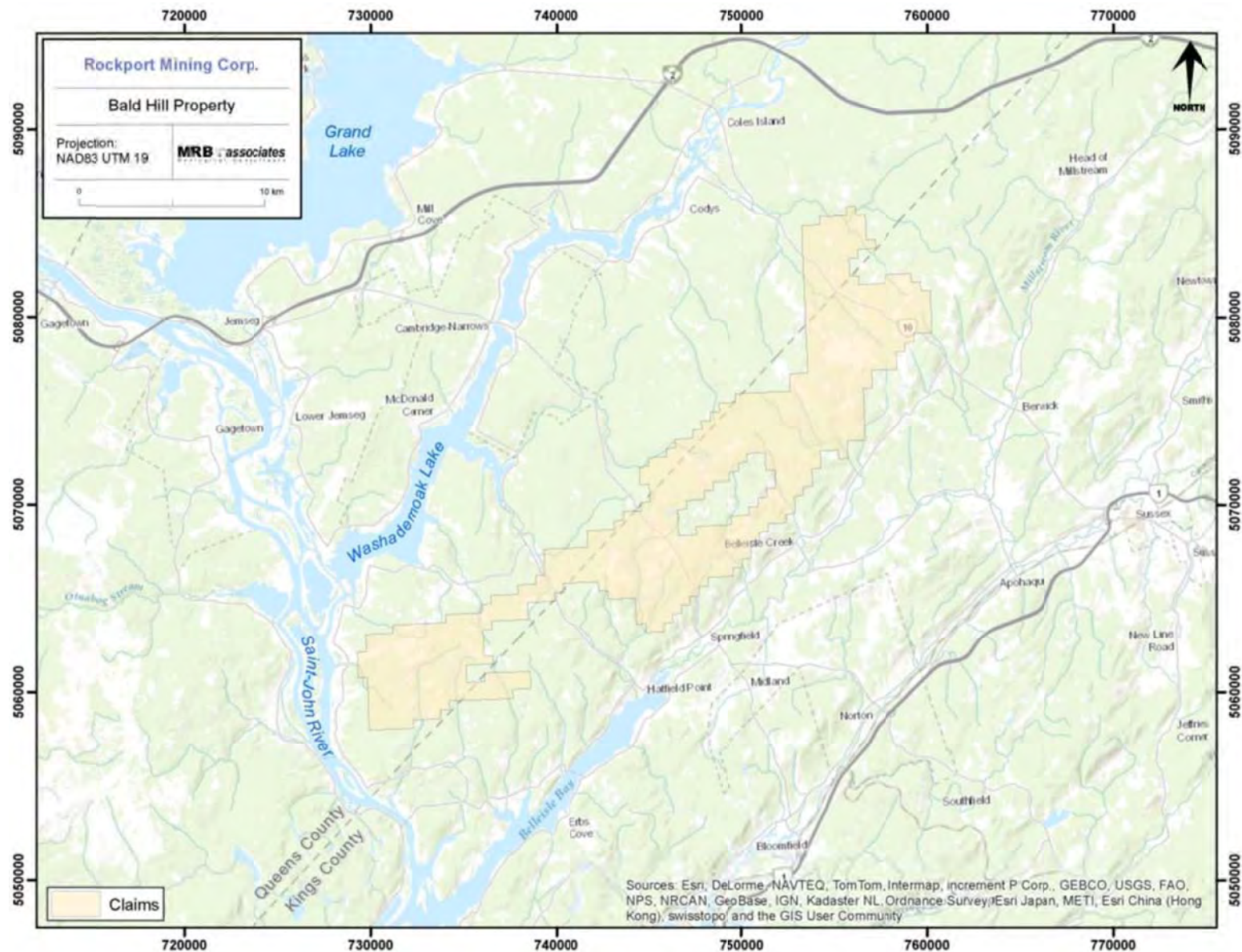


Figure 6: Physiographic location map of Bald Hill Property

6.0 EXPLORATION HISTORY

The Bald Hill area has been explored for base metal potential since the late 1800's. The following summaries highlight the exploration history of the Project area, compiled from Assessment Reports submitted to the New Brunswick Department of Energy & Mines (NBDEM), and available through the NBDEM website at <http://dnre-mrne.gnb.ca/ParisWeb/AssessmentReportSearch.aspx>. The Assessment Report numbers referred to herein (i.e., **47XXXX**) have been assigned by the Minerals and Petroleum Division of the NBDEM.

6.1 Historic exploration and development Assessment Reports summaries:

470165

In 1957, Fundy Bay Copper Mines Ltd. completed a ground electromagnetic survey to confirm a previously outlined aerial geophysical anomaly. The ground survey identified two strong conductors trending southeast to northwest approximately 500 feet apart; the conductors were thought to be due to graphitic material.

470169

In 1957, Newconex described gossanous material on their claims and mineralized material on an adjacent property held by Enterprise Exploration Ltd. A self-potential/spontaneous polarization and geochemical survey was conducted on the Newconex property in 1956 that identified one anomaly with the potential for sulphides of economic importance. Enterprise Exploration Ltd. completed trenching and one drill hole.

470164

In 1962, James English analysed three rock samples on the former Enterprise Exploration Ltd. property. Analytical results returned: 0.4 oz/t Au, 0.46 oz/t Ag and 4.07% Cu.

470172, 470173, and 470174

In the late 1960s, Texas Gulf Sulphur completed geological mapping, soil geochemistry, geophysical surveys, trenching and drilling three holes for massive sulphide potential. One drill hole encountered sulphide stockwork within a rhyolite that contained: 0.33% Cu, 2.5% lead (Pb), 2.52% zinc (Zn), and 0.58% Ag. The average over 2.4 metres was 0.19% Cu, 0.21% Pb and 0.40% Zn. Texas Gulf did not assay for gold.

Boulders of massive stibnite (antimony sulphide) were reported to the west of drilling sites, within a rock pile in a farmer's field. One boulder assay was 19% Sb; however, the source of the boulders was not investigated further.

470163

In 1970, Edward S. Dunphy explored north of the Texas Gulf Sulphur properties, completing fairly extensive trenching and blasting.

Mr. Dunphy uncovered 5-inch (13 cm) wide quartz veins trending north to north-easterly that assayed 3.22% Cu, 0.69 oz/t Ag and 0.05 oz/t Au.

470342

In 1976, Mr. McNamara completed one drill hole to 205 feet depth noting bleached and kaolinized rhyolite tuff and altered shale and siltstone; and a scintillometer survey using a background of 30 CPS found readings of 60-150 CPS over tuff outcrops.

472944, 473057, 473198, 473173, 473379, 473398, 473728, 473927, 473928, 474228, 474217, and 474215

In the 1980s and early 1990s, Maritime Resource Research Associated Ltd. explored the area for base-metals and gold. Completed soil and till sampling and geophysical surveys.

Till sampling identified anomalous metal values in -250 mesh samples (60 cm depth) in the area of and north of Texas Gulf drilling; 360 ppb Au and 280 ppm Sb. Follow up sampling identified 11,000 ppb Au and 13,000 ppb Au.

Maritime did not drill these anomalies but did drill three other areas to the west of Texas Gulf's base- metal discovery area and encountered low-grade gold values in all three areas; values ranged up to 0.0178 oz/t Au (0.61 g/t) over 2 feet. Sample results reflected the northwest trending fault as well as the east-west trending Sawyer Brook - Taylor Brook fault.

Maritime discovered Au in three areas of copper mineralization in bedrock along the primary zone of the Texas Gulf drilling/trenching; samples ranged up to 2500 ppb Au.

Antimony in bedrock, up to 2100 ppm Sb, was discovered in the area of Dunphy's 1970 trenching.

GSC Open File 1638 (Hornbrook and Friske, 1988)

In 1987, a Geological Survey of Canada stream sediment geochemical survey of the area was completed. One stream in the area to the southeast of the massive antimony boulders contained anomalous As (90ppm) and Sb (0.8 ppm).

473805

In 1989, Brunswick Mining & Smelting Corp. Ltd. collected 50 soil samples in the Bald Hill area; results delineated six scattered Au anomalies greater than 50 ppb Au and up to 1156 ppb Au and coincident weak Au, Sb, Pb, and Zn anomalies along the southern boundary of the claim block. The report noted that thick overburden and heavy sample weights could contribute to weak overall geochemical responses.

General prospecting identified Silurian mafic volcanics of the Long Reach formation north of a fault and Silurian/Ordovician sediments of the Queens Brook Formation south of the fault. Float samples (16) did not have any anomalous assay results.

475737

Doiron and Thorn staked ground in 1997 and again in 2003. In 1997, several boulders were discovered with high grade stibnite (up to 11.3% Sb and 310 ppm Au), located between the Dunphy and Texas Gulf showings.

In 2003, Doiron and Thorn discovered several boulders and subcrop of rhyolite near the Dunphy trench containing approximately 7% tetrahedrite and arsenopyrite in a quartz stockwork. Massive stibnite boulders containing 7.6% Sb were found in the Dunphy trench in late 2003.

Soil sampling (n=115) was completed over a possible northwest-southeast trending fault zone. In 21 of the soil samples taken, three elements (Au, Ag and Sb) are found in anomalous concentrations. Soil samples collected (44) over the original English trench and Texas Gulf drill indicated a possible link between antimony and the northwest trending fault with scattered anomalous gold and arsenic values noted in several locations.

GSC Open File Report 4953 (Thomas and Kiss, 2005)

The Geological Survey of Canada completed a high-resolution aeromagnetic survey covering the Project area and a geological interpretation is presented.

Recent exploration and development by Rockport:

476577

In the summer of 2007 Rockport acquired the Bald Hill Property and began various exploration techniques to further investigate anomalies outlined by previous exploration work. Work comprised prospecting and geological mapping, which uncovered a showing of massive stibnite. Follow-up exploration comprised soil sampling/geochemistry, a ground VLF-EM survey, and a 4-hole diamond drilling programme.

Following the discovery of the massive stibnite showing a systematic soil-sampling and analysis programme was initiated to further define this interpreted mineralized trend to the south-east/north-west. A total of 207 B-horizon soil samples were collected for assay.

The soil assay results revealed an unexpected gold anomaly striking southwest-northeast, perpendicular to a strong antimony anomaly.

In the winter of 2008 a ground VLF-EM survey outlined a northwest trending anomaly coincident with the antimony-in-soil anomaly.

Additional detailed VLF-EM readings were taken over the two stibnite showings to aid in drill target selection; however, no conductors were detected, indicating that the stibnite showings were not associated with conductive mineralization in the area. A volt-meter test showed that the stibnite itself was not a conductor.

Diamond-drilling

A four-hole, 623 metre, diamond-drilling programme was carried out in early 2008. A summary of the programme is shown in **Table 1**.

Table 1: Summary of 2008 (Phase I) Diamond-Drilling Programme: Bald Hill Project

Hole #	UTM NAD83, Zone 19		Final Length (m)	Azimuth (True)	Dip	# of Samples
	Easting	Northing				
BH-08-01	732491	5061618	170	180°	45°	19
BH-08-02	732624	5061119	143	050°	45°	17
BH-08-03	732769	5061457	152	240°	45°	83
BH-08-04	732808	5061435	158	210°	45°	39
		Total Metres:	623			158

Holes BH-08-01, BH-08-03 and BH-08-04 all intersected rhyolite-dome flank sequences, with various intervals of volcanogenic sediments, whereas hole BH-08-02 was in rhyolite for the majority of the hole, and therefore is believed to be within the rhyolite dome sequence. It is within the boundary of the volcanic sediments and rhyolite that mineralization has been found.

Hole BH-08-01 had little to no mineralization and hole BH-08-02 intersected dendritic veining of a black mineral thought to be fine-grained sulphides - mainly pyrite.

Hole BH-08-03 designed to test the subsurface continuation of the massive stibnite showing on surface. A large vein of stibnite, bounded by sediments up-hole and rhyolite down-hole, was intersected. The intersected width was 4.51 metres and graded 11.70% Sb.

Hole BH-08-04 was drilled to test the subsurface continuation of mineralization approximately 75 meters southeast of BH-08-03. Antimony mineralization hosted within a rhyolite breccia was encountered. The intersected mineralized zone was 3.00 metres (not true-width) and graded 2.21% Sb overall. A summary of best results is shown in **Table 2**.

Table 2: Summary of Best Results: Phase I Diamond-Drilling, Bald Hill Project

Hole ID	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Sb (%)
BH-08-01	no significant assays			
BH-08-02	no significant assays			
BH-08-03	85.81	90.32	4.51	11.70
BH-08-04	73.00	76.00	3.00	2.21

The exploration work completed in 2007-2008 identified two separate mineralized trends of antimony (\pm gold) mineralization. Assay results have ranged up to 48% Sb and 3.01 g/t Au. Soil geochemical results have suggested a large mineralized system with anomalous Sb, Au and Mo being evident. The drilling delineated one of the two mineralized trends over a strike length of 200 metres and to a maximum depth of 204 metres. The mineralized trend remains open in all directions, at and below surface.

476773

Rockport established a cut grid (28.5 line-kilometres) over the area of a massive stibnite showing that Bill Carter discovered in 2007. A total of 749 B-horizon soil samples were collected along the cut lines with the analytical results showing a large, 1.5 km long, northwest trending antimony (Sb) and arsenic (As) anomaly, along with several isolated gold (Au) anomalies. Values of up to 3560 ppm Sb in soil were obtained. East- and northeast-trending gold-in-soil anomalies, up to 215 ppb Au, were noted in the southern part of the grid.

Prospecting of Bald Hill area was completed by Rockport staff. A total of 35 lithogeochemical samples were collected over the Project. The best assays obtained were 1.51 g/t Au and 756 ppm Sb in sample W509-9. A ground Induced Polarization (IP) survey was completed on a total of 19.5 kilometres of grid-lines over the area of known mineralization.

Drilling

Phase II of Bald Hill Project diamond-drilling programme commenced at the end of April 2008 and comprised a 12 hole, 2831.3 metre, diamond-drilling campaign that was completed along strike and at depth in the area of drill hole BH-08-03 and BH-08-04 (see **476577**). A new mineralized zone was intersected in hole BH-08-13. A summary of the programme is shown in **Table 3**.

Hole BH-08-10 encountered two (2) significant intersects representing the two known zones. The first was 3.3 metres (not true width) grading 6.44% Sb; the second was 1.0 metre (not true width) grading 4.41% Sb.

- Hole BH-08-11 intersected 14.49% Sb over a core-interval of 2.03 metres;
- Hole BH-08-12 encountered 1.81 metres grading 1.77% Sb;

-
- Hole BH-08-13 intersected both of the known mineralized zones, as well as a new zone that graded 9.40 % Sb over 0.48 metres and 3.4 % Sb over 0.81 metres;
 - Hole BH-08-15 intersected 6.40% Sb over 0.36 metres which was located 50 metres south of the new zone encountered in BH-08-13.
 - Holes BH-08-14 and BH-08-16 did not intersect significant mineralization;

These holes were successful in expanding the deposit to 450 m along strike (130°) and to a vertical depth of approximately 300 m. A summary of significant intersections from the Phase II drilling programme is shown in **Table 4**.

Table 3: Summary of 2008 (Phase II) Diamond-Drilling Programme: Bald Hill Project

Hole #	UTM NAD83, Zone 19		Final Length (m)	Azimuth (True)	Dip	# of Samples
	Easting	Northing				
BH-08-05	732691	5061555	275.5	240°	45°	86
BH-08-06	732635	5061609	290.0	240°	45°	53
BH-08-07	732840	5061380	50.3	210°	45°	7
BH-08-08	732837	5061392	149.0	210°	45°	26
BH-08-09	732402	5061584	202.0	070°	45°	14
BH-08-10	732807	5061471	206.0	240°	45°	38
BH-08-11	732828	5061481	224.0	210°	45°	47
BH-08-12	732850	5061504	335.0	240°	45°	16
BH-08-13	732731	5061573	437.0	240°	50°	54
BH-08-14	732899	5061475	338.0	210°	50°	59
BH-08-15	732773	5061548	128.0	240°	45°	10
BH-08-16	732701	5061625	196.5	240°	45°	26
Total metres:			2831.32			436

R0802 (Fugro 2008 Airborne survey)

This report describes the logistics, data acquisition, processing and presentation of results of a DIGHEM airborne geophysical survey carried out for Rockport Mining Corp, over the central part of the Bald Hill Property. The survey was flown from May 28 to June 7, 2008. Survey coverage consisted of approximately 1418 line-km, including 199 line-km of detailed infill, 53 km of cross lines (Bald Hill Area), and 110 line-km of tie lines. Flight lines were flown in an azimuthal direction of 341° with a line separation of 100 metres for the main block and 50 metres for the infill block. Tie lines were flown orthogonal to the traverse lines with a line separation of 1000 metres. A small block over the Bald Hill Project area, was also flown with 100 m cross lines, using a line direction of 071°

The purpose of the survey was to detect zones of conductive mineralization, to determine the geophysical signatures over known auriferous occurrences, and to provide information that could be used to map the geology and structure of the survey area. This was accomplished by using a DIGHEM V multi-coil, multi-frequency electromagnetic system, supplemented by a high-sensitivity cesium magnetometer. The information from these sensors was processed to produce maps that display the magnetic and conductive properties of the survey area. A GPS electronic navigation system ensured accurate positioning of the geophysical data with respect to the base maps.

The survey data were processed and compiled in the Fugro Airborne Surveys Toronto office. Map products and digital data were provided in accordance with the scales and formats specified in the Survey Agreement. There are several conductors in the survey block that are typical of graphitic or massive sulphide responses. Most anomalies in the area are moderately weak and poorly defined. Approximately 1100 anomalies were attributed to conductive overburden or deep weathering, although a few of these were determined to be associated with magnetite-rich rock units. Others exhibit linear trends or coincide with magnetic gradients that may reflect contacts, faults or shears. Such structural breaks are considered to be of particular interest as they may have influenced mineral deposition within the survey area.

The survey was also successful in locating many moderately weak or broad conductors that may also warrant additional work. More than 350 anomalous responses were attributed to probable or possible bedrock sources.

Table 4: Significant Intersections from Phase III Drilling, Bald Hill Project

Hole ID	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Sb (%)
BH-08-05	204.35	207.90	3.55	2.97
	215.00	216.00	1.00	2.91
	219.50	224.50	5.00	1.72
<i>including</i>	219.50	221.00	1.50	3.49
<i>and</i>	223.00	224.50	1.50	2.20
BH-08-06	264.80	265.80	1.00	0.73
BH-08-07	37.00	38.00	1.00	2.52
	47.55	48.00	0.45	1.68
BH-08-08	46.08	47.00	0.92	0.57
BH-08-09	19.85	20.25	0.40	5.66
BH-08-10	124.70	128.00	3.30	6.74
	139.37	140.37	1.00	4.41
BH-08-11	132.00	138.00	6.00	5.53
	132.00	134.03	2.03	14.49
	136.30	138.00	1.70	2.10
BH-08-12	290.32	292.13	1.81	1.77
BH-08-13	56.52	57.00	0.48	9.40
	68.51	69.32	0.81	3.40
	363.06	363.36	0.30	17.40
	377.09	378.64	1.55	3.61
	399.76	400.30	0.54	2.87
	416.36	416.75	0.39	10.30
BH-08-14	no significant assays			
BH-08-15	31.17	31.53	0.36	6.40
BH-08-16	no significant assays			

7.0 GEOLOGICAL SETTING AND MINERALIZATION

7.1 Regional Geology

New Brunswick is located at the northeastern end of the Appalachian Orogen, which records a complex history that culminated in continental collision events. Four main tectonostratigraphic blocks underlie New Brunswick: the Grenville, Humber, Gander/Dunnage, and Avalon Zones (**Figure 7**).

The Grenville and Humber zones formed the eastern North American craton and continental margin. The Gander/Dunnage Zone represents a mobile belt of Cambro-Ordovician tracts of ocean floor, island arcs and back-arc basins, with vestiges of continental margin. The Avalon Zone comprises Precambrian and Cambrian arc- and extension-related volcanic and sedimentary rocks overlain by a thick sequence of shallow marine sedimentary and sub-aerial volcanic rocks. These terranes were deformed and sequentially accreted to the continental margin during the closure of Iapetus in the Ordovician and Silurian (*Thorne and McLeod, 2003*).

The boundary between the Gander/Dunnage and Avalon Zones in New Brunswick is represented by a cryptic suture and is concealed by Middle Paleozoic and younger rocks. This boundary zone has undergone multiple episodes of reactivation and focused fluid flow and has established potential environments for the formation of economic mineral deposits (*Thorne and McLeod, 2003*).

Southern New Brunswick is divided into five lithotectonic belts based on contrasts in stratigraphy and magmatic history and include: the Neoproterozoic and early Paleozoic St. Croix, Annidale, New River, Brookville and Caledonia terranes (**Figure 8**). These terranes are overlain by early to Late Silurian rocks of the Mascarene Basin and Fredericton Trough, and by Carboniferous deposits of the Maritimes Basin.

The Property is underlain mainly by the Annidale Terranes, which is situated along the boundary between the Avalon and Gander-Dunnage zones and consists of a sequence of deformed Ordovician volcanic and sedimentary units, intruded by felsic to mafic igneous rocks (*McLeod et al., 1992*).

7.2 Local Geology

Recent geological mapping and age dating has resulted in a reinterpretation of the stratigraphy in the Project area. The following unit descriptions are taken from McLeod et al. (1992) and Johnson et al. (2009) (refer to **Figure 9** and **Figure 10**).

The Bald Hill Work Area is located in Annidale Group north of the Mascarene Cover Sequence, and north of the northeast-trending Taylors Brook Fault Zone; considered to be the contact between the Annidale Group and the Mascarene Cover. The northern boundary of the Annidale Group is proximal to another northeast trending fault, the Albright Brook Fault.

The Late Cambrian-Early Ordovician Annidale Group, is a sequence of interbedded mafic to felsic volcanic rocks with clastic sedimentary and volcanogenic sedimentary assemblages. Zircon U-Pb values from two samples in the Annidale Group have yielded ages of 493 ± 2 Ma and 497 ± 10 Ma. Carboniferous cover sequences unconformably overlie the Annidale Group to the north and northeast.

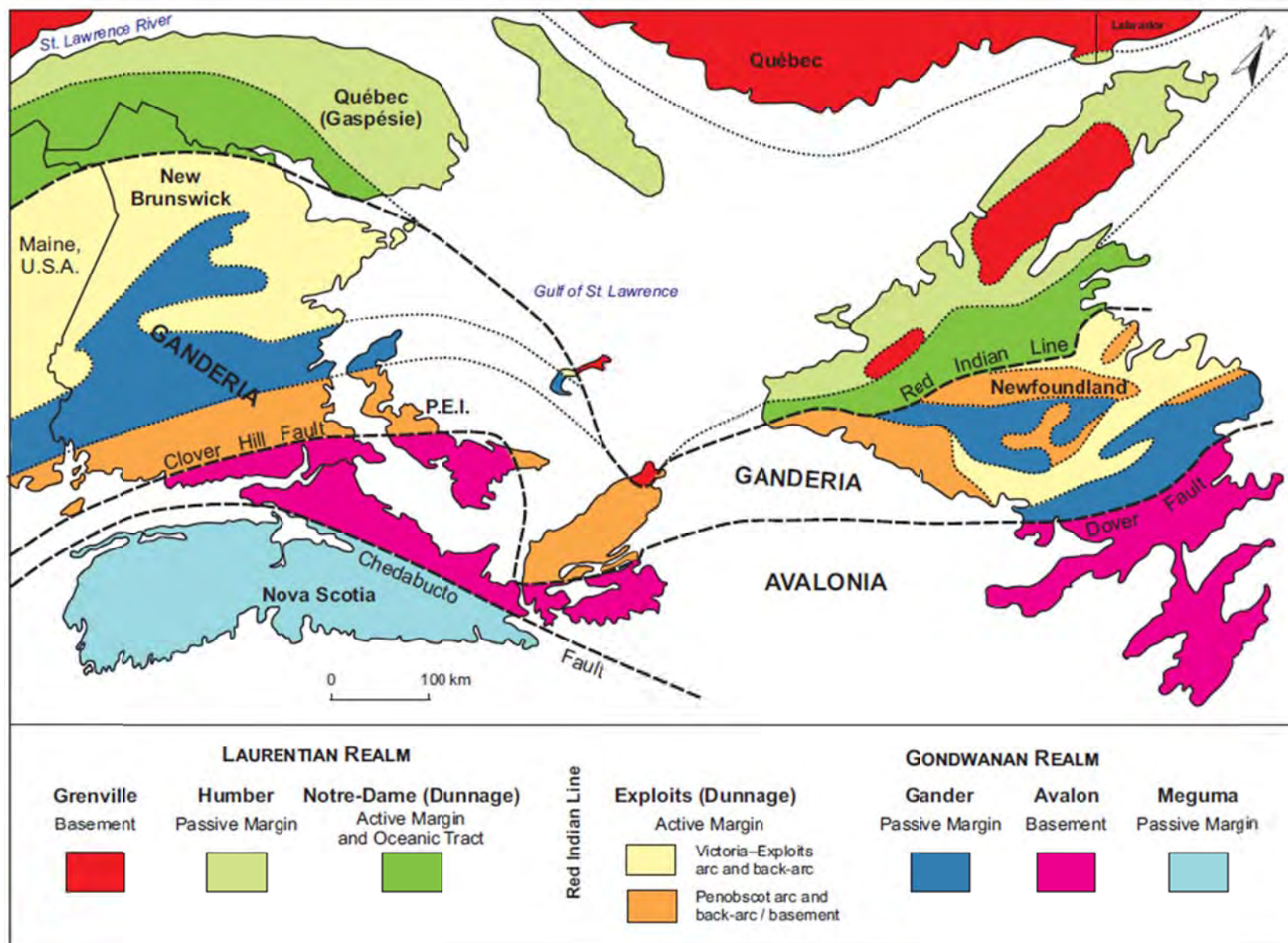


Figure 7: Regional geology map of northern Appalachian Orogen

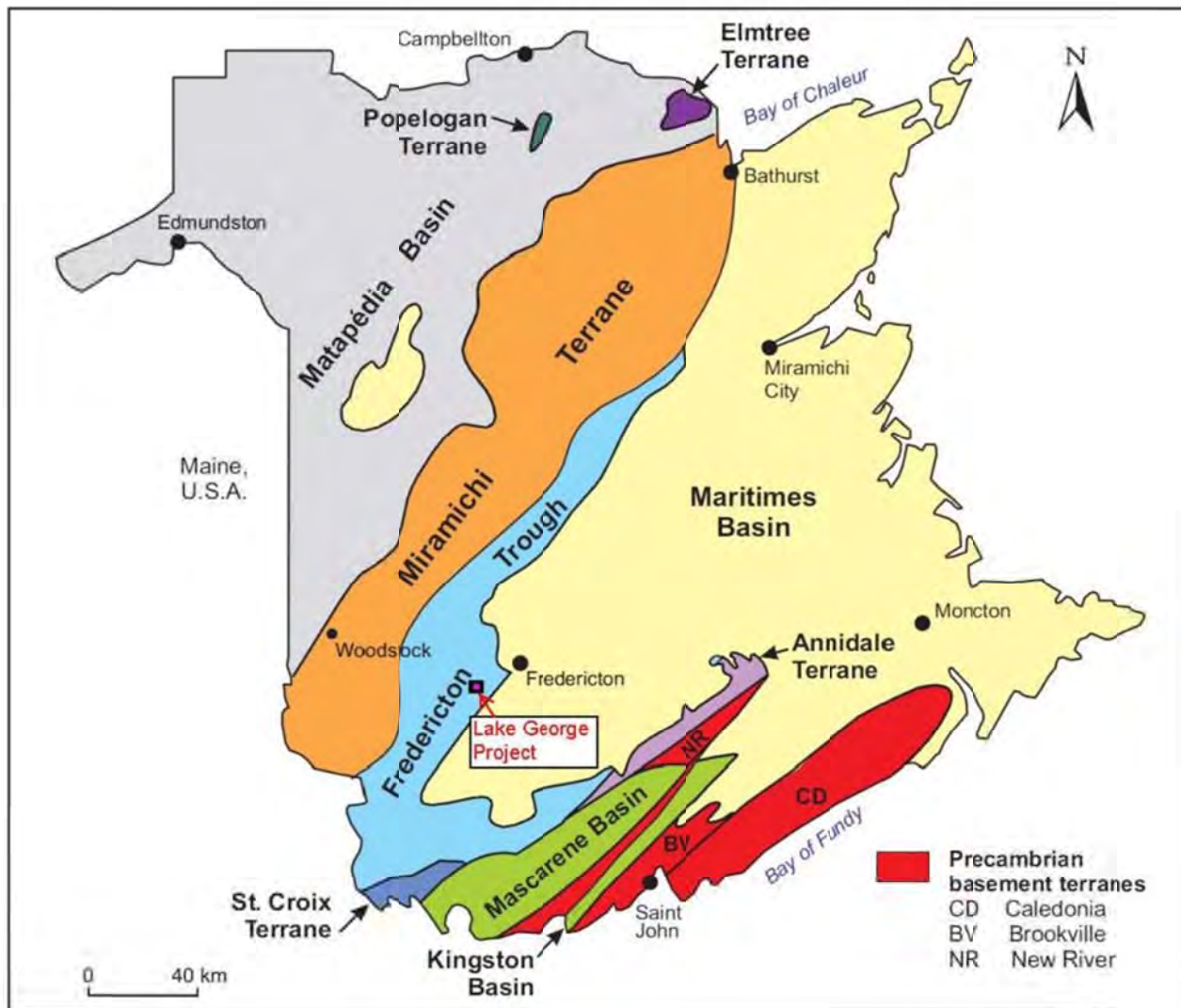


Figure 8: Principal geological divisions of New Brunswick (from Fyffe et al., 2011)

The metamorphic grade of the Annidale Group is restricted to the chlorite-grade or locally biotite-grade facies.

Annidale Group

The Annidale Group comprises fine-grained, dark grey to dark green and black shale and siltstone, with minor basalt.

The Bald Hill Work Area is underlain mainly by Carpenter Brook Formation and associated Bald Hill rhyolite dome complex units. The Carpenter Brook Formation is a new name proposed for a largely sedimentary sequence with felsic volcanic intrusions located south of the Albright Brook Fault, formerly classified as part of the Queen Brook Formation. Field relationships and new radiometric data suggest that the Carpenter Brook Formation and associated rhyolite domes of the Bald Hill suite are the oldest units in the Annidale Group.

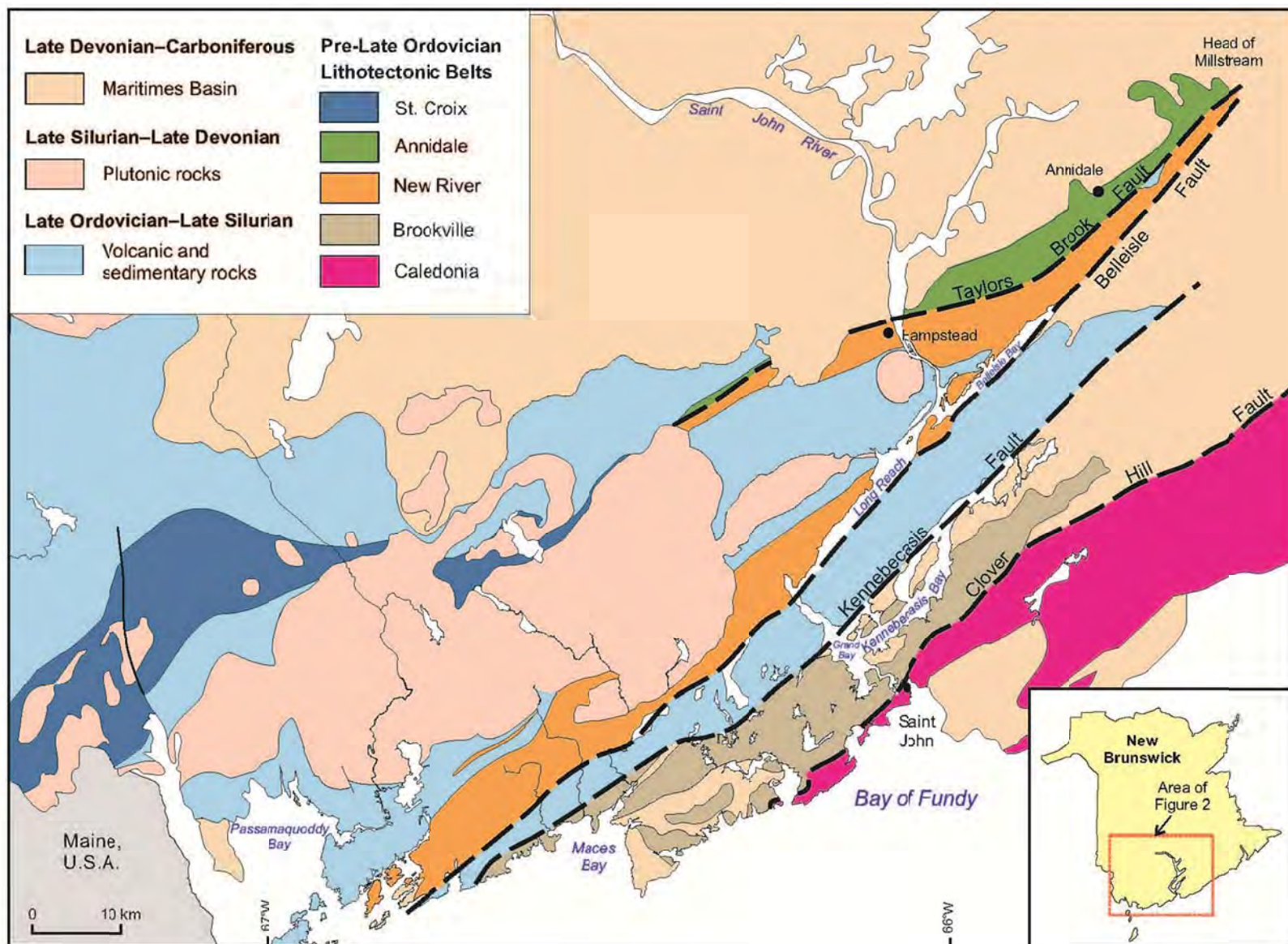


Figure 9: Lithotectonic Subdivisions of the south-western New Brunswick (from Johnson et al., 2009).

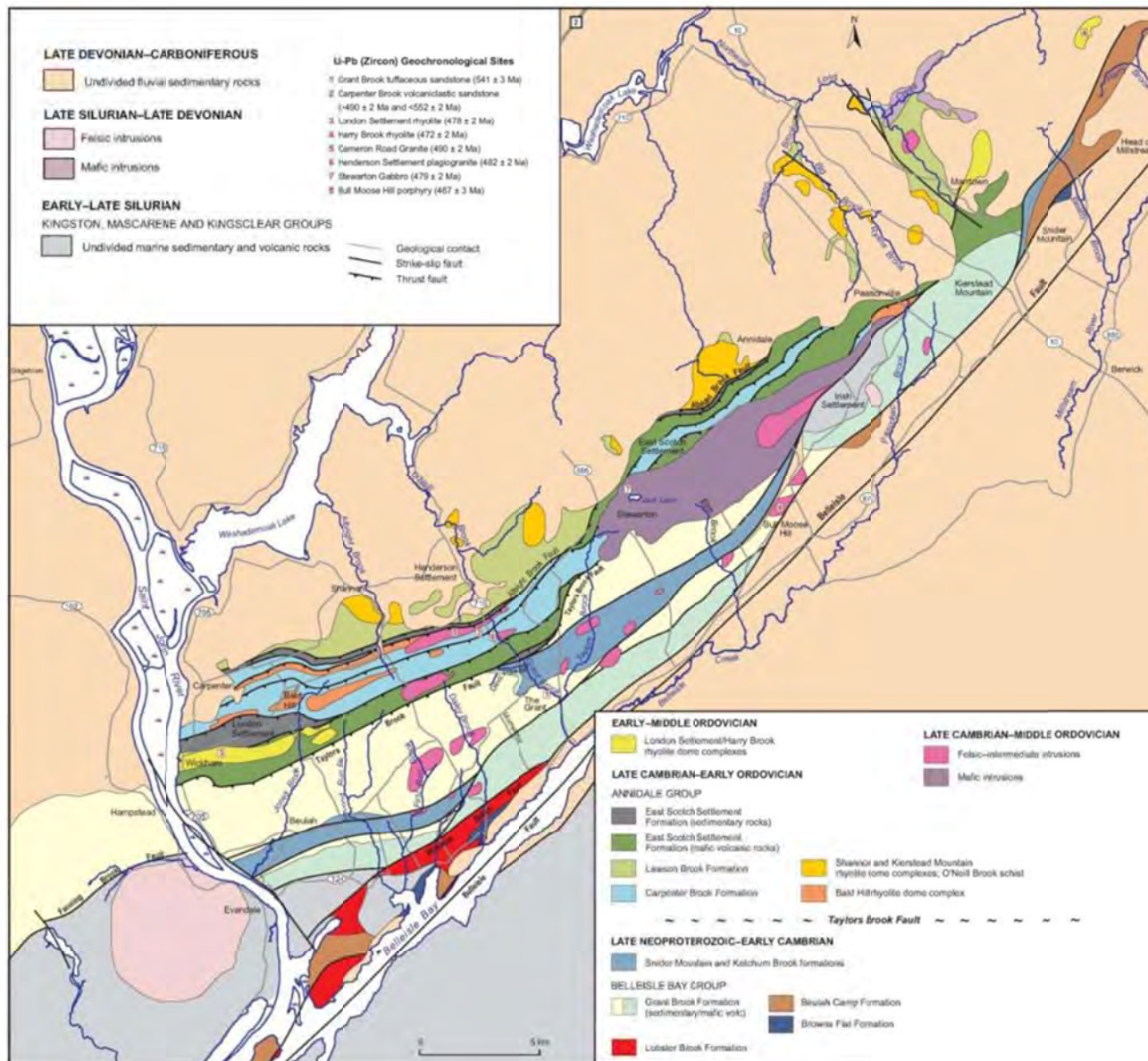


Figure 10: Simplified geology map of the Bald Hill Property area.

Carpenter Brook Formation

The sedimentary rocks of the Carpenter Brook Formation include a proximal sandstone-siltstone facies and a distal, deeper water siltstone-shale facies. The proximal facies includes fine- to medium-grained, light to dark greyish green quartzose sandstone, interbedded with more minor dark purple volcaniclastic sandstone and laminated purple and green siltstone and slate. The proximal facies grades laterally and upward (southward) into the distal facies of light to medium grey silty sandstone and dark grey shale.

The proximal facies is intercalated with felsic volcanic rocks that are part of the Bald Hill Suite of rhyolite domes. Mafic volcanic rocks are included within the Carpenter Brook Formation, although more rarely; although a thin but laterally continuous basaltic tuff horizon is present in the Bald Hill area.

Bald Hill Suite

The Bald Hill Suite is a suite of peralkaline rhyolite dome complexes that are spatially and temporally associated with the Carpenter Brook Formation and are parallel to the regional northeast-trending fabric. Grey to tan felsic ash tuff, red to grey felsic pyroclastic breccia and rhyolite flows are included in the suite. Rhyolite flows can be spherulitic, containing spherulites up to 4 cm in diameter (and also observed by CRA during the drill core inspection). The felsic volcanic and sedimentary units are also locally intruded by a reddish to greyish pink microgranite; microgranite fragments occur within the felsic pyroclastic breccia, indicating a close temporal relationship between the intrusive and extrusive phases.

The Bald Hill suite is commonly enriched in sulphides including pyrite, arsenopyrite, and locally massive stibnite and gold.

Felsic intrusions are located in the Project area and are generally small, commonly granitic in composition and are aphanitic to medium-grained.

7.3 Structural Geology

All rocks within the Annidale belt have undergone multiple episodes of faulting and deformation. The predominant large-scale structural features are the steeply-dipping to vertical, northeast trending faults and kilometre-scale shear zones that parallel the regional northeast-trending fabric such as the Taylor Brook Fault, which is interpreted as an Early Ordovician, low-angle thrust fault that was steepened during later transpressive movement. Younger northeast- and northwest-trending, steeply-dipping faults, commonly defined by shear zones, are associated with economic mineral occurrences in quartz-carbonate vein systems and alteration zones.

The Bald Hill Project is located in the area of the Taylor Brook Fault. Many of the units in this area are affected by a single, well-developed, east-northeast to northeast striking cleavage that dips moderately to steeply towards the southeast. This cleavage is prominent in finer grained, clastic and tuffaceous units, and was formed mostly under lower greenschist metamorphism, with chlorite and/or muscovite-sericite defining the fabric.

The regional cleavage is generally developed sub-parallel to bedding, but folds directly related to this fabric are rarely observed. At a few localities, in the fine-grained sequences within the Albright Brook-Taylor's Brook thrust panel, the fabric is axial-planar to cm-scale, tight to isoclinal, shallowly plunging, first generation folds (F1). Bedding typically dips steeply to the southeast or northwest, strikes sub-parallel to the prominent northeast-trending cleavage, and youngs to the southeast, generally dipping at a steeper angle than the fabric.

The regional fabrics are commonly refolded in most sedimentary and tuffaceous units within the high-strain zones associated with major faults. These fabrics are collectively interpreted to be related to the north-directed tectonic transport along intra-unit and unit-bounding thrust zones in the Annidale group. Fabric development is likely a function of this northward-directing thrusting within a progressive thrust front; steeper, high-angle reverse faulting would have preceded an episode of shallower dipping thrusting.

The age and tectonic history of the Annidale Group is comparable with that of the Penobscot arc/back-arc complex of the Exploits Subzone in Newfoundland. The timing of thrusting and juxtaposition of the Annidale Group and New River basement coincides with the timing of the Penobscottian obduction onto the Gander margin in Newfoundland.

7.4 Mineralization

Stibnite has been identified at the Bald Hill Project in float, as massive stibnite boulders, in outcrop, sub-crop and in diamond-drill core. MRB personnel identified Sb mineralization in float, outcrop and drill-core at the Project during a site visit.

Diamond-drilling at the Bald Hill Project has intersected a typical rhyolite dome sequence, with various intervals of sedimentary rocks interbedded with volcanic rocks and micro-granite. In drill core, the mineralization is observed within a boundary zone of volcanic-derived sediments and rhyolite supporting a vein-system model. Mineralization in drill core is observed in a breccia unit with stringers of pyrite and fragments of tuff and quartz. Stibnite (Sb_2S_3), pyrite and arsenopyrite are the most common sulphides present but minor galena has also been observed.

Sporadic Au has also been identified in assay results, generally in inverse proportion to stibnite grade.

The antimony mineralized zones trend to the northwest, and generally dip sub-vertically to the southwest. Mineralization is structurally controlled within zones that manifest as lineaments, which are discernible from metal-in-soil anomalies and from geophysical surveys, likely representing fault zones at an angle to the regional northeast trend. From the drill core results to-date, widths of the mineralized zones vary from less than a metre to over three metres. Individual intersections range as high as 17.4 % Sb over 0.21 m (true thickness) in hole BH-08-013 and 11.70 % Sb over 3.19 m (true thickness) in hole BH-08-03.

8.0 DEPOSIT TYPES

The antimony (Sb) mineralization on the Project is a vein-style mineralization associated with a northwest trending fault zone/lineament. Sporadic gold mineralization is also present in lower-grade Sb mineralized zones, either due to pre-existing gold mineralization associated with an earlier deformation event, or remobilization during the stibnite-vein forming event.

The genetic model of stibnite vein-type deposits is not well documented; however, deposits closely resemble low-sulphide gold-quartz mesothermal veins (Seal et al., 1995). Stibnite veins are found in fault and shear zones, notable fault splays and fault related breccia in any orogenic area, particularly where large-scale fault structures are present (Panteleyev, 2005). Their origin is thought to be from dilute CO₂-rich fluids generated by metamorphic dehydration. Structural channels funnel the hydrothermal fluids during regional deformation (Seal et al., 1988). Ore bodies occur as massive to disseminated infillings in fault and fracture zones and as replacement bodies, often in close proximity to felsic or intermediate intrusions. Zoning of copper, zinc, arsenic and sulphur is common both laterally and vertically, and wall rock alteration in the form of feldspathization, sericitization, argillation, and bleaching is frequently developed adjacent to the mineralization (Craig and Vaughan, 1994).

It is noted that the Beaverbrook antimony mine, located 60 km southwest of Gander, in central Newfoundland (NL), is similar in age and lithological host rock suite to the Bald Hill antimony deposit, and is within the same Appalachian tectono-stratigraphic zone. The Beaver Brook mine area is underlain by Silurian-Ordovician sediments consisting of siltstone, sandstone, greywacke and graphitic shale that were formed in a turbidite environment and exhibit lower greenschist-facies metamorphism. The sediment units are striking northeast-southwest, and are parallel to the axial planes of local scale open folds. Approximately 1 km northwest of the mine, the sedimentary rocks are intruded by the Mount Peyton batholith, consisting of gabbro, diorite and monzonite phases. The Sb mineralization of the East Zone deposit at the Beaver Brook mine includes a system of stibnite bearing fault breccias, stockwork fracture zones and fracture zones (MRB & Associates report, 2003). Vein contacts with the wall rocks are sharp and their sometimes converging hanging and footwall contacts suggest pinching and swelling of the veins. Very little antimony is found disseminated in the wall rocks (MRB & Associates report, 2003).

The Beaver Brook deposit model is being applied to the Bald Hill deposit by Rockport, and will continue to be developed as exploration progresses.

9.0 EXPLORATION

Exploration work completed by Rockport (a wholly owned subsidiary of TSAC: Tri-Star Antimony Canada Inc.) since the previous Technical Report (MacDonald, 2010) has been submitted to the Government of New Brunswick in the form of Assessment Reports, which are summarized in this section. The Assessment Report numbers referred to herein (i.e., **477XXX**) have been assigned by the Minerals and Petroleum Division of the New Brunswick Department of Energy & Mines.

477222

Introduction

In 2010 and 2011, Rockport completed trenching and diamond-drilling programmes to evaluate some high-antimony soil anomalies (**Figure 11**).

In August 2010, seven trenches, totalling 171 m, and 1 pit were excavated, with 34 samples collected in total. A summary of the trench sampling results is shown in **Table 5**. The trenching programme was successful in locating the source of the antimony in one of the trenches. Channel sampling of the antimony vein and adjacent host rock returned 3.53% Sb over 8.18 m, including 13.2% Sb over 0.93 m.

Lithological assays were performed by Activation Laboratories Ltd, Ontario, using a 4 acid digestion followed by inductively coupled plasma/ optical emission spectrometry (ICP/MS) analysis and instrumental neutron activation analysis (INAA) methods (Code 1H INAA + TD-ICP) for a 48 element suite.

In June 2011 Rockport followed up the 2010 trenching programme with its Phase III, four-hole, 314.0 m, drilling campaign designed to test soil and geophysical anomalies along strike to the south of the Bald Hill antimony deposit. Hole BH-11-17, drilled under Trench BH-TR-11-01, intersected over 30.0 m of disseminated stibnite, with the best intersection grading 1.37% Sb over 1.00 m. This intersection is interpreted to represent the southeast continuation of the main mineralized zone drilled in the 2008 campaign, which extends the mineralization over approximately 700 m in strike length. A total of 155 core-interval samples were collected for assay.

Samples were analysed for Sb plus a 48 element suite by Activation Laboratories Ltd, Ontario, using Instrumental Neutron Activation Analysis (INAA) (Actlabs lab code 1H INNA (INAAGEO) / Total Digestion ICP).

Details of the Phase III diamond-drilling programme are presented in **Section 10.0**.

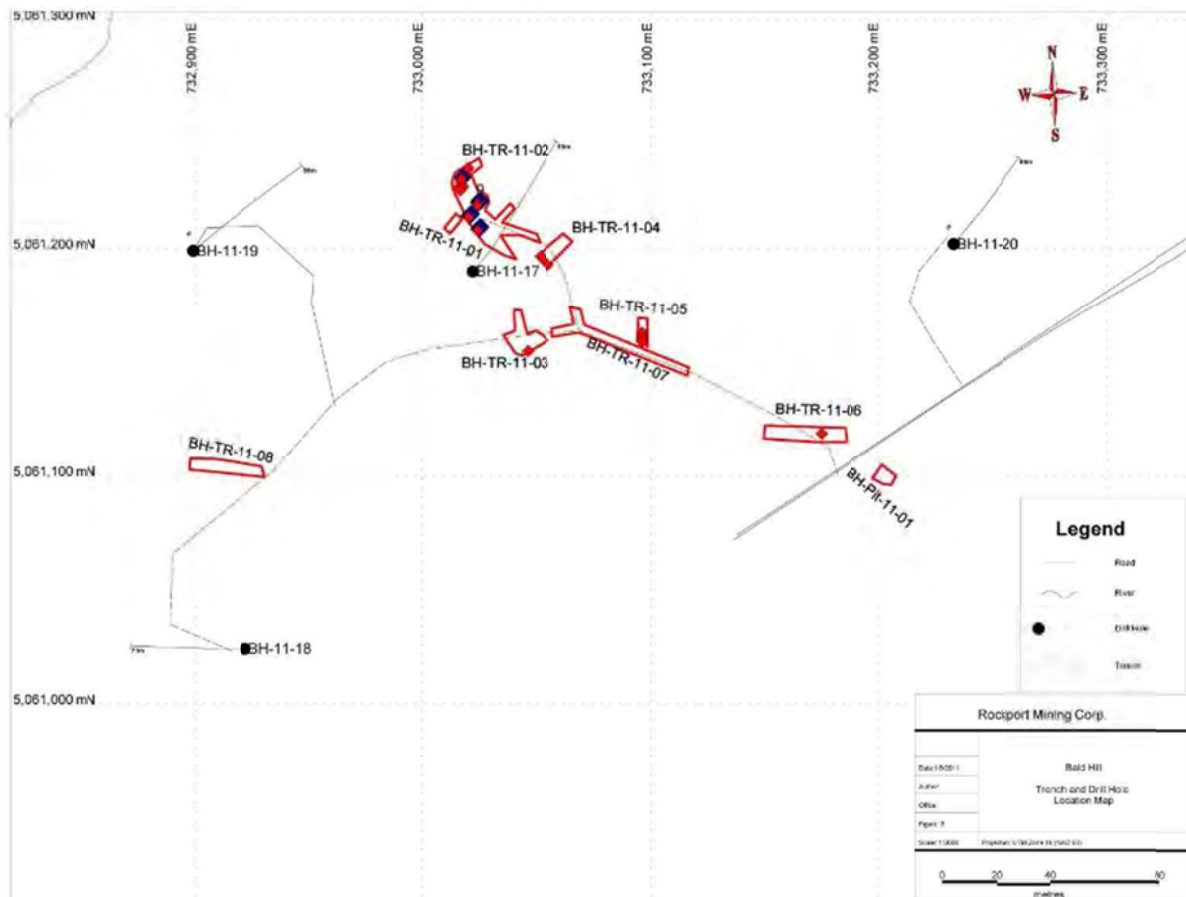


Figure 11: Location map of 2011 trenching and diamond-drilling program

Trenching

Trench BH-TR-11-01 ('Main Trench'), oriented roughly north-south, exposed bedrock over an area roughly 40 m by 5 m. Overburden was, on average, less than a metre thick. The majority of the trench comprised blocky microgranite, shale, fault gouge and a mineralized quartz-stibnite vein. Four channels, totalling 16.5 m, were cut perpendicular to the strike of the massive antimony vein and six channel samples were composited. Three samples were taken from a "lower" channel across the quartz-stibnite vein and three more from an "upper" channel across the same vein.

A long channel was cut from one end of the trench across both mineralized veins and their host rock. A total of 11 channel samples were collected. Two additional channels were cut and 4 samples collected.

The antimony veins in trench BH-TR-11-01 were observed to be following a steeply dipping (075° – 090°) northwest-striking (300°) fault zone near the contact of microgranite and marine sedimentary rocks. A thick seam of fault gouge is observed along the hanging-wall side of the antimony veins, which consist mainly of stibnite, arsenopyrite and quartz.

Table 5: Summary of 2010 Trench Sampling Results: Bald Hill Project

Sample ID	Trench #	Channel #	UTM, NAD83, Z19		From (m)	To (m)	As (ppm)	Sb (ppm)	Sb (%)
			Easting	Northing					
2536	Trench 1	Ch # 1	733018	5061231	0.00	0.70	890.0	>10000	3.31
2537	Trench 1	Ch # 1	733017	5061230	0.70	1.40	7480.0	2170.0	
2538	Trench 1	Ch # 1	733017	5061229	1.40	1.95	535.0	589.0	
2539	Trench 1	Ch # 2	733018	5061227	0.00	1.20	5180.0	230.0	
2540	Trench 1	Ch # 2	733017	5061226	1.25	2.15	3940.0	1450.0	
2541	Trench 1	Ch # 2	733017	5061225	2.15	3.13	465.0	674.0	
2542	Trench 1	Ch # 3	733025	5061221	0.00	0.90	4570.0	>10000	5.67
2543	Trench 1	Ch # 3	733025	5061221	0.00	1.00	5410.0	>10000	6.07
2544	Trench 1	Ch # 3	733025	5061220	1.00	1.75	35400.0	>10000	5.42
2545	Trench 1	Ch # 3	733024	5061219	1.75	2.05	1430.0	2100.0	
2546	Trench 1	Ch # 3	733023	5061218	2.05	3.15	642.0	697.0	
2547	Trench 1	Ch # 3	733023	5061218	3.15	4.17	283.5	677.6	
2548	Trench 1	Ch # 3	733022	5061217	4.17	5.15	336.0	735.9	
2549	Trench 1	Ch # 3	733022	5061216	5.15	6.05	651.0	1890.0	
2550	Trench 1	Ch # 3	733021	5061215	6.05	6.98	20600.0	>10000	13.20
2551	Trench 1	Ch # 3	733021	5061214	6.98	7.58	1100.0	>10000	1.14
2552	Trench 1	Ch # 3	733020	5061213	7.58	8.18	902.0	3120.0	
2553	Trench 4		733052	5061197	Grab	Grab	312.0	335.0	
2554	Trench 4		733053	5061195	Grab	Grab	70.5	150.0	
2555	Trench 4		733055	5061193	Grab	Grab	208.0	162.0	
2556	Trench 1	Ch # 4	733026	5061210	0.00	0.85	5060.0	2120.0	
2557	Trench 1	Ch # 4	733025	5061209	0.85	2.15	6050.0	>10000	1.06
2558	Trench 1	Ch # 4	733025	5061209	2.15	3.20	5640.0	>10000	1.94
2559	Trench 1	Ch # 4	733024	5061208	0.00	0.75	3520.0	772.0	
2560	Trench 5	Ch # 5	733096	5061163	Grab	Grab	136.0	107.0	
2561	Trench 5	Ch # 5	733096	5061162	0.00	1.05	381.0	85.3	
2562	Trench 5	Ch # 5	733096	5061161	1.05	2.40	320.0	117.0	
2563	Trench 5	Ch # 5	733096	5061160	2.40	3.60	147.0	86.8	
2564	Trench 5	Ch # 5	733096	5061159	3.60	4.60	581.0	93.6	
2565	Trench 2		733020	5061235	Grab	Grab	675.0	188.0	
2566	Trench 2		733020	5061235	Grab	Grab	927.0	194.0	
2567	Trench 2		733020	5061235	Grab	Grab	127.0	143.0	
2568	Trench 3		733046	5061155	Grab	Grab	72.1	94.1	
2569	Trench 6		733175	5061119	Grab	Grab	52.5	35.1	

Trench BH-TR-11-02 is north of BH-TR-11-01, with a width of 1.5 m, depth range of 0.8 m to 1.8 m and a length of 8.5 m. It strikes northeast and exposed light coloured shale in the northern part of the trench and microgranite in the southern part. A quartz vein was found in the shale, near the contact between the two lithologies. Lithogeochemical samples were collected from the microgranite, quartz vein containing trace sulphides and shale.

Trench BH-TR-11-03 is a T-shaped trench that exposed dark foliated shale. The base of the T-shape trench is 13.0 m x 1.5 m and 1.0 m deep, whereas the top of the T-shape is 17.7 m x 1.5 m and 1.0 m to 1.5 m deep. Only dark, foliated shale was found in the trench. Two small barren quartz veins were noted found and one was sampled.

Trench BH-TR-11-04, located east of BH-TR-11-01, is oriented northeast. The north side of the trench is 6.5 m long and only two small sections of outcrop were exposed, both silicified microgranite. The south side of the trench is only 2.5m long and a small section of dark foliated shale and a quartz vein was exposed. Samples were taken from a barren quartz vein and from the wall rock on both sides of the exposed quartz vein.

Trench BH-TR-11-05 is located along the gully/excavator path leading to the trenches described above. The trench trends 020°, is 11.0 m x 1.3 m, and between 1.0 m and 1.5 m deep. The northern part of the trench exposed two small outcroppings of grey, foliated shale. Two large quartz veins bound by mainly fault gouge were exposed by remainder of the trench. The quartz veins were channel sampled, whereas the gouge was dug from the side of the trench between the two quartz veins for sampling.

Trench BH-TR-11-06 was excavated near the Irving road. It trends roughly east-west on both sides of the excavator path. The eastern segment being 10.0 m x 1.5 m and up to 2.5m deep. The western segment was 21.0 m x 1.5 m and 1.0 m to 2.0 m deep. Only one small 1.5 m section of bedrock was intersected in the trench on the eastern side of the road, the remainder of the trench did not expose outcrop. The outcrop was light coloured, foliated and had sericite alteration. Some small quartz veins (~5cm) were also noted in the limited outcrop.

BH-TR-11-07: the excavator path to trenches BH-TR-11-01 was trenched. This trench exposed mainly shale with some minor quartz veining. The trench was 60.0 m x 1.5 m and 4.0 m deep.

Trench BH-TR-11-08 was planned to investigate a strong chargeability and metal-factor anomaly along with moderate Sn and As in-soil concentrations. The trench trends east-west and was approximately 1.5 m deep, 1.5 m wide and approximately 35.0 m long. The trench consisted of inter-bedded shale and siltstone with some moderately graphitic sections, which were interpreted to be the source of the chargeability anomaly.

Pit BH-Pit-11-01 is located beside the turnaround at the end of the logging road. The pit was 5.0 m deep and did not expose any outcrop.

Phase III Drilling

The first hole (BH-11-17), was drilled 25 m southwest of Trench BH-TR-11-01 and intersected inter-bedded ash tuffs and rhyolite with some zones of quartz veining containing disseminated Sb.

Hole BH-11-18 was drilled to test a high chargeability and metal-factor anomaly along with an elevated Sb-in-soil anomaly. This hole intersected mainly shale with graphitic sections, which accounted for the source of the IP anomaly. Trace stibnite was observed in the core.

BH-11-19 was drilled to investigate a high Sb/As in-soil and weak chargeability anomaly. The hole encountered mainly interbedded siltstone and ash tuffs with trace stibnite in quartz veinlets at 17.15 m down-hole.

Hole BH-11-20 tested a weak chargeability and metal-factor anomaly and Au-Sb-As soil anomaly. This hole intersected interbedded rhyolite and ash tuffs with disseminated pyrite, arsenopyrite and trace stibnite, within zones of quartz veining.

The 2010-2011 trenching and drilling programmes successfully located antimony mineralization along strike to the south of the previously drilled massive antimony showings, discovered in 2008, thereby extending the known mineralization to approximately 700 m on surface.

Soil geochemistry appears to be useful at locating zones of antimony mineralization and it is recommended to expand the grid to the south and east to hopefully extend the northwest-striking anomalous Sb values.

477458

This report outlines the work performed on the Project from June 2011 to March 2013. A share of this work between June 2011 and December 2011 was completed by TriStar Resources Plc. on behalf of Rockport under an executed Letter of Intent/Due Diligence agreement dated June 30, 2011. The work comprised economic geological studies consisting of GIS/data processing, metallurgical test work, preliminary ore-characterization, mineralogical and chemical profiling, optical ore examinations; and environmental baseline investigations including sediment and water sampling programs.

On-site field work consisted of re-examining and re-sampling all mineralized intervals from the twenty (20) completed diamond-drill holes and field outcrops/trenches. A total of six (6) samples were collected for metallurgical test work.

Metallurgical Test Work

FLSmidth Ore Characterization & Process Mineralogy Labs of Midvale, Utah, were contracted in order to perform a base-line characterization of a few representative samples. In addition to bulk mineralogy and basic chemical profiling, Tri-Star Resources also requested documentation of the textural features of the ore minerals, as well as preliminary analysis of liberation characteristics and amenability of the ore to gravity concentration and/or flotation.

Wardell Armstrong International (WAI) was commissioned by Tri-Star Resources to undertake a programme of metallurgical characterisation test work on a sample of antimony ore from the Bald Hill deposit.

Testing consisted of detailed chemical and mineralogical characterisation of the ore combined with a brief programme of test work in order to determine the response of the material to concentration by means of froth flotation. Results showed that the material responded exceptionally well to the regimes trialled with grades of up to 68.3% Sb, at recoveries in excess of 99%, but that further developmental work would be required in order to optimise the processing methodology.

Comprehensive results of both FLSmidth's and WAI's test-work are appended to the **477458** Assessment Report.

A summary of the metallurgical test-work and results is presented in **Section 13.0** of this Report.

Environmental Baseline Investigations

Conestoga-Rovers & Associates (CRA) of Fredericton, NB, was retained to complete an environmental baseline investigations for the Bald Hill Project. The scope of work for the investigation included the assembly of relevant legislation and environmental data from public and private databases regarding local species of concern and potential impact on environmentally significant areas, as well as the collection of background stream sediment and water samples.

Complete documentation of the Conestoga-Rovers & Associates (CRA) environmental baseline investigations, including the stream sediment and water sampling programs, analytical results, and certificates of analysis are contained in four CRA reports appended to the **477458** Assessment Report.

A summary of CRA's environmental work is summarized in **Section 15.0** of this Report.

477475

In 2012 Rockport contracted Fugro Airborne Surveys Corp. (Fugro) of Mississauga, Ontario, to carry out a combined airborne magnetic and DIGHEM survey over two separate survey blocks within the Bald Hill Property. The survey was flown between November 16, 2012 and November 25, 2012 and comprised 1059.1 km of traverse lines flown with a spacing of 100 m, and 109.7 km of tie lines with spacing of 1000 m, for a total of 1168.8 km. The smaller, western block (Block 1) covers approximately 10.5 km² (3.2 km x 3.3 km) southwest of the main Bald Hill Project area, whereas the larger Block 2 covers the central part of the Bald Hill Property (**Figures 12**). Block 2 is outside of the focus of this Report and the reader is referred to Assessment Report 477475 for details of the work and results on Block 2.

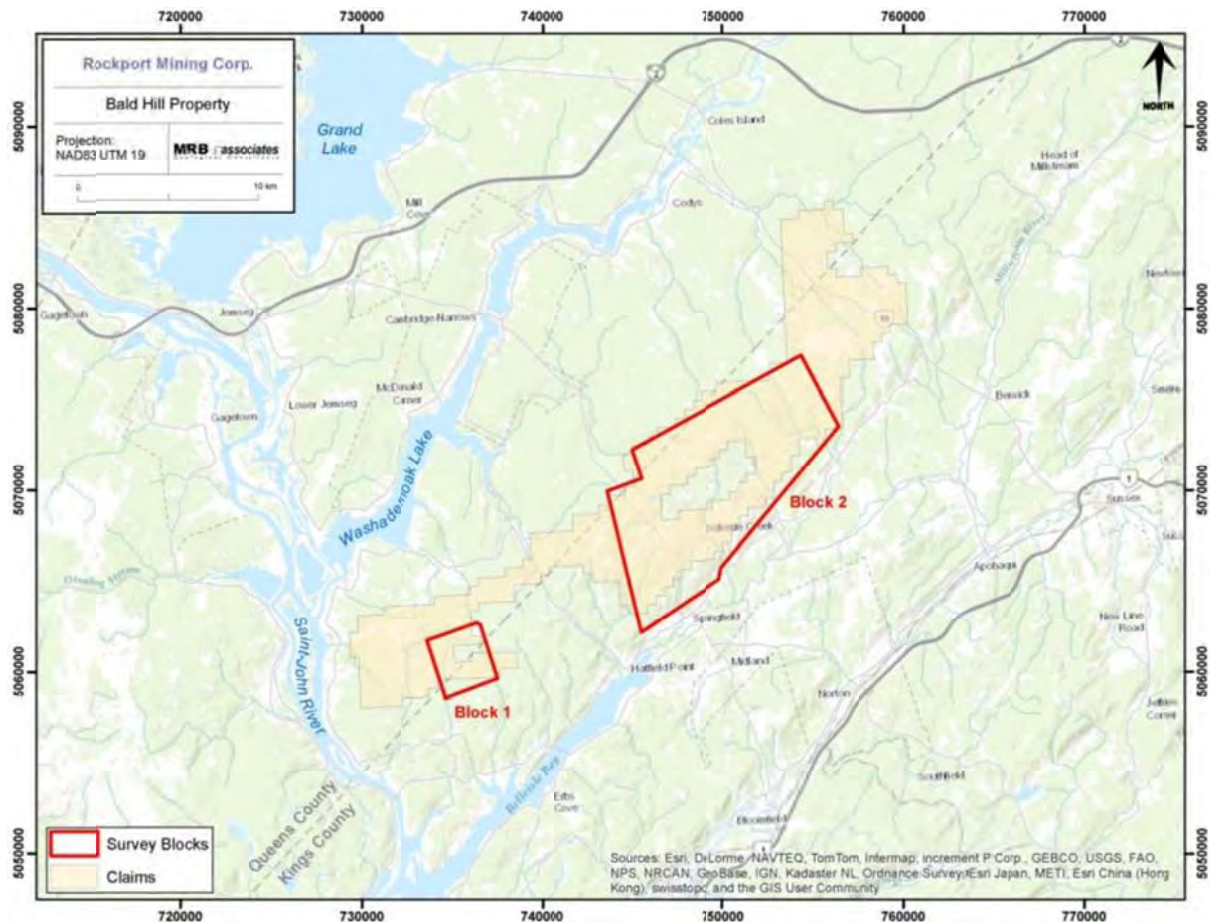


Figure 12: Location of 2012 airborne survey blocks on Bald Hill Property.

Block 1

The magnetic survey defined a strong, linear, northwest-trending magnetic anomaly, offset by faulting, transecting Block 1 (**Figure 13**). Most of Block 1 is quite resistive, except for the north-western quadrant (**Figure 14**). In the northwestern and southwestern parts of the Bald Hill project area, many of the resistivity-response patterns are primarily dominated by electric power line interference, making it difficult to separate noise from valid sequences.

Although there is no correlation between the resistivity anomalies, which trend mainly east-northeast, and the strong magnetic anomalies, which trend northwest, in Block 1, Fugro reasons that the magnetic and resistivity parameters have different causative sources; i.e., the EM-

derived resistivity is responding to changes in the overburden and near-surface layers, whereas the magnetic data are reflecting changes in the deeper underlying basement units.

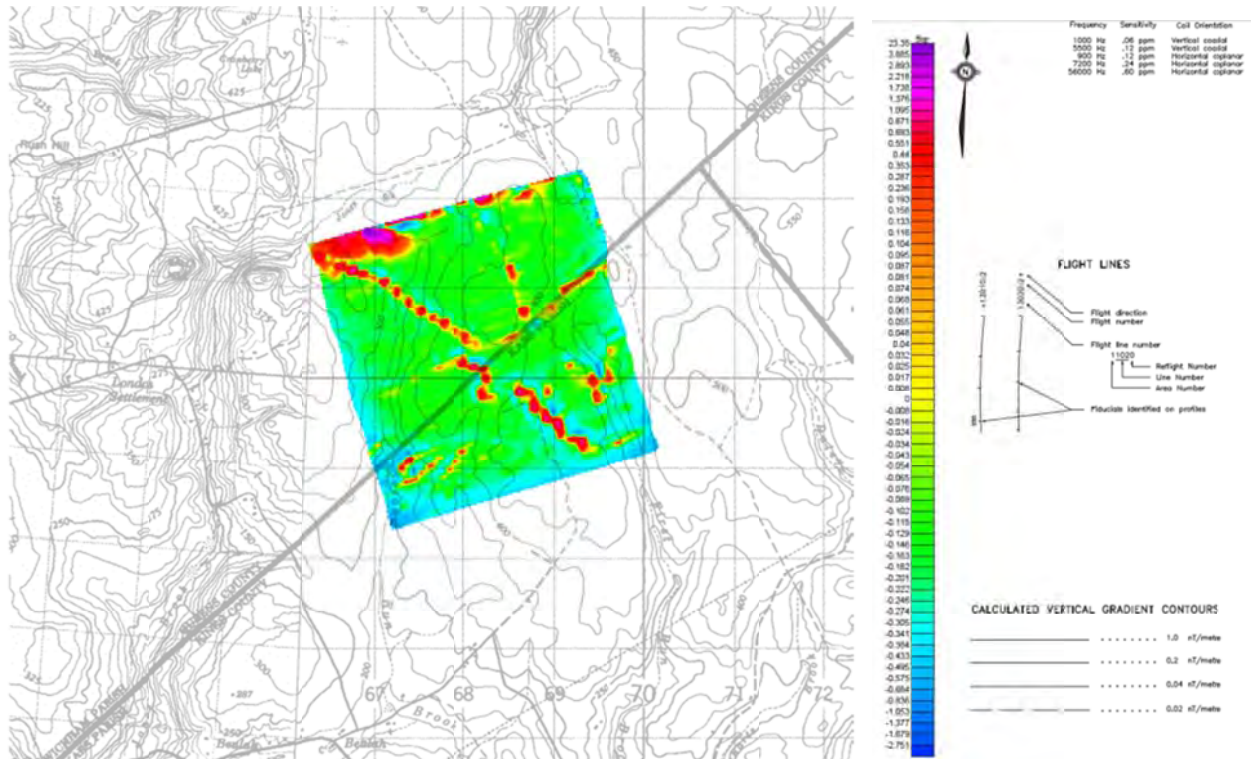


Figure 13: Calculated vertical magnetic gradient map of Block 1

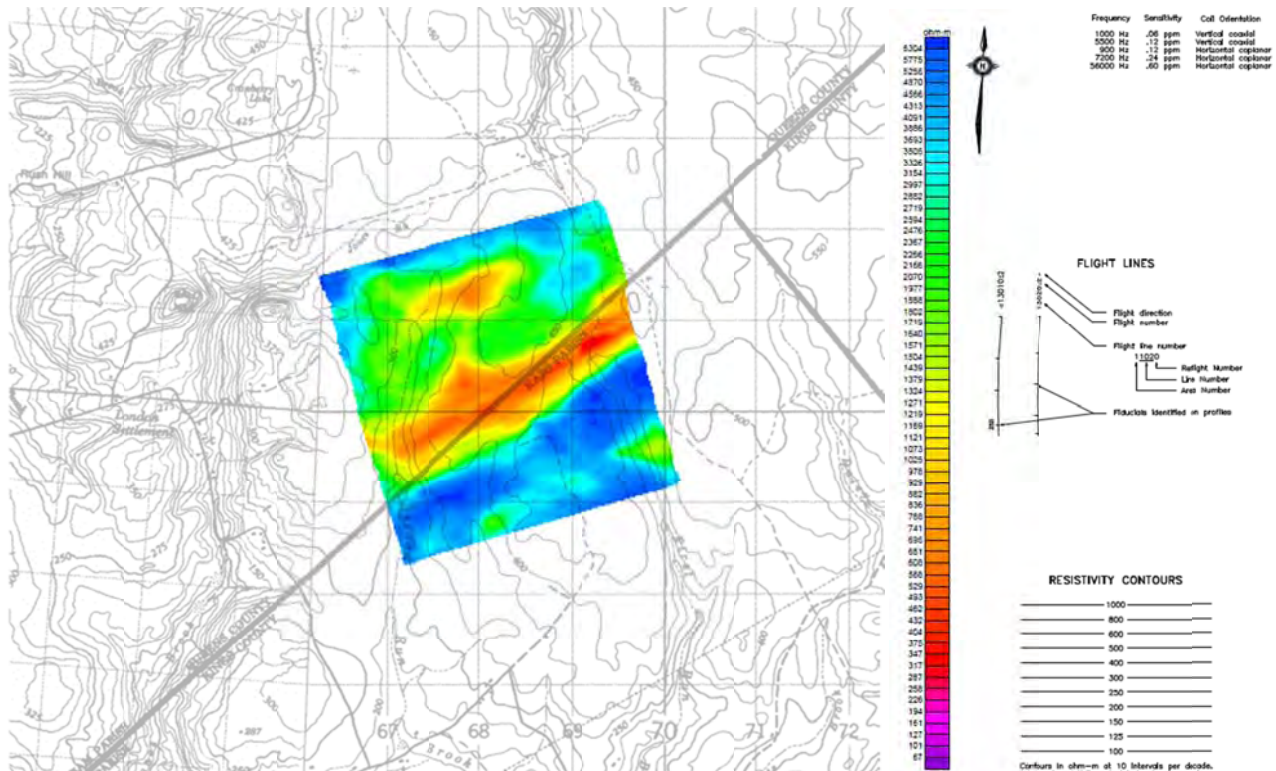
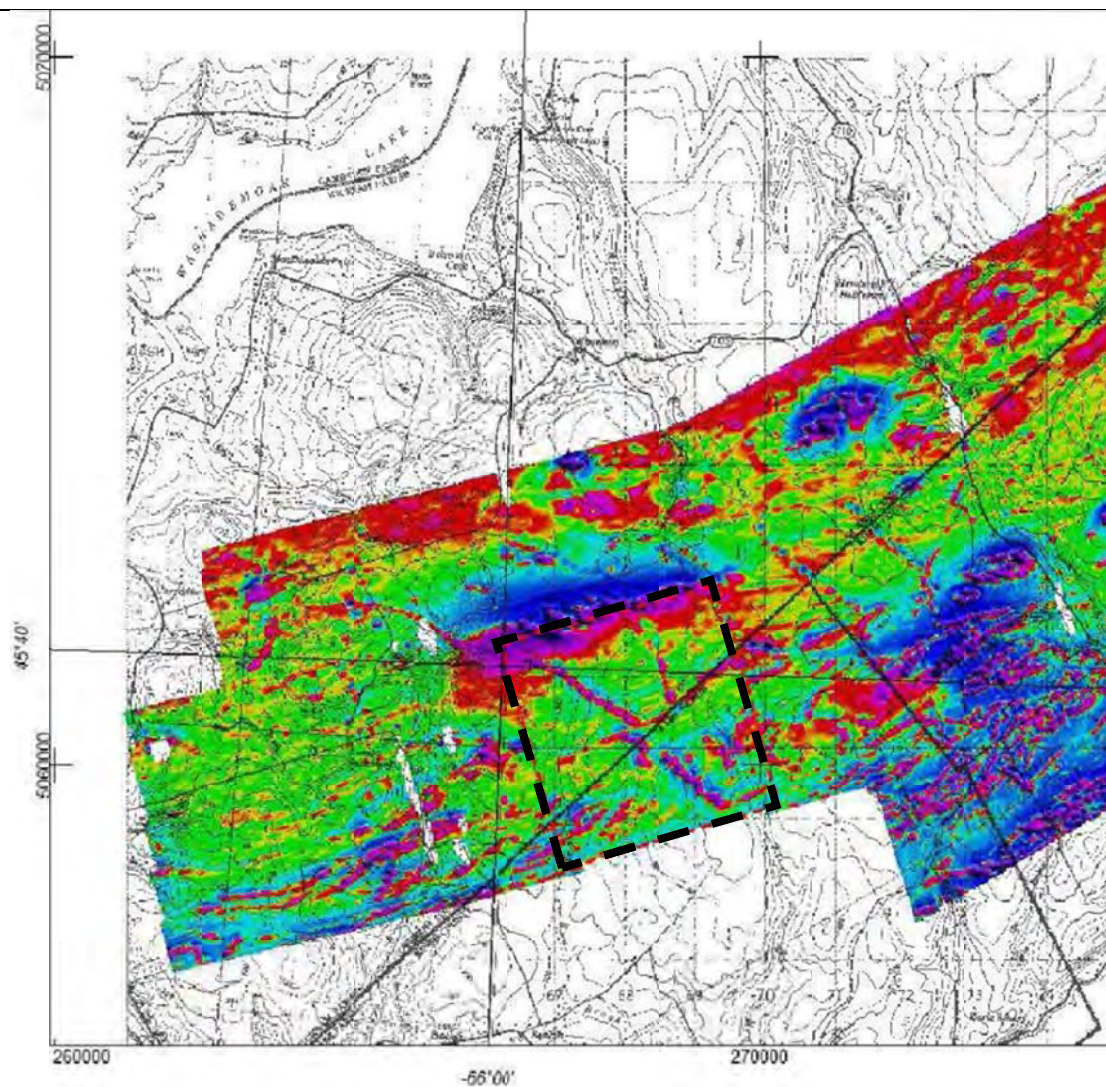


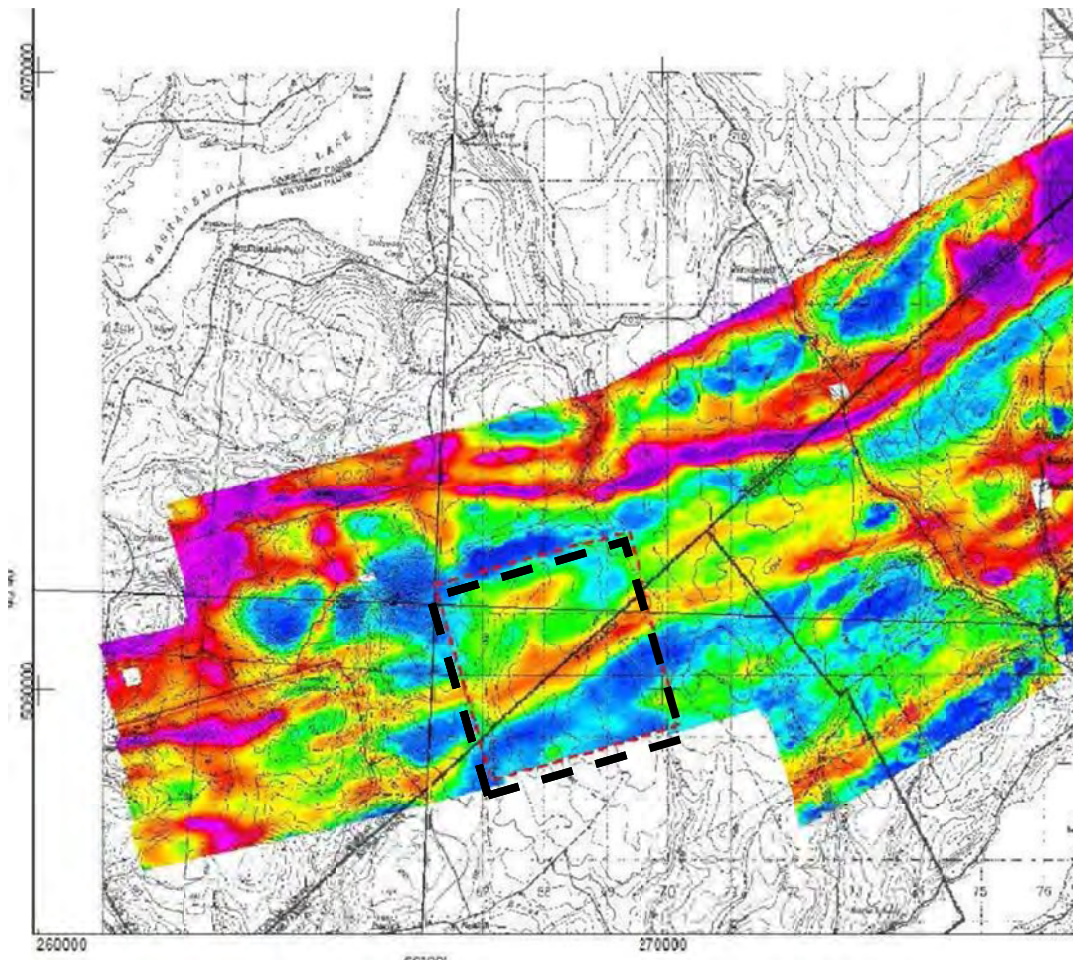
Figure 14: Apparent resistivity (7200 Hz coplanar) Block 1

No discrete bedrock sources were interpreted within Block 1, even though there is at least one known deposit in the area. Therefore this suggests that the responses from the mineralized zones have been obscured by the power-line interference, or that the mineralization does not contain sufficient conductive material to generate a distinct EM response. There were, however, several weak or poorly defined conductors in survey Block 1. The majority of these conductors have been attributed to conductive material at the surface (overburden) but there are some that form linear trends, indicating a possible contribution from underlying bedrock structures.

The data from the 2008 Fugro airborne survey (Fugro, 2008) was merged with data collected in 2012 (**Figure 15** and **Figure 16**).



**Figure 15: Merged 2008 and 2012 vertical magnetic gradient image.
Block 1 outlined by dashed line.**



**Figure 16: Merged 2008 and 2012, 7200 Hz resistivity image.
Block 1 outlined by dashed line.**

477665

Exploration work completed during the period of June 1, 2013 to April 1, 2014 included the establishment of two new grid systems (the Bald Hill South Extension and Bond Road* grids) totalling 38.2 line-kilometres, with soil geochemical sampling, VLF-EM geophysical surveying and prospecting/geology being completed on these grids. Minor VLF-EM and in-fill soil geochemical sampling was also completed on parts of the main Bald Hill Project grid.

** Note: the Bond Road area was re-named "Bald Hill East" in the 2010 Technical Report (MacDonald, 2010) and in subsequent Portage Minerals new releases.*

In addition to the soil geochemistry, ground geophysics and bedrock geology surveys, environmental baseline studies on surface water from the Project area were continued, and preliminary metallurgical test-work was completed on an excavated bulk sample from the main Project area.

A total of 1,028 soil samples and 27 rock samples were collected and analyzed by Activation Laboratories (Actlabs) of Ancaster, Ontario. Soil samples were analyzed utilizing an ultra-trace 1 Aqua Regia extraction with inductively coupled plasma/ mass spectrometry (ICP/MS) method (code UT-1-0.5 Aqua Regia ICP/MS). Lithological samples were analysed for 48 elements using 4 acid digestion followed by inductively coupled plasma/ optical emission spectrometry (ICP/MS) analysis and instrumental neutron activation analysis (INAA) methods (Code 1H INAA + TD-ICP).

It should be noted that the Bond Road grid and related survey coverage, straddles two separate claim groups both 100% held by Rockport. The two claim groups are Bald Hill group 5061 and Devils Pike group 4633 (**Figure 17**). Full reporting and interpretation of results are shown and discussed in detail in the **477665** Assessment Report.

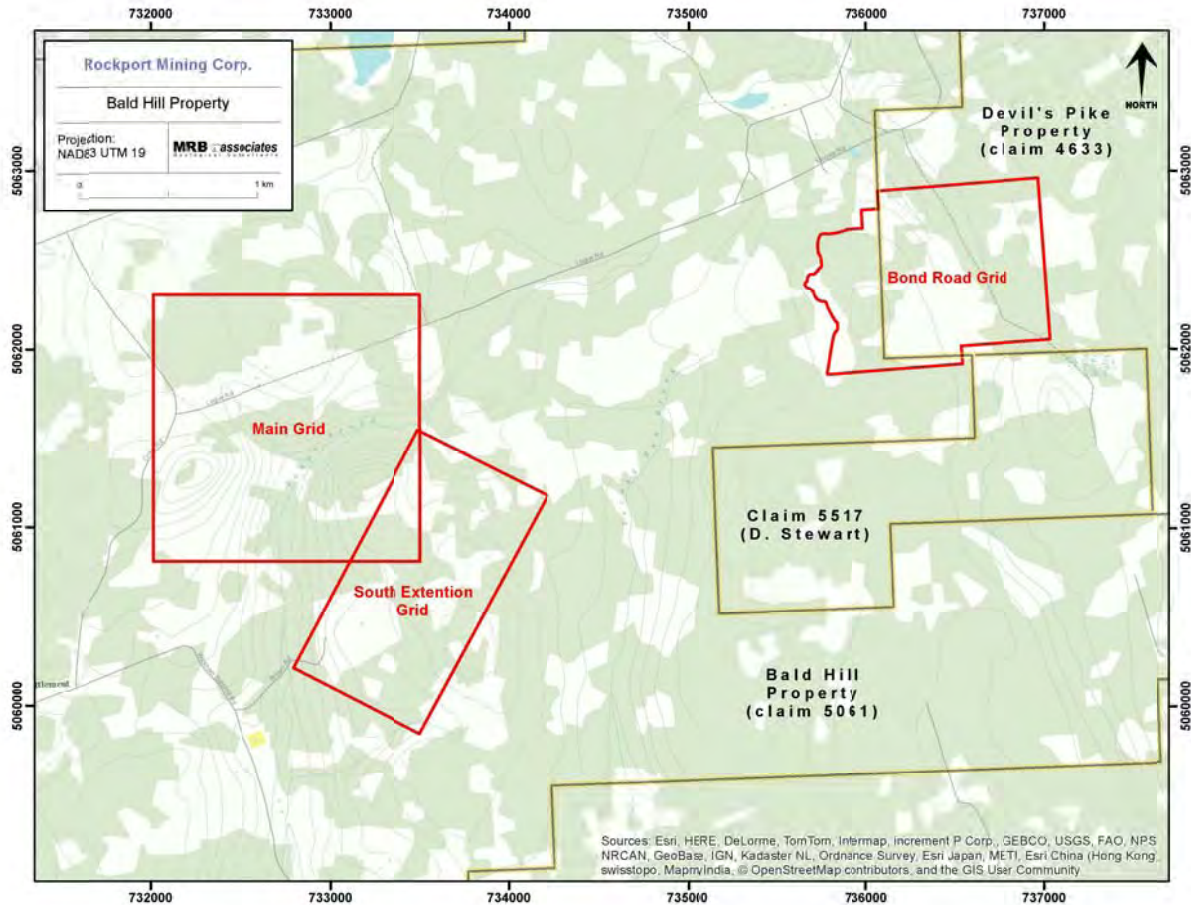


Figure 17: Claim map showing outline of Bald Hill and Devil's Pike properties, and locations of Main, South Extension and Bond Road grids.

Assay results from the soil geochemical programme identified several areas of anomalous antimony content, with a high percentage of the assay results above background (i.e., >2.5 ppm Sb). Individual assays returning up to 453 ppm Sb from the Bald Hill South Extension grid and up to 119 ppm Sb from the Bond Road grid.

Soil-assay results from the main Bald Hill grid and Bald Hill South Extension grid reflect a potential additional 1.5 km extension to the Bald Hill deposit, toward the southeast, with multiple anomalies being identified.. On the Bond Road grid, the soil-assay results outline a well-defined, 600m long Sb anomaly with soil values ranging to 119 ppm Sb. The anomalies on both grids are viewed as "high priority targets" by Rockport.

A summary of soil geochemical results from each of the grid areas, is shown in **Table 6**.

Table 6: Summary of 2013 Bald Hill Soil Geochemistry Statistics

Bald Hill South Extension Grid				Bond Road (Bald Hill East) Grid		
Total Samples	512			Total Samples	458	
Max. Sb (ppm)	453			Max. Sb (ppm)	119	
Min. Sb (ppm)	0.14			Min. Sb (ppm)	0.15	
Sb ranges (ppm)	# of samples in range	% of samples in range		Sb ranges (ppm)	# of samples in range	% of samples in range
≥2.5	220	43.0		≥2.5	72	15.9
≥5.0	115	22.5		≥5.0	38	8.4
≥10.0	53	10.4		≥10.0	19	4.2
≥20.0	19	3.7		≥20.0	11	2.4
≥40.0	11	2.2		≥40.0	3	0.7
≥100.0	6	1.2		≥100.0	1	0.2

Bald Hill South Extension and main Bald Hill Grids

Soil Survey

Bald Hill South Extension Grid

A total of 512 B-horizon soil samples were collected on the Bald Hill South Extension grid. The soil assay results delineated strong, distinct Sb, Au and As anomalies; with Sb anomalies particularly high in the southwest part of the South Extension grid. The Sb anomalies trend northwest, and are in-line with the known antimony mineralized zones in the main Project area.

The consistent, wide, and highly anomalous Sb-in-soil anomalies in the South Extension Grid indicates that the main Bald Hill Project mineralization continues into this area (**Figure 18**).

A peak Au value of 232 ppb was obtained; 9% of samples display anomalous Au values (i.e., above 15 ppb). The samples sites of the anomalous Au are mainly in the southern part of the South Extension grid and weakly align along an east-west trend, with a possible weaker trend orientated northwest (**Figure 19**).

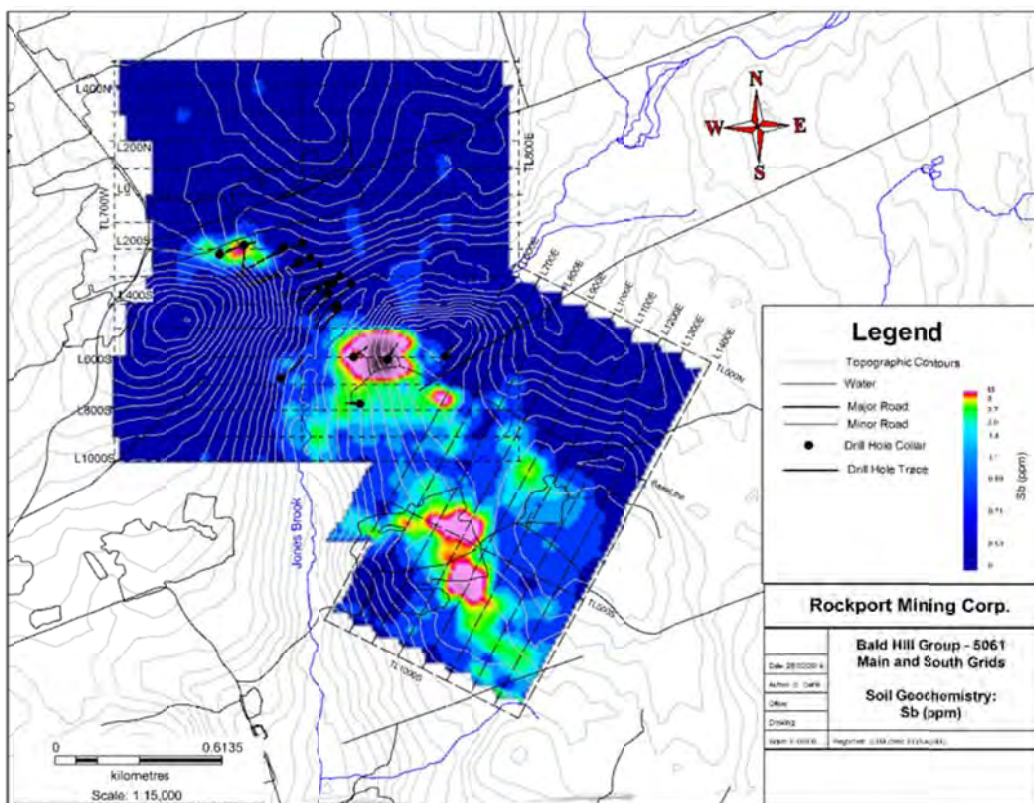


Figure 18: Sb-in-soil anomalies; main and south-extension grids

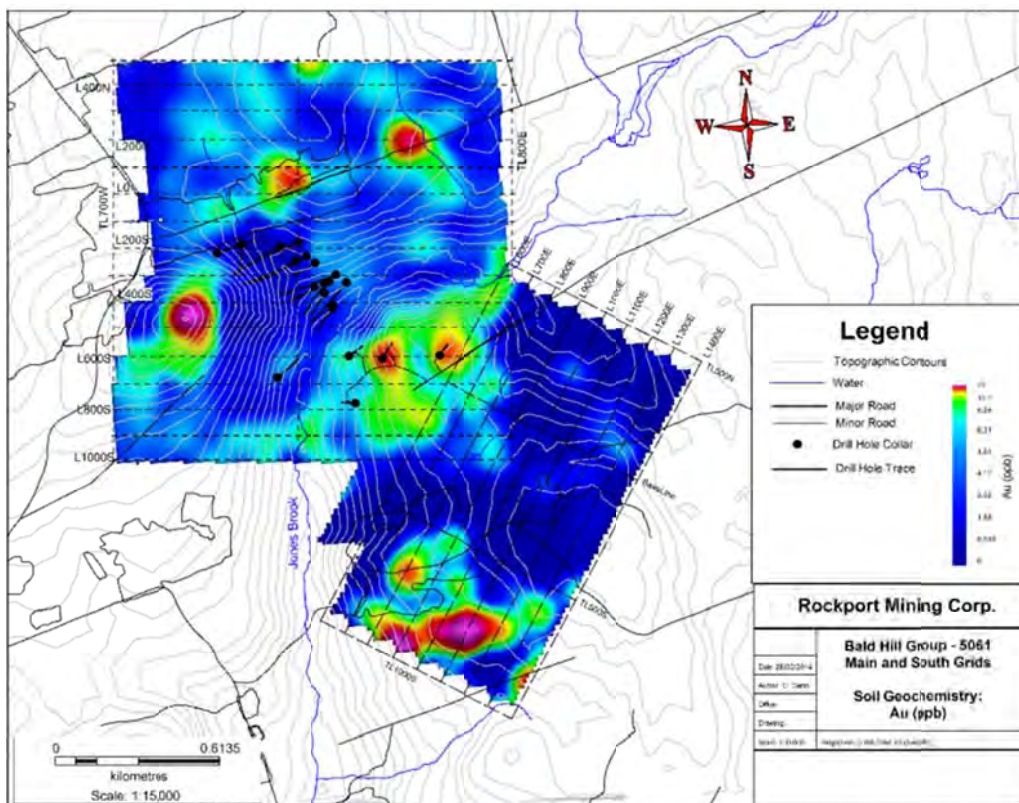


Figure 19: Au-in-soil anomalies; main and south-extension grids

A peak As content of 233 ppm was obtained; 12% of the samples display anomalous As values (i.e., above 35 ppm), and 3.7% had As concentrations above 60 ppm (**Figure 20**).

Bald Hill - main grid:

A total of 58 B-horizon soil samples were collected on the main Bald Hill Project grid.

The soil sampling results outlined various weak to moderate Sb, As and Au anomalies corroborating the weak to moderate strength, northwest-trending Sb-in-soil anomaly that was identified in the original Bald Hill main grid soil geochemical surveys.

The As soil results produced a peak value of 152 ppm with 57% of the samples exhibiting anomalous As values >20 ppm. 31% of the As results are >35 ppm and 5% are >60 ppm As.

The Au soil results produced a peak value of 66.5 ppb with 8.6% of the assay results exhibiting anomalous Au values >5 ppb Au, whereas 5% of the assay results exhibit values of Au >30 ppb.

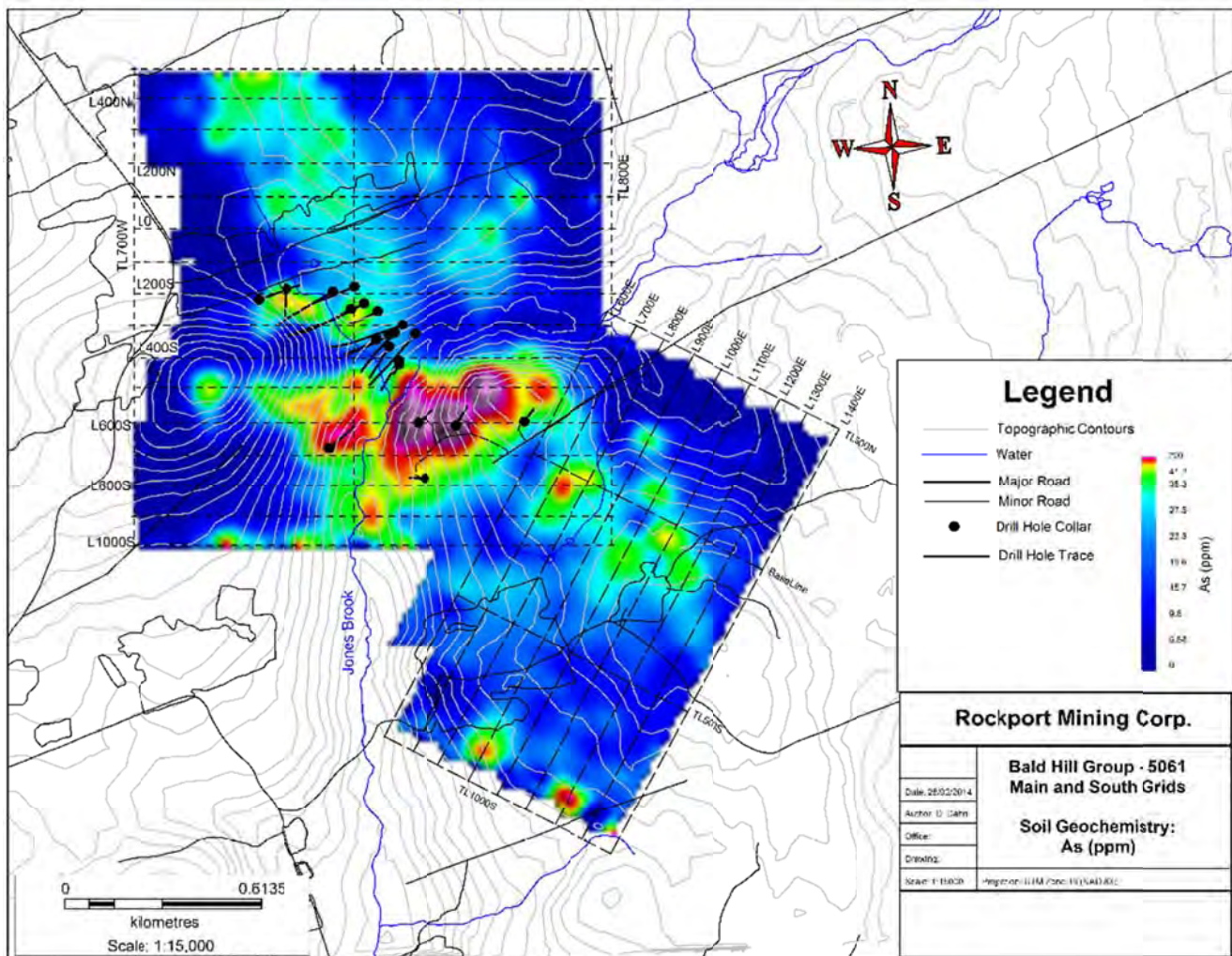


Figure 20: As-in-soil anomalies; main and south-extension grids

Ground Geophysics (VLF-EM) Survey

A Geonics VLE-EM-16 instrument was used for collection of the survey data, and Cutler, Maine was the transmission station utilized.

Bald Hill South Extension Grid:

A total of 13.5 kilometres of VLF-EM readings were taken along the established grid lines at 25 m intervals. Five strong to moderate strength, well defined, generally east-west trending VLF-EM conductors were identified on the South Extension grid.

An interpreted “corridor” of three to four weak to moderate strength VLF-EM features strike northwest through the central part of the grid. This “corridor” may represent a series of northwest-trending faults or structural discontinuities parallel to the mineralized zones in the main Bald Hill project area.

Bald Hill Project main grid:

A total of 4.53 kilometres of VLF-EM readings were taken along the established grid lines at 25 m intervals.

Two strong to moderate strength, north- and northwest-trending, well-defined VLF-EM conductors were identified (**Figure 21**). The northwest-trending anomaly correlates well with the surface projection of the Bald Hill deposit mineralization based on diamond-drilling results.

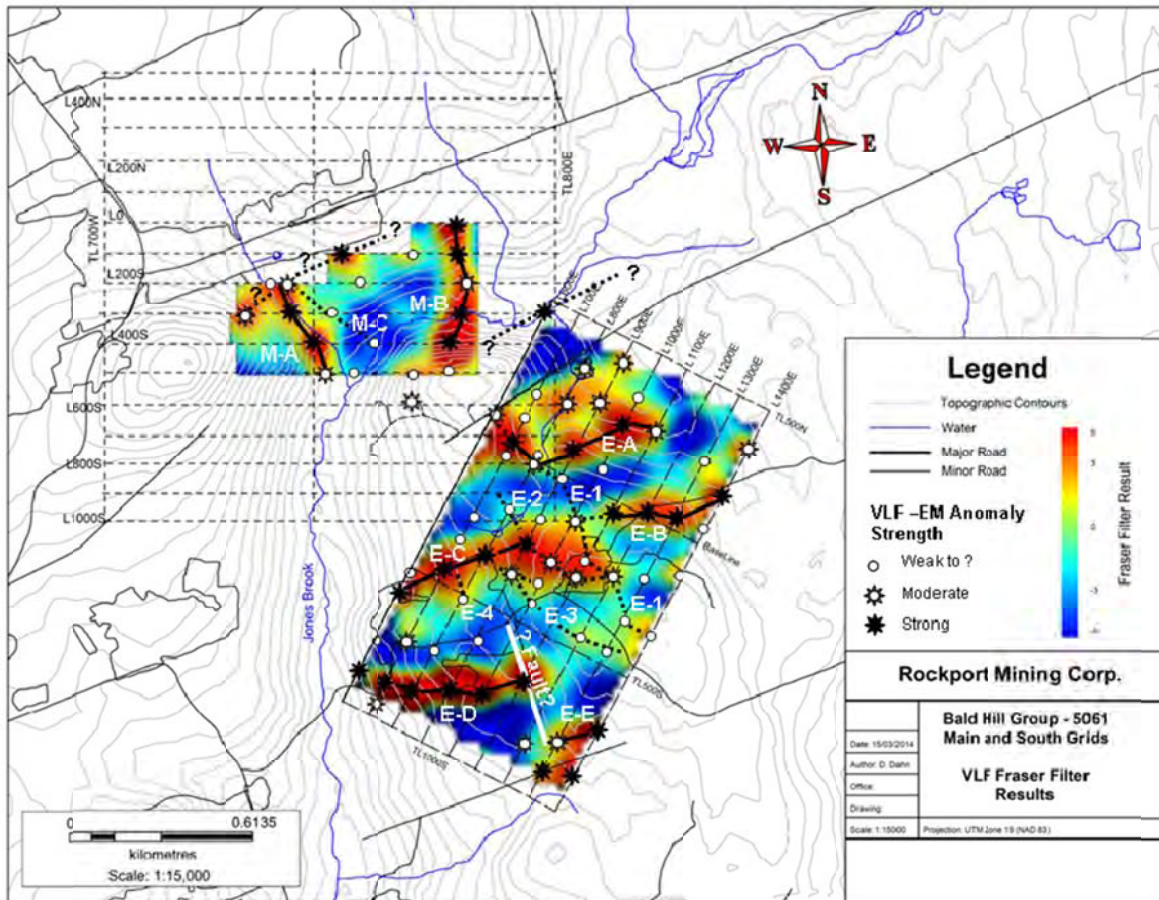


Figure 21: Image of processed VLF-EM survey results, with interpreted anomalies

Prospecting & Geology

Bald Hill South Extension Grid:

Geological mapping and prospecting determined that bedrock exposure on this grid is sparse. A total of twelve samples of float and outcrop were sampled and submitted to ActLabs' preparation facility in Fredericton for analysis.

Samples that returned anomalous levels of gold and/or antimony comprise: sample #9516, which returned 24 ppb Au, 875 ppm Cu, >5000 ppm Pb, 1610 ppm Zn and 7.5 ppm Sb; sample #9517 with 204 ppm Cu, 423 ppm Pb and 6.2 ppm Sb; sample #9521 with 156 ppb Au, 2420 ppm As and 14.3 ppm Sb, and; sample #9527 that returned 30.2 ppm Sb.

Table 2 in the report indicates that six (6) rock samples were collected for lithogeochemical analysis; however, elsewhere the report states that no new prospecting or sample collection was carried out on the main Bald Hill grid. There are no analytical results in the assessment report for rock samples from the main grid.

Enhancing the indicated economic potential of each of these areas is the occurrence of angular boulders contain significant concentrations of antimony. On the Bald Hill south extension, historical prospecting work in 1997 located antimony bearing boulders that were reported to assay 7.3% Sb, 7.8% Sb and 11.3% Sb (Assessment Report **475737**).

Bond Road Grid

Soil Survey

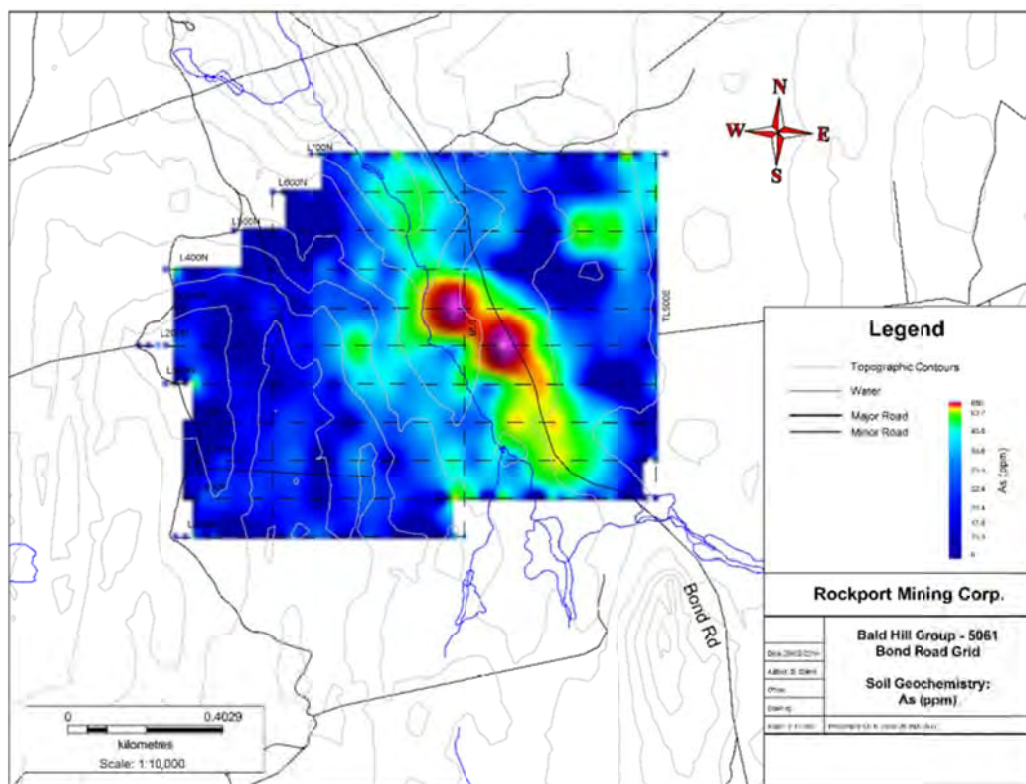
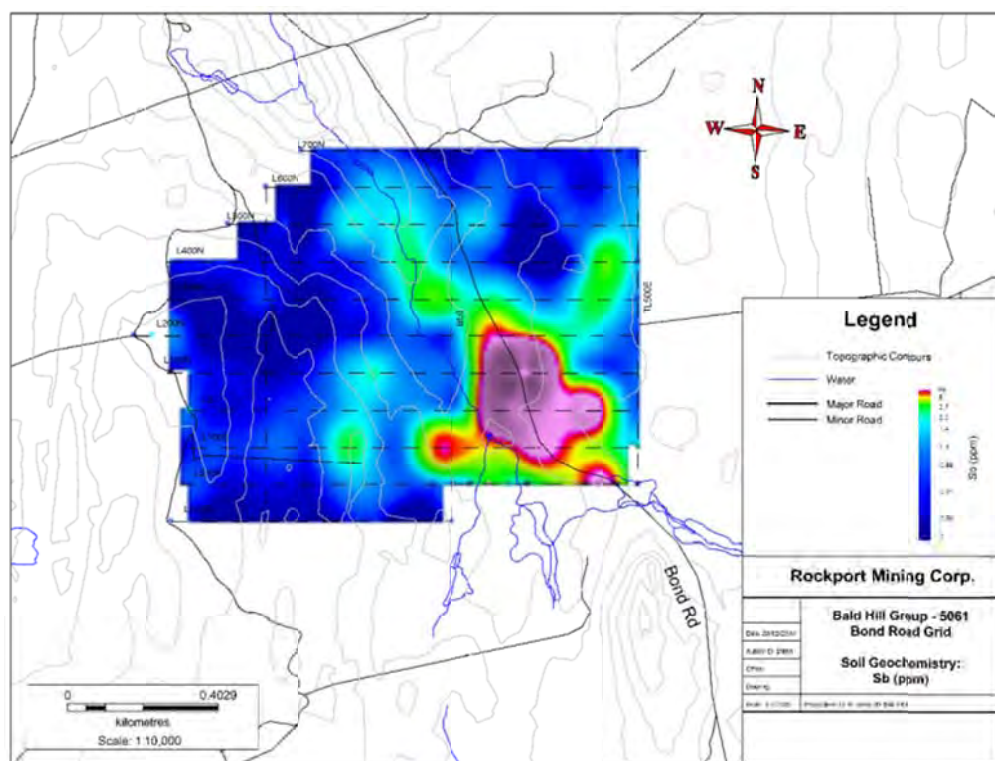
A total of 458 B-horizon soil samples were collected on the Bond Road grid. The soil assay results delineated strong, distinct Sb and As anomalies (**Figure 22** and **Figure 23**) in the southeast and central parts of the grid respectively. Both anomalies have moderate to well-defined northwest orientations, like the known antimony mineralized zones in the main Project area.

A peak Sb anomaly value of 119 ppm was obtained. Approximately 16% of the samples are found within the threshold anomalous range (i.e., above 2.3 ppm Sb); 8% of samples have Sb concentrations above 5.4 ppm, and around 4% of samples have Sb content over 9.7 ppm. Soil assay results outline a well-defined, 600 m Sb anomaly with soil assay values up to 119 ppm Sb (**Figure 22**).

A peak As value of 1,760 ppm was obtained. Around 26% of the samples have As values above 35 ppm and 14% had concentrations of As above 60 ppm.

A peak Au value of 73.9 ppb was obtained. The Au anomalies appear to be of a sporadic nature, with very few continuous anomalies found along any of the sampled lines (**Figure 24**). Only 8% of samples display Au value above 15 ppb.

There appears to be a strong correlation between the presence of As and Sb, particularly at the higher-end of Sb ppm values.



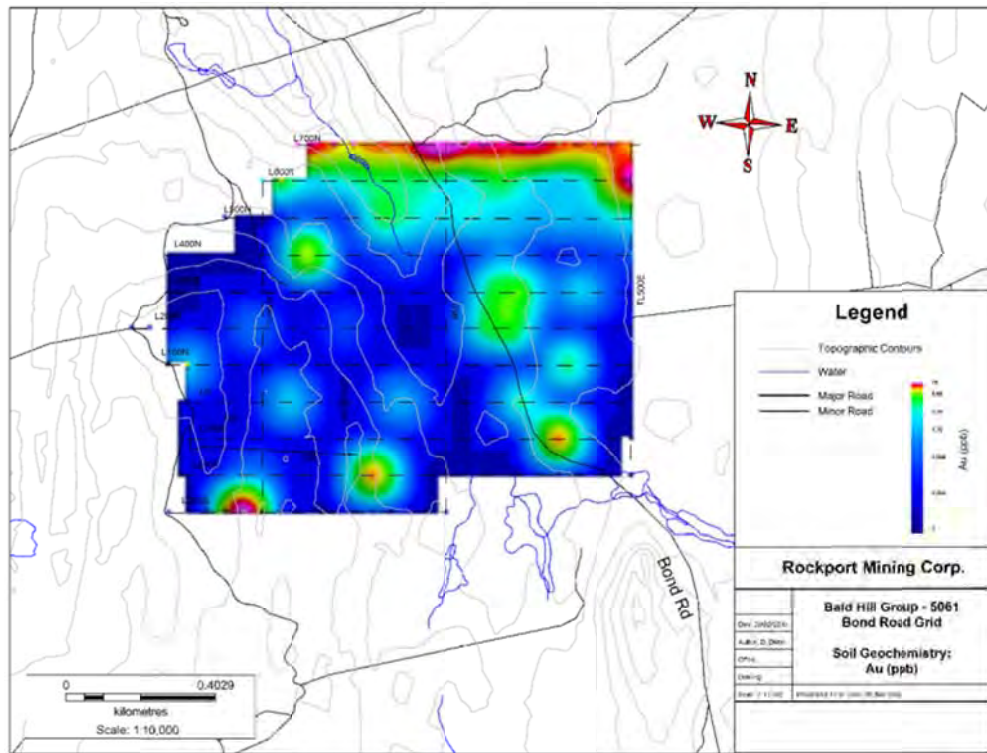


Figure 24: Au-in-soil anomalies, Bond Road grid

Ground Geophysics (VLF-EM) Survey

A Geonics VLE-EM-16 instrument was used for collection of the survey data, and Cutler, Maine was the transmission station utilized.

A total of 12.68 kilometres of VLF-EM readings were taken along the established grid lines at 25 m spacing. A number of strong, well-defined, generally north-south striking VLF-EM conductors were identified. Trending northwest through the central part of the grid is a "corridor" of three to four, possible, weak to moderate VLF-EM features (**Figure 25**). This "corridor" of anomalies has a general correlation with anomalous soil geochemical results for Sb and As.

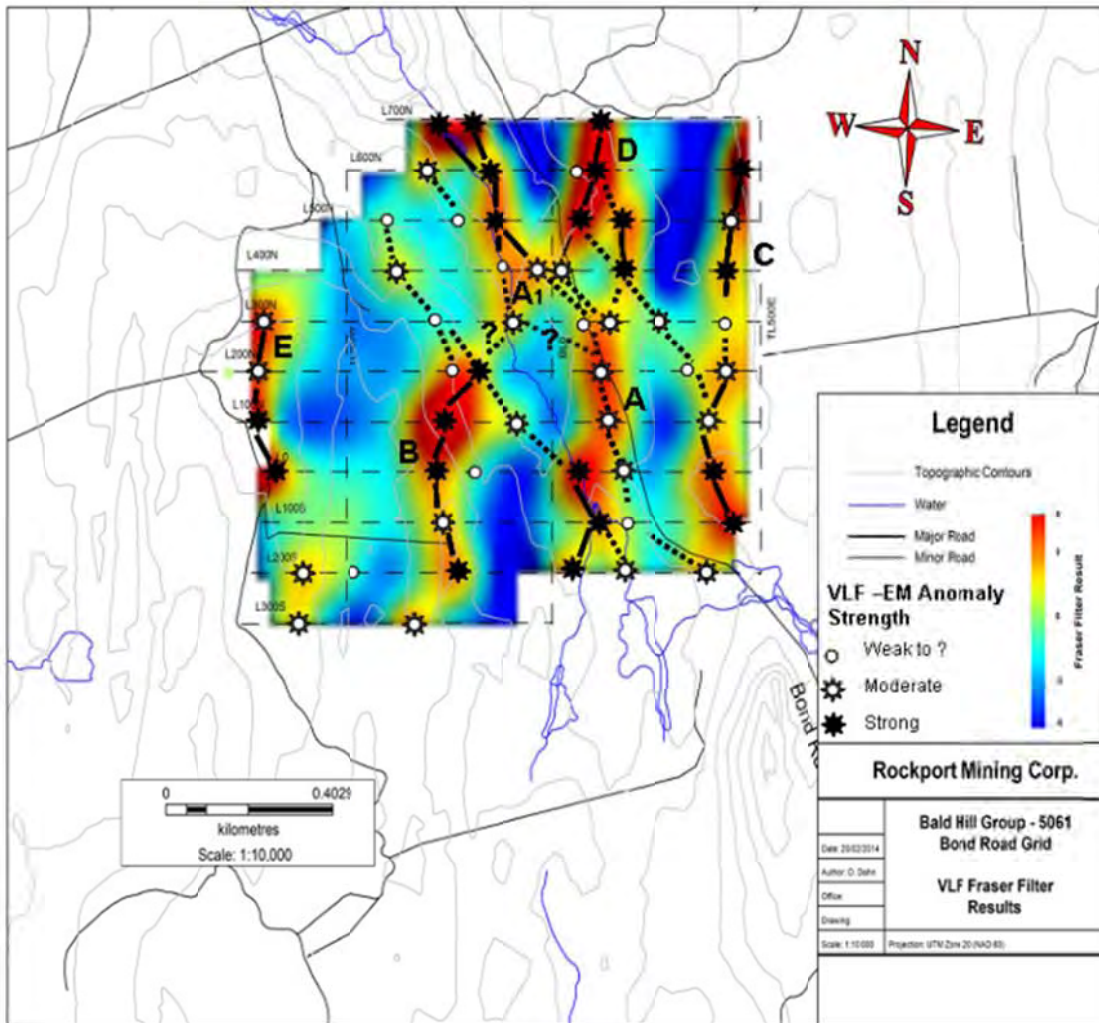


Figure 25: Image of processed VLF-EM survey results with interpreted anomalies

Prospecting & Geology

Geological mapping and prospecting completed on the established grid lines determined that outcrop on the property is generally sparse. A total of fifteen samples of float and outcrop were collected and submitted to ActLabs' preparation facility in Fredericton, NB for analysis.

Samples that returned anomalous levels of gold and/or antimony comprise: sample #9501 with 22.1 ppm Sb; sample #9505, which returned 25 ppb Au and 97.8 ppm Sb; sample #9506 which contained 13 ppb Au; sample #9510 with 602 ppb Au and 161 ppm Sb, and; sample #9511 which returned 107 ppb Au and 4910 ppm Sb.

Previous sampling of eleven (11) angular, mineralized, Sb-rich boulders discovered on the Bond Road (Bond Hill East) grid in 2008-2009 returned seven (7) assays greater than 15% Sb (MacDonald, 2010).

Metallurgical Test-work

Bulk Sample

In addition to the ground exploration work, a 1.5 tonne bulk sample of antimony bearing mineralization was collected on December 8th, 2013 from the previously excavated trench BH-TR-11-01 (see Assessment Report **477222**), which had been subsequently filled-in. Half of the bulk sample material came from the "West Zone" and half from the "East Zone" in the trench.

The East Zone comprises fine grained, disseminated stibnite and quartz intergrowths in fractures and narrow "stockworks". Very little brecciation is observed and the rock type on either side of the mineralized zone is rhyolite. Rhyolite adjacent to the mineralized zone on the eastern side appears altered. The East Zone mineralized sample material graded 6.84% Sb.

The West Zone antimony mineralization, located along the contact of pink rhyolite and black shale, is coarse-grained (stibnite crystals up to 2.0 cm), and contains a higher percentage of massive mineralization compared to the East Zone. This zone contains brecciated clasts of both host rock types in a matrix of stibnite and quartz, suggesting brittle faulting/fracturing during mineralization. Overall the stibnite mineralization occurs primarily as veins (brecciated host rock clasts within stibnite +/-quartz matrix), vein stockworks, fractures and disseminations. The West Zone mineralized sample material graded 8.17% Sb.

The excavation and "rock breaking" was completed under contract by Gailbraith Construction Ltd of Saint John, NB. A 20 ton excavator equipped with a bucket and 2,000 lb/ft breaker was utilized.

The sample material was transported to RPC Science and Engineering Laboratories in Fredericton, NB on the 9th December 2013 for metallurgical test work. A summary of the metallurgical test-work and results is presented in **Section 13.0** of this Report.

Environmental Baseline Study

Surface-Water Sampling

Surface-water samples were collected on June 30, 2013 and October 30, 2013 as part of on-going Environmental baseline investigations. These samples are part of an environmental programme carried out by Conestoga-Rovers & Associates (CRA) of Fredericton, NB, previous results of which are reported in Assessment Report **477458** and summarized in **Section 15.0** of this Report.

2014 Trenching Programme – Bald Hill South Extension Grid (Assessment Report not yet submitted)

An exploration trenching programme was carried out in May and June of 2014 on the Bald Hill South Extension grid, approximately 1.0 kilometres southeast of the main Bald Hill occurrence. Eight (8) trenches, totalling 715.5 metres were excavated (**Figure 26**), with 37 lithological samples collected. This programme, designed to evaluate the source of strong Sb-in-soil anomalies identified in late 2013 (see **477665**), uncovered significant antimony (stibnite) mineralization in a high-strain, hydrothermally altered, breccia zone. Channel samples of the mineralized zone returned assays of 9.04% Sb over a 2.60 metre interval that included 12.32% Sb over 1.70 metres (**Table 7**).

Table 7: Summary of Assay Results From 2014 Trenching Programme

Trench Location: 733272 East / 5060631 North (UTM NAD83, Zone 19)			
Sample ID	Sample width (m)	Sb %	
9568	0.8	2.78	9.04% Sb over 2.60 m (includes 12.32% Sb over 1.70 m)
9569	0.1	3.41	
9570	0.2	11.7	
9571	1.5	12.4	
9572	1	0.09	

The trenching also uncovered numerous, angular, mineralized boulders of massive to sub-massive stibnite that graded from 8.25% to 48.00% Sb. Of the 11 mineralized boulders sampled, 9 returned assays greater than 15.00% Sb (**Table 8**). The antimony mineralization within the bedrock zone and localized boulders occurs as disseminated, fracture/vein filling and sub-massive to massive stibnite. All assays were performed by Activation Laboratories Ltd, Ontario, using code 1H INNA (INAAGEO) / Total Digestion ICP and Code 8 Sb assay by peroxide ICP – Sodium Peroxide Fusion ICP on any Sb assays greater than or equal to 10,000 ppm Sb.

Table 8: Summary of 2014, Boulder-In-Till Assay Results

Sample ID	UTM NAD83, Zone 19		Sample width (m) or grab sample	Sb %
	Easting	Northing		
9553	733318	5060568	0.65	33.3
9554	733318	5060568	1.00	13.4
9556	733318	5060568	0.90	8.2
9557	733320	5060575	0.45	16.8
9558	733317	5060573	0.40	34.9
9559	733315	5060574	0.90	48.0
9560	733318	5060570	grab	31.4
9564	733277	5060612	grab	14.0
9565	733266	5060624	grab	24.6
9566	733266	5060624	grab	33.8
9567	733266	5060624	grab	18.8

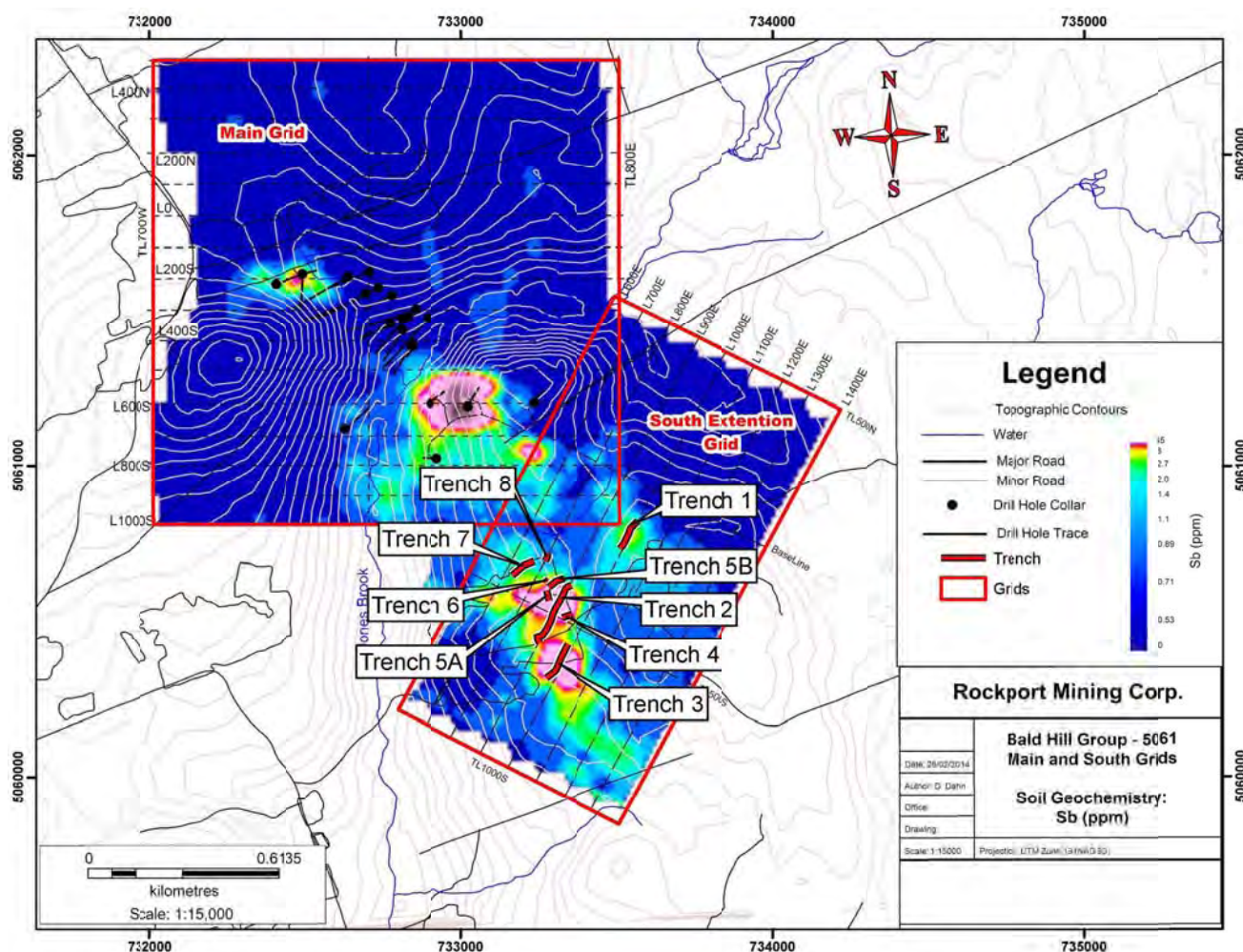


Figure 26: Sb-in-soils base map of main and south extension grid areas showing location of 2014 trenches

10.0 DRILLING

Four diamond-drill holes have been completed on the Property in the Bald Hill Project area since the previous Technical Report (MacDonald, 2010).

In June 2011 Rockport followed up the 2010 trenching programme with its Phase III, four-hole, 314.0 m, NQ-diameter, diamond-drilling campaign designed to test soil and geophysical anomalies along strike to the south of the Bald Hill antimony deposit (see **477222**). A summary of the 2011 drilling programme is shown in **Table 9**.

A total of 257 samples were collected and submitted for assay. Sample intervals ranged from 0.38 m to 1.50 m. An interval* of disseminated stibnite mineralization over 30.0 m was encountered in Hole BH-11-17, with the best intersection graded 1.37% Sb over 1.00 m from 32.0 m to 33.0 m down-hole. A 0.85 m intersection in hole BH-11-20, from 55.05 m to 55.90 m yielded 206 ppb Au, 20900 ppb As and 187 ppb Sb. No other significant mineralized intervals were intersected in the other Phase III drill holes.

***Note: All intervals reported in this Section are core-lengths and not true thicknesses.**

Table 9: Summary of 2011, Phase III Diamond-Drilling Programme: Bald Hill Project

Hole #	UTM NAD83, Zone 19		Final Length (m)	Azimuth (True)	Dip	# of Samples
	Easting	Northing				
BH-11-17	733022	5061190	95	031°	45°	155
BH-11-18	732922	5061024	71	272°	45°	13
BH-11-19	732899	5061199	80	052°	45°	38
BH-11-20	733233	5061202	68	036°	45°	49
		Total Metres:	314			255

The first hole of the Phase III programme (BH-11-17) was drilled 25 m southwest of Trench 1 channel 3 (**Figure 27**) and was designed to undercut the mineralization discovered in the trench. BH-11-17 intersected inter-bedded ash tuffs and rhyolite with some zones of quartz veining containing disseminated Sb. An interval of over 30.0 m of disseminated stibnite was encountered, with the best intersection grading 1.37% Sb over 1.00 m. This intersection is interpreted to represent the southeast continuation of the main mineralized zone, delineated in the 2008 campaign, and extends the mineralization over approximately 700 m in strike length.

Hole BH-11-18 was designed to test a high chargeability and metal-factor anomaly along with elevated Sb in soil. This hole intersected mainly shale with graphitic sections, which explained the source of the IP anomaly. Only trace stibnite was observed in hole BH-11-18.

Hole BH-11-19 was drilled to follow up a high Sb/As-in-soil anomaly and weak chargeability anomaly. This hole intersected mainly interbedded siltstone and ash tuffs. Trace stibnite was observed in quartz veinlets at 17.15 m down-hole.

Hole BH-11-20 was tested a weak chargeability and metal-factor anomaly coincident with a Au-Sb-As anomaly. This hole intersected interbedded rhyolite and ash tuffs with disseminated pyrite, arsenopyrite and trace stibnite within zones of quartz veining. Complete drill assays and logs are included in Assessment Report **477222**.

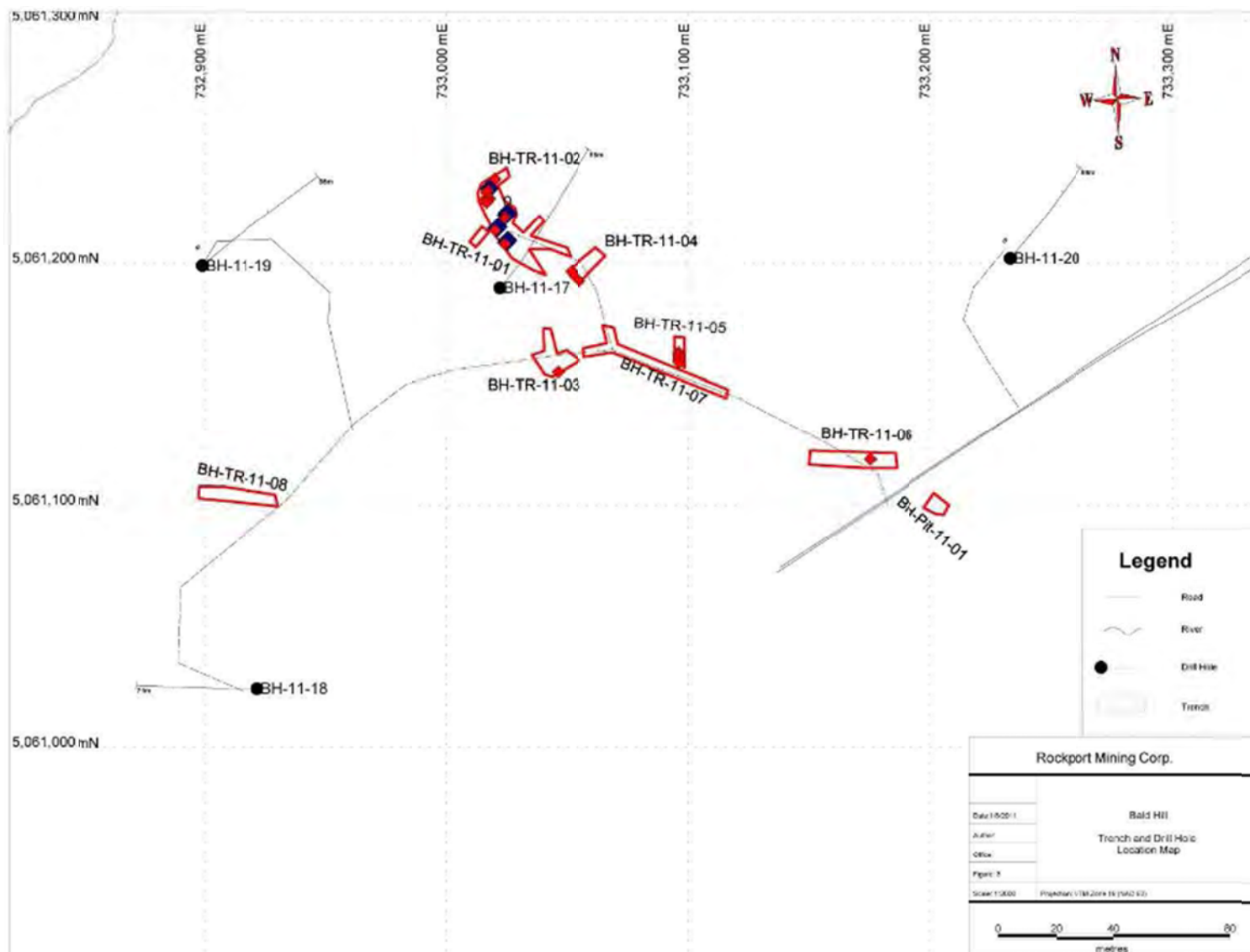


Figure 27: Location map of 2011 trenching and diamond-drilling program

11.0 SAMPLING PREPARATION, ANALYSES AND SECURITY

The Author reviewed the publicly available technical data covering historical exploration work on the Property with special emphasis on the Quality Assurance and Quality Control (QA/QC) procedures employed by Rockport.

According to Rockport, drill core was placed sequentially in wooden core boxes at the drill. The core boxes were transported by Rockport personnel on a daily basis to the core logging facility in Sussex, NB where geo-technicians checked depth markers, box numbers and carefully reconstructed the core. The core recovery (CR) and rock quality designation (RQD) were then calculated and magnetic susceptibility readings taken at 50 cm intervals.

The core was logged and marked for sampling by Rockport geologists; noting lithologies, structure, alteration and mineralization. Logging and sampling information was entered into a spreadsheet-based template that could be easily integrated into the project digital database. Prior to sampling, all drill core was photographed using a standardized format and digital camera to provide a permanent pre-sampling record of each hole.

Core sample intervals were selected based on visible mineralization and geological contacts. Sample lengths in mineralized intervals varied from a minimum of 0.38 m to a maximum of 1.50 m. Core marked for sampling was cut in half. Half the sampled core was returned to the box and the other half was placed in plastic bags. Core samples were tracked using three part ticket books. One tag was stapled into the core box at the beginning of the assay interval, one tag was placed in the sample bag along with the sample and the last tag is kept with the geologist's records. Core trays are marked with aluminium tags as well as felt marker. The plastic sample bags are placed in larger rice bags and sealed for shipping.

All the core from Rockport's drilling, except for some mineralized intervals from the earlier holes, is cross-piled and secure at the NBDEM core storage facility in Sussex.

Lithological grab samples collected in the field were placed in plastic bags. Grab samples were tracked using sample tags booklets. One tag was placed in the plastic bag with the sample and the number of the tag was recorded on the bag and in the collector's notes. Details of the sample were also recorded in the sample-tag booklet.

Drill core and grab samples to be submitted for analysis were placed and sealed in larger rice bags and stored in a secure area prior to shipping. The core shack was either locked or under the direct supervision of Rockport staff at all times. Sample transmittal forms were prepared that identified the samples shipped; the analytical procedure requested and assigned a unique order number for tracking. The samples were transported directly to Activation Laboratories Ltd. (ActLabs) sample preparation facility in Fredericton, NB by Rockport personnel. The samples were crushed and pulverized in Fredericton and the pulps were sent to the ActLabs main laboratory in Ancaster, Ontario, for analysis. ActLabs is accredited to ISO/TEC 17025.

Core sample and grab sample assays were performed by Activation Laboratories Ltd, Ontario, using a 4 acid digestion followed by inductively coupled plasma/ optical emission spectrometry (ICP/MS) analysis and instrumental neutron activation analysis (INAA) methods (Code 1H INAA + TD-ICP) for a 48 element suite. Gold was assayed using fire assay. High grade Sb results (i.e., >10,000 ppm Sb) were analysed by Act labs Code 8 package.

Given the high degree of conscientiousness with which Rockport executed their sample handling process, and that only one significant mineralized interval was encountered by the latest diamond-drilling campaign, MRB did not collect independent core samples for verification for this Report.

No grab samples were collected as they would not have been representative of the mineralization on the Project, nor would the analytical results have been representative of the mineralization of the host rocks on the Project. Analytical results of non-representative population of samples may impart a biased indication of the potential of the Property to shareholders, or potential shareholders.

MRB & Associates validates the adequacy of the samples taken, the security of the shipping procedures, the sample preparation and analytical procedures at ActLabs.

The Authors are of the opinion that the data obtained by Rockport since the effective date of the previous Technical Report (MacDonald, 2010) are of good quality.

12.0 DATA VERIFICATION

A review of all the pertinent and available assessment files from the Department of Energy and Mines of New Brunswick was completed. The Authors reviewed the reports containing information on the Bald Hill Property and its immediate surroundings and believe the information to be accurate. It is the Authors' opinion that the data used in the Report is adequate for the purposes of the Report.

Independent verification of the assay results reported by Rockport was achieved by comparison with copies of original assay certificates obtained directly from Activation Laboratories Ltd. (soil- and litho-geochemical analytical results) and Maxxam Analytics International Corp. (surface water analytical results). The assay certificates provided by Rockport were found to be identical to those supplied by the analytical laboratories for the Bald Hill Project.

The author is not aware of any sampling problems that would impact the accuracy and reliability of the original assay results.

12.1 Site Visit

Mr. Banks (P.Geo.) of MRB & Associates, conducted a site visit of the Bald Hill Project on August 26th and August 27th, 2014, accompanied by Roger Dahn, Rockport and TSAC's Vice President of Exploration.

During the site visit, Mr. Banks explored the general landscape and surface features of the Project recorded on geological maps and figures published by Rockport and TSAC. In addition, a number of drill-sites (inactive), trenches and outcrops were visited. Stibnite mineralization was observed in float, sub-crop and outcrop. The visit to the site located and examined documented mineral occurrences, and checked for and confirmed evidence of lithological sampling.

During his visit, Mr. Banks also reviewed Rockport's drill core, stored at the Department of Energy and Mines' core storage facility in Sussex, New Brunswick, and noted that the drill-core is in good order, stored in a secure facility, and can be properly identified by metal tags secured to the core boxes. Observation suggest that the core cutting/splitting was well done, sample tags were noted as being in place, and the tags and sampled sections corresponded to those indicated in the core logs. Mr. Banks also examined plans and sections of the Bald Hill Project, and reviewed Rockport's logging methods, sample-preparation procedures and sample security protocols with Mr. Dahn.

Since Mr. Bank's site visit, there has not been any ground exploration, nor significant new data generated, on the Project.

In conclusion, Mr. Banks verifies that antimony mineralization exists at the Bald Hill Project and further confirms the exploration activity previously reported by Rockport to be accurate and reliable.

12.2 Quality Assurance and Quality Control

Rockport follows a Quality Assurance and Quality Control (QA/QC) programme that involves the systematic use of Certified Reference Materials (CRMs or standards), blanks and field duplicates.

Drill-core Duplicates:

Blind drill-core duplicate samples assess the variability of; one half of the drill core versus the other; sample misordering, and; natural local-scale variation in element-concentrations (i.e., the “nugget-effect”). Rockport QA/QC protocol involves selecting drill-core duplicates during the logging process and submitted at a rate of 1 in 25. CRA recommends that mineralized material be duplicated.

Blanks:

The regular submission of blank material is used to assess potential contamination during sample preparation and to identify sample numbering errors. Rockport QA/QC protocol calls for insertion of “blank” reference material samples into the sample-stream at a 1 in 25 frequency. The barren material is silica sand obtained from a local supplier. A review of the blank sample results identified that most results are lower than detection limit; eight samples had detectable Sb and As indicating possible contamination or numbering issues.

In addition to the review of Rockport’s QA/QC procedures, MRB requested and received Certified original copies of analytical results from ActLabs and Maxxam for comparison with copies received from Rockport/TSAC. No discrepancies were found between the two data sets.

Certified Reference Material(CRM):

Results from CRM are used to identify problems with specific lithological sample batches (drill-core and surface rock), and long-term biases associated with the assay laboratory. Rockport inserted CRM samples at a rate of 1 in 50 into the sample stream. Certified Reference Material “CD-1” was acquired from CANMET Mining and Mineral Sciences Laboratories, a division of Natural Resources Canada, and is being used for the Project.

CD-1 was prepared in 1975 from ore of the Lake George mine of Consolidated Durham Mines and Resources Limited at Prince William, New Brunswick. It contains significant concentrations of antimony and arsenic and, thus, is especially useful in assessing methods in which there is potential interference between these elements. Twenty laboratories provided analytical results for either antimony or arsenic content of CD-1, or both. The approximate chemical composition of CD-1 is given in **Table 10**.

The CD-1 CRM was used in four (4) instances to verify results from the 2010-11 trenching and diamond-drilling programmes and the 2014 trenching programme. In all cases the measured and certified Sb content from assay were similar.

Table 10: Approximate Chemical Composition of CRM CD-1

Approximate Chemical Composition	
(Certified Values and 95% Confidence Intervals)	
Constituent	wt %
Sb	3.57 ± 0.04
As	0.66 ± 0.02
Si	32.9
Al	5.5
Sb	3.57
S	3.1
Fe	2.8
K	1.8
Ca	1.4
As	0.66
Mg	0.6
C (total)	0.2
Na	0.1
Pb	0.02
Cu	<0.01
H ₂ O (105/°C)	0.2
L.O.I.(950/°C)	4.0 Pb.0

13.0 MINERAL PROCESSING AND METALLURGICAL TESTING

Preliminary processing and metallurgical test-work of Bald Hill lithological drill-core and bulk samples was commissioned by TriStar Resources Inc. on behalf of Rockport under an executed Letter of Intent/Due Diligence Agreement dated June 30th, 2011. The work comprised economic geological studies consisting of GIS / data processing, metallurgical test work, preliminary ore-characterization, mineralogical and chemical profiling, and optical ore examinations. Particulars of the methods employed and results obtained are published in Assessment Reports **477458** and **477665** (available from New Brunswick Department of Mines and Energy, Minerals and Petroleum Branch and on-line at <http://dnre-mrne.gnb.ca/ParisWeb/AssessmentReportSearch.aspx>).

A total of 6 samples were collected for metallurgical test work.

Metallurgical Test Work (Assessment Report **477458**)

FLSmith Ore Characterization & Process Mineralogy Labs were contracted in order to perform a base-line characterization of six (6) representative samples. Tri-Star Resources Plc. requested bulk mineralogy, basic chemical profiling, textural features of the ore minerals, and preliminary analysis of liberation characteristics and amenability of the ore to gravity concentration and/or flotation. Results of FLSmith's test work are appended to the **477458** Assessment Report.

Wardell Armstrong International (WAI) was commissioned by Tri-Star Resources to undertake a programme of metallurgical characterisation test-work on a sample of antimony ore from the Bald Hill deposit.

Testing consisted of detailed chemical and mineralogical characterisation of the ore and test-work to determine the response of the material to concentration by means of froth flotation. Results showed that the material responded exceptionally well to the utilized regimes, with grades of up to 68.3% Sb, at recoveries in excess of 99%. WAI concluded that further developmental work would be required in order to optimise the processing methodology.

Results of the two flotation tests performed on the Bald Hill sample showed that, recoveries of up to 95.5% with a grade of 70% Sb could be achieved by means of flotation. The levels of antimony recovery achieved were, however, clearly dependent on the quantity of reagents added. The data also showed that the additional reagents had an impact on final concentrate grades with values rising from a maximum of 67.7% in test one to 70.3% in test two. With respect to the arsenic, the results showed that when antimony grades were at their highest, grades of circa 0.80% As at 82.5% recovery were achieved. Given that the mineralogy indicated that approximately 50% of the arsenic bearing arsenopyrite was associated with the stibnite, it is unlikely that this amount could be reduced significantly.

Bulk Sample (Assessment Report **477665**)

On December 8th, 2013, two 0.75 tonne bulk samples of antimony mineralization, were collected from the previously excavated BH-TR-11-01 trench (see Assessment Report **477222**), which had been subsequently filled-in. One sample came from the "West Zone" and one from the "East Zone" in the trench.

The East Zone comprises fine grained, disseminated stibnite and quartz intergrowths in fractures and narrow "stockworks". Very little brecciation is observed and the rock type on either side of the mineralized zone is altered rhyolite. The East Zone mineralized sample material graded 6.84% Sb.

The West Zone antimony mineralization, located between pink rhyolite and black shale country rock, is coarse-grained, with stibnite crystals up to 2.0 cm, and contains a higher percentage of massive mineralization than the East Zone. This zone contains brecciated clasts of both host rock types in a matrix of stibnite and quartz, suggesting brittle faulting/fracturing during mineralization. Overall the stibnite mineralization occurs primarily as veins (brecciated host rock clasts within stibnite +/-quartz matrix), vein stockworks, fractures and disseminations. The West Zone mineralized sample material graded 8.17% Sb. The bulk samples were transported to RPC Science and Engineering Laboratories in Fredericton, NB on the 9th December 2013 for metallurgical test work.

Rockport retained RPC to complete a preliminary scoping study to examine optical-sorting methods that could be adopted, on a commercial scale, to process potential feed from the Bald Hill Project antimony deposit.

The test work at RPC involved crushing, screening and hand-sorting* conducted by Rockport geologists on the two bulk samples.

**Note: Although hand-sorting is still applied in laboratory environments, it is too laborious for a full-scale mining operation plant. In the mining industry, electronic optical sorting mechanisms, which utilize a variety of sensors including cameras, photomultiplier tubes, microwave attenuation sensors, XRF and infrared spectrometers coupled with responding mechanisms, have been utilized for plant-scale operations since the early 1970's.*

Once crushed and screened to $-6" + \frac{1}{2}"$, the material from each bulk sample was respectively hand-sorted by Rockport geologists and categorized into: "massive mineralization"; "good mineralization"; "poor mineralization", and; "waste", based on visual estimation.

Each category of sample produced was subsequently crushed and screened by RPC to a $-2" + \frac{1}{2}"$ size range and again sub-sampled for chemical analyses.

The prepared $-2" + \frac{1}{2}"$ size range samples were again sorted according to mineralization (i.e., massive, good, poor and waste) by Rockport geologists. All fractions produced were again weighed and subjected to chemical analyses by RPC.

Mass balance flow sheet designs and results are presented in **Figure 28** and **Table 11**.

East Sample:

The East sample consisted of 1.1% "massive" mineralization, 55.9 % "good" mineralization, 24.8% crushed fines and 2.1 % natural fines, with "waste" comprising 0.5 % (**Table 11-a**).

The highest Sb grade obtained (55.94%) was in the "good-massive" fraction; however, this represents only 2.5 % of the total Sb and 0.3 % of the total mass. The total "massive" fraction contained 47.77 % Sb at a distribution of 7.4 %. Most of the Sb finally reported to the "good" fraction (60.7 % distribution) at a Sb grade of 7.42%. A large fraction of Sb was also lost to the Crushed Fines fraction (24.0 % distribution), which graded of 6.61% Sb.

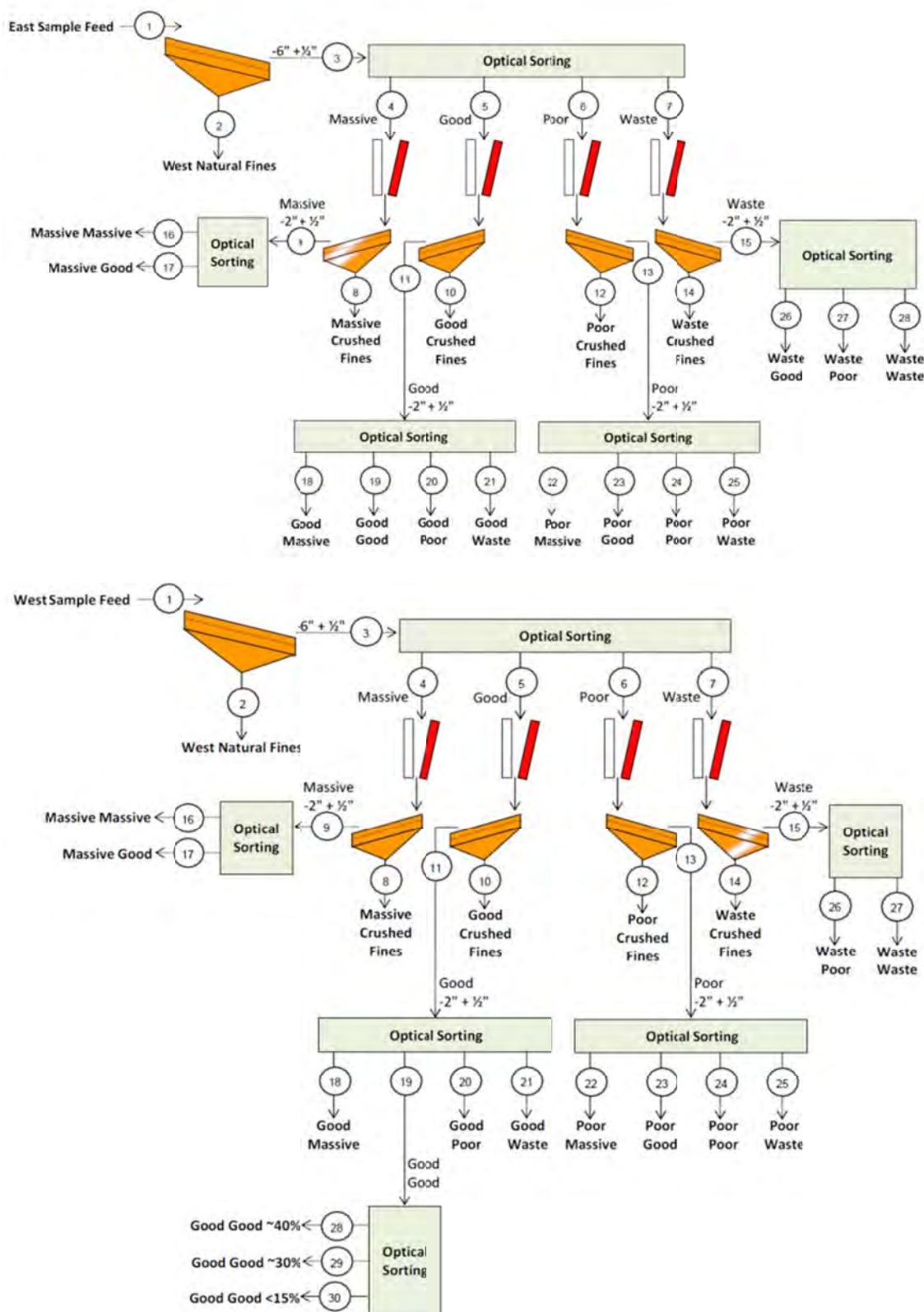


Figure 28: Mass balance flow sheets for East and West bulk samples (from RPC Report MIS-J1915, Assessment Report 477665).

Table 11: Mass Balance Results from East (11-a) and West (11-b) Bulk Samples
(Table 11-a)

No.	Stream Name	Mass (%)	Sb Grade (%)	Sb Dist. (%)	No.	Stream Name	Mass (%)	Sb Grade (%)	Sb Dist. (%)
1	East Sample Feed	100.0	6.84	100.0	18	Good Massive	0.3	55.94	2.5
2	East Natural Fines	2.1	7.39	2.3	19	Good Good	36.0	8.71	45.9
3	-6" + ½"	97.9	6.82	97.7	20	Good Poor	3.8	4.50	2.5
4	Massive	2.4	21.25	7.4	21	Good Waste	0.0	2.34	0.02
5	Good	53.7	8.40	66.0	22	Poor Massive	0.1	37.41	0.5
6	Poor	40.7	4.02	23.9	23	Poor Good	18.5	4.91	13.3
7	Waste	1.1	2.09	0.3	24	Poor Poor	11.4	1.75	2.9
8	Massive Crushed Fines	0.5	21.23	5.8	25	Poor Waste	0.1	1.43	0.02
9	Massive -2" + ½"	1.9	17.66	5.0	26	Waste Good	0.2	3.83	0.1
10	Good Crushed Fines	13.5	7.62	15.1	27	Waste Poor	0.5	2.17	0.2
11	Good -2" + ½"	40.1	8.67	50.9	28	Waste Waste	0.3	0.82	0.04
12	Poor Crushed Fines	10.5	4.65	7.2	8+10+12+14	Total East Crushed Fines	24.8	6.61	24.0
13	Poor -2" + ½"	30.1	3.80	16.7	16+18+22	Total East Massive	1.1	47.77	7.4
14	Waste Crushed Fines	0.2	2.40	0.1	17+19+23+26	Total East Good	55.9	7.42	60.7
15	Waste -2" + ½"	1.0	2.03	0.3	20+24+27	Total East Poor	15.6	2.43	5.6
16	Massive Massive	0.7	45.39	4.4	21+25+28	Total East Waste	0.5	1.12	0.1
17	Massive Good	1.2	7.83	1.4					

(Table 11-b)

No.	Stream Name	Mass (%)	Sb Grade (%)	Sb Dist. (%)	No.	Stream Name	Mass (%)	Sb Grade (%)	Sb Dist. (%)
1	West Sample Feed	100.0	8.17	100.0	19	Good Good	21.7	16.15	42.9
2	West Natural Fines	2.4	8.48	2.8	20	Good Poor	17.6	2.43	5.3
3	-6" + ½"	97.6	8.14	97.2	21	Good Waste	0.3	0.95	0.04
4	Massive	2.8	25.40	8.8	22	Poor Massive	0.2	43.74	1.3
5	Good	51.6	10.60	66.9	23	Poor Good	5.4	13.45	8.9
6	Poor	41.7	4.12	21.1	24	Poor Poor	19.1	1.98	4.6
7	Waste	1.4	2.26	0.4	25	Poor Waste	7.1	0.85	0.7
8	Massive Crushed Fines	0.6	25.45	1.8	26	Waste Poor	0.5	4.61	0.3
9	Massive -2" + ½"	2.3	25.14	7.0	27	Waste Waste	0.7	0.92	0.1
10	Good Crushed Fines	11.3	11.16	15.5	28	Good Good ~40% Stibnite	3.6	30.58	13.6
11	Good -2" + ½"	40.3	10.44	51.4	29	Good Good ~30% Stibnite	6.6	21.25	17.1
12	Poor Crushed Fines	9.8	4.57	5.5	30	Good Good <15% Stibnite	11.5	8.68	12.2
13	Poor -2" + ½"	32.0	3.98	15.6	31=8+10+12+14	Total West Crushed Fines	21.9	8.51	22.8
14	Waste Crushed Fines	0.2	1.47	0.04	32=16+18+22	Total West Massive	1.5	43.55	8.3
15	Waste -2" + ½"	1.2	2.40	0.3	33=17+19+23	Total West Good	28.7	15.69	55.1
16	Massive Massive	0.7	42.90	3.7	34=20+24+26	Total West Poor	37.3	2.23	10.2
17	Massive Good	1.6	17.04	3.3	35=21+25+27	Total West Waste	8.2	0.86	0.9
18	Good Massive	0.6	44.23	3.2	2+31+32+33	Total Excl. Poor & Waste	54.4	13.23	89.0

West Sample:

The West sample contained 1.5 % "massive" material, 28.7 % "good", 37.3 % "poor" material, 21.9% crushed fines and 2.4% natural fines, with "waste" comprising 8.2 %.

The highest Sb grade obtained (44.23%) was in the "good-massive" fraction; however, the Sb distribution to this fraction was only 3.2%, representing just 0.6 % of the total mass. The Sb content distributed mainly into the "good" fractions (55.1% total distribution grading 15.69% Sb), although a significant portion also reported to the "crushed fines" fraction (22.8% grading 8.51% Sb). The Sb grade of the "massive" fraction was 43.55 % (8.3 % mass distribution).

Notably, 89.0 % total Sb distribution in 54.4 % of the mass (rejecting 45.6 % mass) at a total grade of 13.23 % Sb was achieved through liberation to -2" with two stages of sorting. The product included natural-fines, crushed-fines, and all "massive" and "good" material.

Higher grades were achieved for both samples with greater liberation (i.e., finer grind); however, increased liberation generates a larger portion of finer material and therefore seemingly higher relative recovery percentages in the less liberated (-6" + ½") fractions at low (<12 %) Sb grades.

The test-work completed by RPC demonstrated the potential to pre-concentrate (beneficiate) material similar to the west bulk sample, as 89.0% recovery was achieved, while decreasing the mass by 45.6 %.

Complete documentation of the RPC's preliminary metallurgical test work completed during 2013 - 2014 is included as Appendix VI in Assessment Report **477665**.

14.0 MINERAL RESOURCE ESTIMATES

There have been no NI 43-101 mineral resource or mineral reserve estimates calculated for the Bald Hill Property. The historical work done on the Property to date has been of the early exploratory nature. Results from 20 widely-spaced diamond-drill holes (totalling 3768.32 m) on the Project have delineated one of the two mineralized zones over a strike of 700 metres and to a depth of approximately 300 metres; however, neither zone has been fully delineated and both remain open along strike and down dip.

MRB is in general agreement with the Potential Quantity and Grade Ranges as discussed below, noting two parameters that should be considered when a mineral resource estimate is completed upon further drilling of the Project.

Potential Quantity and Grade Ranges

The 2010 Technical Report by CRA included an estimate of potential quantity and grade of the antimony mineralization at the Bald Hill Property. **The reader is cautioned that this potential quantity and grade estimate is strictly conceptual in nature as there has been insufficient exploration to define a mineral resource on the Property. Furthermore, it is uncertain whether further exploration will result in the target being delineated as a mineral resource.**

The Bald Hill potential quantity and grade estimates were completed using a manual polygonal method to estimate antimony grades and tonnages for each composited interval block ("block"). Composited intervals were calculated for each drill hole and surface outcrop. Each interval had to meet the criteria of being greater than or equal to the minimum true thickness of 1.0 metres, and to be greater than or equal to the cut-off grade of 1% or 2% antimony.

Although it is understood that CRA's quantity and grade calculations are conceptual in nature, MRB's review of the methodology employed for the calculated estimates noted two parameters employed by CRA that should be considered if a NI 43-101 Mineral Resource Estimate is calculated for the Project:

1. CRA used a minimum true thickness of 1.0 metre for the volumetric calculation. Realistic minimum mining widths for the Bald Hill vein-type deposit would likely be 2.0 m.
2. CRA used lower cut-off grades of 1% to 2% Sb to calculate their quantity and grade ranges, but neglected to apply a "high-assay cutting value" for their estimate.

CRA's calculated quantity-range and grade-range estimates are shown in **Table 12**. Details of the methodology employed for the estimate calculation are included in the 2010 Technical Report by CRA (MacDonald, 2010).

Table 12: Potential Quantity and Grade Ranges* – Bald Hill Project

<i>Zone</i>	<i>Metric Tonnes</i>	<i>Grade (%Sb)</i>
Main Zone	700,000 to 900,000	4.33% to 5.40%
Parallel Zone	25,000 to 100,000	2.13% to 3.19%
Total	725,000 to 1,000,000	4.11% to 5.32%
Note: * The potential quantity and grade is conceptual in nature as there has been insufficient exploration to define a mineral resource and that it is uncertain if further exploration will result in the target being delineated as a mineral resource		

15.0 ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES, PERMITTING AND SOCIAL OR COMMUNITY IMPACT

In 2011, Conestoga-Rovers & Associates (CRA) of Fredericton, NB were commissioned by TriStar Resources Plc. to complete preliminary environmental baseline studies at the Bald Hill Project on behalf of Rockport, under an executed Letter of Intent/Due Diligence Agreement dated June 30th, 2011. The work comprised the assembly of all available relevant legislation and environmental data, and the collection and analyses of stream-sediment and stream-water samples to establish background levels and for comparison with applicable Canadian Council of Ministers of the Environment, Environmental Quality Guidelines for surface water.

As part of its mandate, CRA contacted the Atlantic Canada Conservation Data Centre (ACCDC) regarding species of concern and environmentally significant areas that may exist within five kilometres of the Bald Hill project area. The data obtained from ACCDC was used to determine the potential for terrestrial species at risk (SAR) to occur at the project site.

Surface-Water Studies

Details of the methods employed and results obtained are published in Assessment Report **477665**.

On July 21st, 2011, CRA collected surface water and stream sediment samples at five locations (**Figure 29**) along Jones Brook and its tributaries near the Bald Hill Project site for baseline environmental purposes. Samples included three locations upstream of the main mineral exploration site, one within the principal exploration area, and one downstream from it. Subsequent rounds of surface-water sampling were completed on July 21, 2011, October 24, 2011, June 25, 2012, August 27, 2012, October 30, 2012, June 25, 2013, October 30, 2013 and May 29, 2014. Analytical results from the latest round of sampling, collected on May 29, 2014 were not available for this Report.

Samples were submitted to Maxxam Analytics laboratory of Bedford, Nova Scotia for general chemistry, metals-in-water and metals-in-sediment content. Maxxam is approved to ISO Standard 17025 by the Standards Council of Canada. Full results of CRA's water test-work are appended to the **477458** Assessment Report and significant anomalous results are summarized in **Table 13**.

Metal concentrations from the rounds of sampling are all below CCME Freshwater Aquatic Life guidelines with the exception of aluminium, iron and cadmium at sample sites S-1, S-2 and S-3 and copper at site S-1 (**Table 13**).

According to CRA, aluminium and iron are ubiquitous in the natural environment and concentrations of these two elements in surface water commonly exceed CCME guidelines throughout the Province of New Brunswick. CRA reports that the results of the October 2013 survey are consistent with the results of the previous sampling rounds.

Full analytical results along with signed, Certified Assay Certificates are included in Appendix V of Assessment Report **477665**.

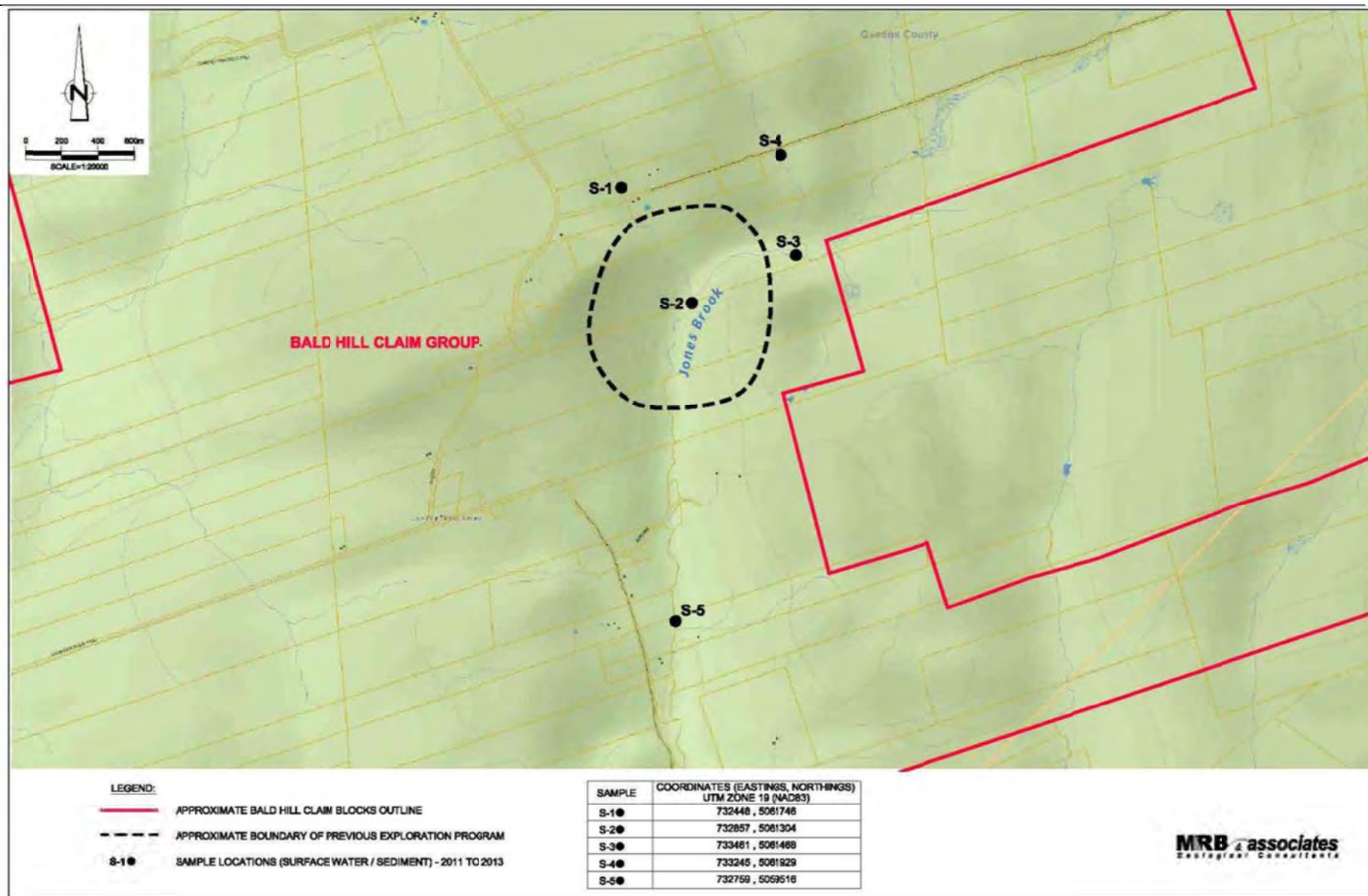


Figure 29: Surface water and stream sediment sample site locations

Table 13: Significant Anomalous Results of Surface Water Analyses; Bald Hill Project
✓ = exceeds CCME guidelines

Element	Sample																																									
	S-1							S-2							S-3							S-4							S-5													
	Collection Dates*																																									
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5	6	7							
Al	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓			✓	✓	✓		✓					✓						✓												
Cd	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓			✓					✓		✓		✓	✓			✓																			
Cu		✓	✓			✓																																				
Fe	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					✓	✓	✓						✓							✓												
Pb												✓							✓						✓																	
*Collection Dates:	1	21-Jul-11					2	24-Oct-11					3	25-Jun-12					4	27-Aug-12					5	30-Oct-12					6	25-Jun-13					7	30-Oct-13				

Species at Risk Study

CRA contacted the Atlantic Canada Conservation Data Centre (ACCDC) regarding species of concern and environmentally significant areas that may exist within five kilometres of the Bald Hill project area. In addition to the ACCDC database, SAR information from the NB Department of Natural Resources (NBDNR) Geographic Information System (GIS) database was also obtained.

The NBDNR GIS database had no listed species at risk in the vicinity of the Bald Hill project area.

Included in the ACCDC database are listings of provincially environmentally significant areas (ESAs), important bird areas (IBAs), provincial parks, Ducks Unlimited sites, etc. The ACCDC database noted that the Lower Saint John River (Sheffield-Jemseg) IBA is located directly west of the Bald Hill project area. This IBA (NB010) follows the Saint John River, and hosts a unique hardwood and flora complex comprising the single largest wetland complex in Atlantic Canada, created by tidal influences and the extensive spring flooding of the river. The Lower Saint John River IBA provides habitat for thousands of waterfowl during their seasonal migrations, as well as breeding habitat for the nationally vulnerable yellow rail (*Coturnicops noveboracensis*).

The general boundaries of the Bald Hill project area are east of the Lower Saint John River IBA boundary and therefore land development activities are not expected to significantly impact this IBA.

Verbal communication by CRA with NBDNR representatives along with the NBDNR GIS database did not identify provincially listed bird sanctuaries, species at risk areas, protected natural areas or First Nation land claims within the Bald Hill project area.

Floral and Faunal

The Atlantic Canada Conservation Data Centre (ACCDC) was contacted by CRA, regarding recent and historical records of species of concern and/or environmentally significant areas within five kilometres of the Bald Hill project area. The data obtained from ACCDC was used to determine the potential for terrestrial species at risk (SAR) to occur at the project site.

In addition to the ACCDC database, SAR information from the NB Department of Natural Resources (NBDNR) Geographic Information System (GIS) database was also obtained. The NBDNR GIS database did not identify provincial listed species at risk in the vicinity of the Bald Hill project area.

Included in the ACCDC database are listing of provincially environmentally significant areas (ESAs), important bird areas (IBAs), provincial parks, Ducks Unlimited sites, etc. The ACCDC database noted that the Lower Saint John River (Sheffield-Jemseg) IBA is located directly west of the Bald Hill project area. This IBA (NB010) follows the Saint John River, which, due to tidal influences and extensive spring flooding, have resulted in the creation of a unique hardwood and flora complex creating the single largest wetland complex in Atlantic Canada. The Lower Saint John River IBA is noted to provide habitat for thousands of waterfowl during migration as well as breeding habitat for the nationally vulnerable yellow rail (*Coturnicops noveboracensis*). The general boundaries of the Bald Hill project area are east of the Lower Saint John River IBA boundary and therefore land development activities are not expected to significantly impact the IBA.

Verbal communication by CRA with NBDNR representatives along with the NBDNR GIS database did not identify provincially listed bird sanctuaries, species at risk areas, protected natural areas or First Nation land claims within the Bald Hill project area.

Complete documentation of the Conestoga-Rovers & Associates (CRA) environmental baseline investigations, including upon other things, the stream sediment and water sampling programs, analytical results, conclusions and certificates of analysis are contained in the four (4) CRA reports appended to the **477458** Assessment Report.

Conclusions and Recommendations

No extraordinary environmental issues were identified through the environmental baseline investigations completed to date. Further environmental related studies and sampling programs should continue in support of the potential development of the project.

16.0 ADJACENT PROPERTIES

The Bald Hill Property comprising New Brunswick claim block 5061, is adjacent and contiguous with TSAC's Devil's Pike property (claim block 4633), also referred to by TSAC as the Golden Pike property.

The Golden Pike Property hosts a mafic volcanic-hosted quartz-carbonate vein system, currently at the resource definition stage, 10 km to the east of the Bald Hill antimony project.

The fault-fill, gold-bearing vein system at Golden Pike is controlled by north-trending D2 structures and is oblique to the regional north-easterly tectono-stratigraphic trend. The deposit is located approximately 500 m south of the Taylors Brook Fault, which separates the Mascarene Group to the south from the Late Cambrian to Early Ordovician Annidale Group to the north.

Roscoe Postle Associates Inc. completed a 43-101 Mineral Resource Estimate for the Golden Pike deposit in August of 2011, using drill hole data available as at May 26, 2011. At a cut-off grade of 5.0 g/t Au and minimum true thickness of 2.0 metres, Inferred Mineral Resources are estimated to total 214,800 tonnes grading 9.6 g/t Au containing 66,300 ounces of gold (Chamois et al., 2011). There are no Mineral Reserves estimated on the property.

There are no other mineral claims or mining leases adjacent to the Bald Hill Property with active advanced exploration programs as at the date of this Report; however, it should be noted that the Bond Road grid and related survey coverage, straddles the Bald Hill group (5061) and Devils Pike group (4633) boundary. Full reporting and interpretation of results from the Bond Road grid and surveys are shown and discussed in detail in Assessment Report **477665** (see also **Section 9.0**, this Report).

17.0 OTHER RELEVANT DATA AND INFORMATION

Antimony, is silvery-grey, brittle semi-metal, one of the few substances that expands when cooled and frozen (similar to water). As a semi-metal, it is a poor conductor of heat and electricity (NRCAN, website www.nrc-cnrc.gc.ca). It combines easily with other elements, including sulphur to form stibnite, the commercially mined antimony mineral source (Mineral Information Institute, website www.mii.org). Most of the antimony mined each year comes from China, which produced approximately 90% of the world total in 2009 (Carlin, 2010).

Antimony is used for fireproofing plastics, textiles, rubber and other materials. Antimony alloyed with other metals, with lead to make the lead harder and stronger for use in lead-acid batteries, with tin to make pewter, and other alloys to produce machine antifriction bearings. Pure antimony is used in the computer industry to make semiconductors (www.mii.org, 2010). It is also used in cable coverings, castings and solder (NRCAN, website www.nrc-cnrc.gc.ca).

The Authors are not aware of any environment, permitting, legal, title, taxation, socio-political issues, nor any other additional technical data available at the effective date of the Report that might lead an accredited investor to a conclusion contrary to that set forth in this Report, or that would materially affect the future exploration or potential mine development on the Bald Hill Project.

18.0 INTERPRETATION AND CONCLUSIONS

Rockport has completed 20 diamond drill-holes to date, for a total of 3768.32 m, on the Bald Hill Project where most of their exploration work on the Property has been focused. Since the previous (2010) Technical Report, this exploration work has comprised: four diamond-drill holes, totalling 314 m, with 155 core-sample assays; 15 trenches, totalling 887 m, with analytical results from 71 collected lithological samples; 27 assayed lithological grab samples; 1028 soil samples with assays; an airborne magnetic-response and electromagnetic survey over 10.5 km² (120 line km); and a ground VLF-EM (very low frequency electromagnetic) geophysical surveys covering 30.71 line km.

The exploration work shows that the antimony mineralization on Rockport's Bald Hill Work Area comprises a vein system hosted by sediments, tuffs and rhyolites of the Carpenter Brook Formation and Bald Hill Suites, north of the Taylors Brook Fault. The fault-fill type veining trends generally northwest, orthogonal to the regional north-easterly structural trend, and are likely associated with a fault system.

Rockport's drilling on the Bald Hill main grid has confirmed the Sb mineralization over a significant area of approximately 700 m on surface and to 300 m depth. Surface mineralization and soil geochemical anomalies indicate that the mineralization extends for at least 1.5 km, along strike from the delineated mineralized zones. The 2014 trenching programme, centred approximately 1.0 km along strike to the southeast from the main Bald Hill occurrences, exposed new antimony mineralization grading 9.04% Sb over 2.60 metres. On the Bond Road grid, around 4.0 km east of the main Bald Hill occurrences, soil assay results delimit a well-defined, northwest trending Sb anomaly, with soil assay values up to 119 ppm Sb. Rockport interprets this anomaly to be related to a northwest oriented structural/fault zone similar to the modelled Bald Hill occurrences. The Bond Road area is also host to angular, Sb-mineralized boulders that grade higher than 15% Sb.

In addition to the on-site exploration programs, preliminary processing and metallurgical test-work of Bald Hill lithological drill-core and bulk samples was carried out. This work comprised bulk mineralogy, basic chemical profiling, textural features of the ore minerals, and preliminary analysis of liberation characteristics and amenability of the ore to gravity concentration and/or flotation, preliminary ore-characterization, mineralogical and chemical profiling, and optical ore examinations.

Preliminary environmental baseline studies have been carried out at the Bald Hill Project. This work has comprised the assembly of all available relevant legislation and environmental data regarding species of concern and environmentally significant areas that may exist within five kilometres of the Bald Hill project area, and the collection and analyses of on-site surface water samples to establish background environmental quality guidelines. No extraordinary environmental issues were identified through the environmental baseline investigations completed to date.

The work completed by Rockport on the Bald Hill Project substantiates the occurrence of a potential resource of economically interesting antimony mineralization. The Project is a valid exploration target that remains largely untested with respect to its full dimensions and its regional structural relationships.

19.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

The Authors believe that the Bald Hill Project is one of merit, warranting further exploration and investigation. Efforts should focus on expanding the extent of the known mineralized zones by following up on known surface showings, antimony-in-soil, induced polarization and VLF-EM anomalies that have associated anomalous soil trends.

The priority targets are the main Bald Hill deposit and the new discovery at the Southeast Extension grid area. The Bond Road grid area is an early-stage target that requires further exploration by diamond-drilling and trenching to source the high-grade Sb boulders and strong Sb-in-soil anomaly.

The recommended exploration programmes should aim to establish an NI 43-101 antimony Mineral Resource, in the Inferred Mineral Resource category, through additional surface excavation and diamond drilling, including drilling of the known zones at closer drill spacing. The proposed budget for the recommended work is shown in **Table 14**.

The two priority areas that most warrant this work are:

1. the new discovery, approximately 1.0 km southeast of the Bald Hill main zone, and;
2. the Bald Hill main zone

An initial Phase 1 exploration budget totalling approximately \$200,000 CA is recommended in order to: 1) complete an initial shallow-drilling campaign, consisting of 8 holes totalling 750 metres, on the new discovery that was uncovered during the 2014 trenching programme; and, 2) to carry out pre-drill preparation work at the main Bald Hill deposit. The Phase 1 programme will assist in prioritizing drill related funds for the Phase 2(a) program.

The Phase 2(a) diamond-drilling programme consisting of ~40 holes, totalling 5,850 metres is proposed. The budget for the proposed programme is approximately \$1,500,000 CA.

The limited metallurgical test work completed to date on the main zone of antimony mineralization should be further advanced, in support of an eventual Preliminary Economic Assessment study (PEA). More detailed and extensive metallurgical studies are required; and has been incorporated into this phase of exploration work on the project.

Different processing routes appropriate for finer size-fractions should be investigated in order to reap the benefits that increased liberation might hold. These processes could include gravity separation techniques such as Dense Media Separation and Spirals; or flotation. A mineralogical investigation is also recommended to assist in determining the most suitable liberation process.

Further environmental related studies and sampling programs should continue in support of the potential development of the project.

Dependant on the success of the Phase 2(a) exploration, the subsequent Phase 2(b) programme should continue to increase the resources through additional drilling along strike and at depth, utilizing mineralization grade and/or thickness controls, which may be defined through the initial program.

Once the above recommended exploration programme has been completed, an NI 43-101, Preliminary Economic Assessment (PEA) should be undertaken to detail the Project's economic merits.

Table 14: Proposed Budget For Phase 1 and Phase 2 Recommended Exploration Work

Phase 1	Drilling (metres)	Cost / metre	Budget
South Discovery- Exploration Drilling (incl. assays and geo/tech)	750	\$175	\$131,250
Bald Hill Deposit Pre-drill preparation (upgrade access & site prep)			\$45,000
Environmental			\$7,000
Contingency ~10%			\$16,750
Total Phase 1			\$200,000
Phase 2(a)	Drilling (metres)	Cost / metre	Budget
Drilling - Expansion & Inferred Resource definition (incl. assays and geo/tech)	4,850	\$200	\$970,000
Metallurgy			\$60,000
Environmental			\$20,000
Surface Exploration Programs			\$80,000
Drilling Exploration	1,000	\$175	\$175,000
Contingency ~15%			\$195,000
Phase 2(b)	Drilling (metres)	Cost / metre	Budget
Drilling - Expansion & Resource (incl. assays and geo/tech)	6,000	\$200	\$1,200,000
Environmental			\$12,000
Preliminary Economic Assessment (PEA)			\$100,000
Contingency ~15%			\$188,000
Total Phase 2			\$3,000,000
PROJECT TOTAL			\$3,200,000

20.0 REFERENCES

Carlin, J.F. 2010.

Antimony, U.S. Geological Survey, Mineral Commodity Summaries, January 2010.

Chamois, P., Ciuculescu, T. and Ross, D.. 2011.

Technical Report on the Golden Pike Project, New Brunswick, Canada; *by* Roscoe Postle Associates Inc., *for* Portage Minerals Inc.

Craig, J.R. and Vaughan, D.J. 1994.

Ore Microscopy and Ore Petrography, Second Edition, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York. Environment Canada, 2010 on-line (Climate Data):

<http://atlanticweb1.ns.ec.gc.ca/climatecentre/default.asp?lang=En&n=7A6129C7-1>

Fugro, 2008.

Report #08023 (R08023). DIGHEM V Survey for Rockport Mining Corp., Hampstead Area, New Brunswick, NTS: 21G/9 & 21H/12. Fugro Airborne Surveys Corp. Mississauga, Ontario; August 27, 2008.

Hornbrook, E.H.W., Friske, P.W.B. (1988).

Regional stream and lake sediment and water geochemical data, southern New Brunswick. Geological Survey of Canada, Open File 1638.

Johnson, S.C. 2005.

Bedrock geology of the Sussex area (NTS 21H/12), Kings and Queens Counties, New Brunswick. MP 2005-45.

Johnson, S.C., McLeod, M.J., Fyffe, L.R. and Dunning, G.R. 2009.

Stratigraphy, geochemistry, and geochronology of the Annidale and New River belts, and the development of the Penobscot arc in southern New Brunswick. In Geological Investigations in New Brunswick for 2008. Edited by G.L. Martin. New Brunswick Department of Natural Resources; Minerals, Policy and Planning Division, Mineral Resources Report 2009-2, p. 141-218.

MacDonald, H. 2010.

National Instrument 43-101 Technical Report Bald Hill Antimony Project Southern New Brunswick, Canada, NTS Map Sheets 21G/09 AND 21H/12. Conestoga-Rovers & Associates, Fredericton, New Brunswick (Canada), for Rockport Mining Corporation.

McLeod, M.J., Ruitenberg, and Krogh, T.E. 1992.

Geology and U-Pb geochronology of the Annidale Group, southern New Brunswick: Lower Ordovician volcanic and sedimentary rocks formed near the southeastern margin of Iapetus Ocean. Atlantic Geology, Volume 28, p. 181-192.

MRB & Associates, 2003.

Technical Report, Antimony Mineral Property, Central Newfoundland, NTS 2D/11, prepared for VVC Exploration Corp., December 19, 2003.

Mineral Information Institute, 2010.

Antimony website: <http://www.mii.org/Minerals/photoant.html>

National Research Council Canada, 2010. Antimony webpage, <http://www.nrcnrc.gc.ca/eng/education/elements/el/sb.html>

Panteleyev, A., 2005.

Stibnite Veins and Disseminations, 109, British Columbia Geological Survey, May 30, 2005.

Postle, J., Haystead, B., Clow, G., Hora, D., Vallée, M. and Jensen, M., 2000.

Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum. CIM Standards on Mineral Resources and Reserves: Definitions and Guidelines. Prepared by the CIM Standing Committee on Reserve Definitions – Adopted by CIM Council November 27, 2010.

Seal, R.R., II, Clark, A.H., and Morrissy, C.J. 1988.

Lake George, southwestern New Brunswick: a Silurian, multi-stage, polymetallic (SB-W-Mo-Au-base metal) hydrothermal centre; *in* Recent Advances in the Geology of Granite-Related Mineral Deposits; Taylor, R.P. and Strong, D.F., Editors, *Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy*, CIM Special Volume 39, pages 252-264.

Seal, R.R., Bliss, J.D., and Campbell, D.L. 1995.

Stibnite-Quartz Deposits, in Preliminary compilation of descriptive geo-environmental mineral deposit models, U.S. Geological Survey, Open File Report 95-831, p. 204-208.

Thomas, M.D. and Kiss, F. 2005.

Geological Interpretation of the 2004 Marrrtown Aeromagnetic Survey, Southeastern New Brunswick; Geological Survey of Canada Open File 4953, New Brunswick Department of Natural Resources, Plate 2005-21A

Thorne, K. and McLeod, M. 2003.

Gold deposits associated with felsic intrusions in southwestern New Brunswick – Field guidebook. New Brunswick Department of Natural Resources and Energy; Minerals, Policy and Planning Division, Open File 2003-4, 83p.

CERTIFICATE OF QUALIFICATION

PETER BANKS

I, **Peter Banks, B.Sc., P. Geo.**, of 203 Honeysuckle Dr, Saint John, New Brunswick do hereby certify that: This Certificate applies to "NATIONAL INSTRUMENT 43-101 TECHNICAL REPORT, BALD HILL ANTIMONY PROJECT (Claim Group 5061) SOUTHERN NEW BRUNSWICK, CANADA NTS MAP SHEET 21G/09 AND 21H/12" dated October 28th, 2014;

1. I graduated from the University of New Brunswick in 1993 with a B.Sc. in Geology and I have practised my profession continuously since that time;
2. I am currently working and living in New Brunswick and I am a Professional Geologist currently licensed by the Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of New Brunswick (Licence M7250);
3. I have read the definition of "qualified person" set out in National Instrument 43-101 ("NI 43-101") and certify that by reason of my education, affiliation with a professional association (as defined in NI 43-101) and past relevant work experience, I fulfil the requirements to be a "qualified person" for the purposes of NI 43-101;
4. I have worked as an exploration and field geologist since 1993. I have knowledge and experience with regard to a number of mineral deposit types including the procedures involved in exploring for gold, antimony, and base-metals, and with the preparation of reports relating to them;
5. I have been retained by Rockport Mining Corp./TriStar Antimony Canada Inc., a body corporate having a registered office at 1-132 Water Street, St. Andrews, NB E5B 1A8, as a contract/consulting geologist, and not as an employee;
6. I have prior involvement with Rockport Mining Corp., as an employee, from its inception as a company until May 2008. As exploration manager I was familiar with the property that is the subject of this Report. I have no prior involvement with TriStar Antimony Canada Inc.;
7. I have prepared and take responsibility for all sections of this Report entitled "NATIONAL INSTRUMENT 43-101 TECHNICAL REPORT, BALD HILL ANTIMONY PROJECT (Claim Group 5061) SOUTHERN NEW BRUNSWICK, CANADA NTS MAP SHEET 21G/09 AND 21H/12" dated October 28th, 2014;
8. I visited the Bald Hill Property for four (4) hours on August 26th, and the Project's core-storage facilities for three (3) hours on August 27th, 2014;
9. I have no personal knowledge, as of the date of this certificate, of any material fact or change, which is not reflected in this report;
10. I am "independent" of Rockport Mining Corp./TriStar Antimony Canada Inc. with respect to the conditions described in Section 1.5 of NI 43-101;
11. I have read NI 43-101 and Form 43-101F1 and this Report, and this Report has been prepared in compliance with NI 43-101. As of the date of the certificate, to the best of my knowledge, information and belief, this report contains all scientific and technical information that is required to be disclosed to make the technical report not misleading.

DATED this 28th Day of October, 2014


(Signed) Peter Banks, B.Sc., P. Geo.




CERTIFICATE OF QUALIFICATION**JOHN LANGTON**

I, **John Langton, M.Sc., P. Geo.**, of 1748 Sullivan Rd, Val-d'Or, Québec do hereby certify that: This Certificate applies to "NATIONAL INSTRUMENT 43-101 TECHNICAL REPORT, BALD HILL ANTIMONY PROJECT (Claim Group 5061) SOUTHERN NEW BRUNSWICK, CANADA NTS MAP SHEET 21G/09 AND 21H/12" dated October 28th, 2014;

1. I graduated from the University of New Brunswick in 1985 with a B.Sc. in Geology and from Queen's University, Kingston in 1993 with a M.Sc. in Geology, and I have practised my profession continuously since that time;
2. I am currently working and living in Quebec and I am a Professional Geologist currently licensed by the *Ordre des géologues du Québec* (License 1231); the Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of New Brunswick (Licence M5467), and; the Association of Professional Geoscientists of Ontario (Licence 1716);
3. I have read the definition of "qualified person" set out in National Instrument 43-101 ("NI 43-101") and certify that by reason of my education, affiliation with a professional association (as defined in NI 43-101) and past relevant work experience, I fulfil the requirements to be a "qualified person" for the purposes of NI 43-101;
4. I have worked as an exploration and field geologist since 1985. I have knowledge and experience with regard to a number of mineral deposit types including the procedures involved in exploring for gold, antimony, and base-metals, and with the preparation of reports relating to them;
5. I have been retained by Rockport Mining Corp./TriStar Antimony Canada Inc., a body corporate having a registered office at 1-132 Water Street, St. Andrews, NB E5B 1A8, as an independent contract/consulting geologist, and not as an employee;
6. I have had no prior involvement with Rockport Mining Corp./TriStar Antimony Canada Inc., nor with the Property that is the subject of this Report;
7. I have not visited the Bald Hill Property;
8. I have supervised, and helped prepare, and take responsibility for, all sections of this Report entitled "NATIONAL INSTRUMENT 43-101 TECHNICAL REPORT, BALD HILL ANTIMONY PROJECT (Claim Group 5061) SOUTHERN NEW BRUNSWICK, CANADA NTS MAP SHEET 21G/09 AND 21H/12" dated October 28th, 2014;
9. I have no personal knowledge, as of the date of this certificate, of any material fact or change, which is not reflected in this report;
10. I am "independent" of Rockport Mining Corp./TriStar Antimony Canada Inc. with respect to the conditions described in Section 1.5 of NI 43-101;
11. I have read NI 43-101 and Form 43-101F1 and this Report, which has been prepared in compliance with NI 43-101. As of the date of the certificate, to the best of my knowledge, information and belief, this report contains all scientific and technical information that is required to be disclosed to make the technical report not misleading.

DATED this 28th Day of October, 2014



(Signed) John P. Langton, M.Sc., P. Geo.,



APPENDIX I

**Summary of Claims Comprising the Bald Hill Property
(all claims listed are 100% owned by Rockport Mining Corp.)**

Claim #	Issue Date	Expiry Date	Area (ha)	Total Applied	Work Required	Excess Work
2324061A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$934.94	\$900.00	\$34.94
2324061B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$900.00	\$35.06
2324061C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$900.00	\$35.06
2324061D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$900.00	\$35.06
2324061E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$900.00	\$35.06
2324061F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$900.00	\$35.06
2324061G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$900.00	\$35.06
2324061K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$900.00	\$35.06
2324061L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324071A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324071B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324071C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324071D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324071E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324071F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324071G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324071H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324071I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324072K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324072L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324072M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.47	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324073D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.47	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324073E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.47	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324081A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324081B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324081C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324081D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324081E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324081F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324081G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324081H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324081I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324081J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324081K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324081L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324081M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324081N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324081O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324082B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324082C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324082D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324082E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324082F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324082G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324082H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06

Claim #	Issue Date	Expiry Date	Area (ha)	Total Applied	Work Required	Excess Work
2324082I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324082J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324082K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324082L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324082M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.47	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324082N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.47	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324082O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.47	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324082P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.47	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324083A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.47	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324083B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.47	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324083C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.47	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324083D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.47	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324083E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.47	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324083F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.47	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324083G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.47	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324083H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.47	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324083I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.47	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324091A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324091B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324091G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324091H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324091I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324091J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324091O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324091P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324092A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324092B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324092G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324092H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324092I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324092J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.48	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324092O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.47	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324092P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.47	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324093A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.47	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2324093B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.47	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422001A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422001B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422001C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422001D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422001E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422001F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422001G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422001H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422001I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422001J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06

Claim #	Issue Date	Expiry Date	Area (ha)	Total Applied	Work Required	Excess Work
2422001K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422001L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422001M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422001N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422001O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422001P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422002A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422002B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422002C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422002D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422011A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422011B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422011C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422011D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422011E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422011F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422011G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422011H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422011I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422011J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422011K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422011L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422011M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422011N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422011O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422011P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422012A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422021A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2422021H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423004L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423004M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423004N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423004O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423005A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423005B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423005C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423005D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423005E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423005F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423005G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423005H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423005I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423005J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423005K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423005O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06

Claim #	Issue Date	Expiry Date	Area (ha)	Total Applied	Work Required	Excess Work
2423005P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423006A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423006B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423006F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423006G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423006H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423006I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423006J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423006K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423006M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423006N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423006O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423006P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423007A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423007B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423007C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423007D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423007E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423007F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423007G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423007H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423007I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423007J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423007K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423007L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423007M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423007N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423007O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423007P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423008A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423008B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423008C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423008D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423008E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423008F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423008G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423008H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423013E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423013K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423013L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423013M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423013N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423013O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423014B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423014C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06

Claim #	Issue Date	Expiry Date	Area (ha)	Total Applied	Work Required	Excess Work
2423014D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423014E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423014F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423014G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423014H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423014I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423014J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423014K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423014L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423014N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423014O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423014P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423015A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423016D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423016E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423016F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423016J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423016K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423016L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423016M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423016N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423016O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423016P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423017A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423017B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423017C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423017D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423017E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423017F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423017G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423017H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423017I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423017J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423017K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423017L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423017M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423017N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423017O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423017P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423018A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423018B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423018C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423018D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423018G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423018H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06

Claim #	Issue Date	Expiry Date	Area (ha)	Total Applied	Work Required	Excess Work
2423022M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423023C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423023D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423023E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423023F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423023G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423023H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423023I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423023J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423023K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423023L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423023M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423023N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423023O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423023P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423024A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423024B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423024C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423024D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423024E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423024F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423024G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423024H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423024I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423024J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423024K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423025K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423025L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423025M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423025N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423025O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423026A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423026B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423026C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423026D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423026E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423026F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423026G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423026H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423026I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423026J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423026K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423026L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423026M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423026N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06

Claim #	Issue Date	Expiry Date	Area (ha)	Total Applied	Work Required	Excess Work
2423026O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423026P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423027A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423027B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423027C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423027D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423027F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423027G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423027H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423027I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423027J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423027P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423031M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423032C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423032D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423032E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423032F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423032G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423032I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423032J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423032K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423032L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423032M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423032N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423032O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423032P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423033A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423033B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423033C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423033D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423033E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423033F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423033G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423033H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423033I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423033J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423033K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423033L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423033M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423033N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423033O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423033P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423034A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423034B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423034C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06

Claim #	Issue Date	Expiry Date	Area (ha)	Total Applied	Work Required	Excess Work
2423034D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423034E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423034F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423034G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423034H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423034J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423034K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423034L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423034M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423034N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423034O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423035B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423035C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423035D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423035E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423035F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423035G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423035H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423035I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423035J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423035K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423035L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423035M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423035N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423035O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423035P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423036A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423036B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423036C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423036D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423036E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423036F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423036G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423036H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423036I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423036J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423036K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423036L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423036O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423036P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423037A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423041P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423042A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423042B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423042G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06

Claim #	Issue Date	Expiry Date	Area (ha)	Total Applied	Work Required	Excess Work
2423042H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423042I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423042J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423042M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423042N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423042O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423042P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423043A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423043B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423043C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423043D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423043E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423043F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423043G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423043H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423043I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423043J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423043K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423043L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423043M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423043N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423043O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423043P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423044A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423044B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423044C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423044D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423044E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423044F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423044G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423044H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423044I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423044J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423044K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423044L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423044M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423044N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423044O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423044P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423045A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423045B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423045C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423045H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423046A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423046H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06

Claim #	Issue Date	Expiry Date	Area (ha)	Total Applied	Work Required	Excess Work
2423052P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423053A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423053B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423053E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423053F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423053G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423053H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423053I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423053J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423053K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423053L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423053M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423053N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423053O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423053P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423054A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423054B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423054C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423054D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423054F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423054G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423054H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423054I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423054J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423054K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423062M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423063C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423063D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423063E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423063F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423063G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423063H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423063I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423063J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423063K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423063L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423063M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423063N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423063O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423063P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423064A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423064B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423064C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423064D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.53	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423072E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06

Claim #	Issue Date	Expiry Date	Area (ha)	Total Applied	Work Required	Excess Work
2423072F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423072K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423072L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423072M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423072N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423072O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423072P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423073A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423073B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423073C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423073H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423081C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423081D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423081E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423081L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423081M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423082C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423082D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423082E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423082F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423082G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423082H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423082I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423082J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423082K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423082O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423082P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423091A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423091B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423091C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423091D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423091E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423091F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423091G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423091H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423091I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423091J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423091K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423091L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423091M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423091N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423091O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423091P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423092A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423092B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06

Claim #	Issue Date	Expiry Date	Area (ha)	Total Applied	Work Required	Excess Work
2423092C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423092D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423092F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423092G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2423092H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.54	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424069L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424069M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424069N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424070A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424070B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424070C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424070D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424070E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424070F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424070G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424070H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424070I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424070J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424070K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424070L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424070M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424070N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424070O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424070P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424078L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424078M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424079A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424079B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424079C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424079D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424079E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424079F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424079G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424079H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424079I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424079J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424079K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424079L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424079M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424079N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424079O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424079P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424080A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424080B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424080C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06

Claim #	Issue Date	Expiry Date	Area (ha)	Total Applied	Work Required	Excess Work
2424080D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424080E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424080F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424080G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424080H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424080I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424080J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424080K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424080L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424080M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424080N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424080O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424080P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424086K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424086M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424086N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424087A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424087B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424087C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424087D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424087E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424087F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424087G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424087H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424087I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424087J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424087K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424087L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424087M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424087N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424087O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424087P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424088A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424088B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424088C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424088D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424088E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424088F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424088G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424088H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424088I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424088J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424088K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424088L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424088M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06

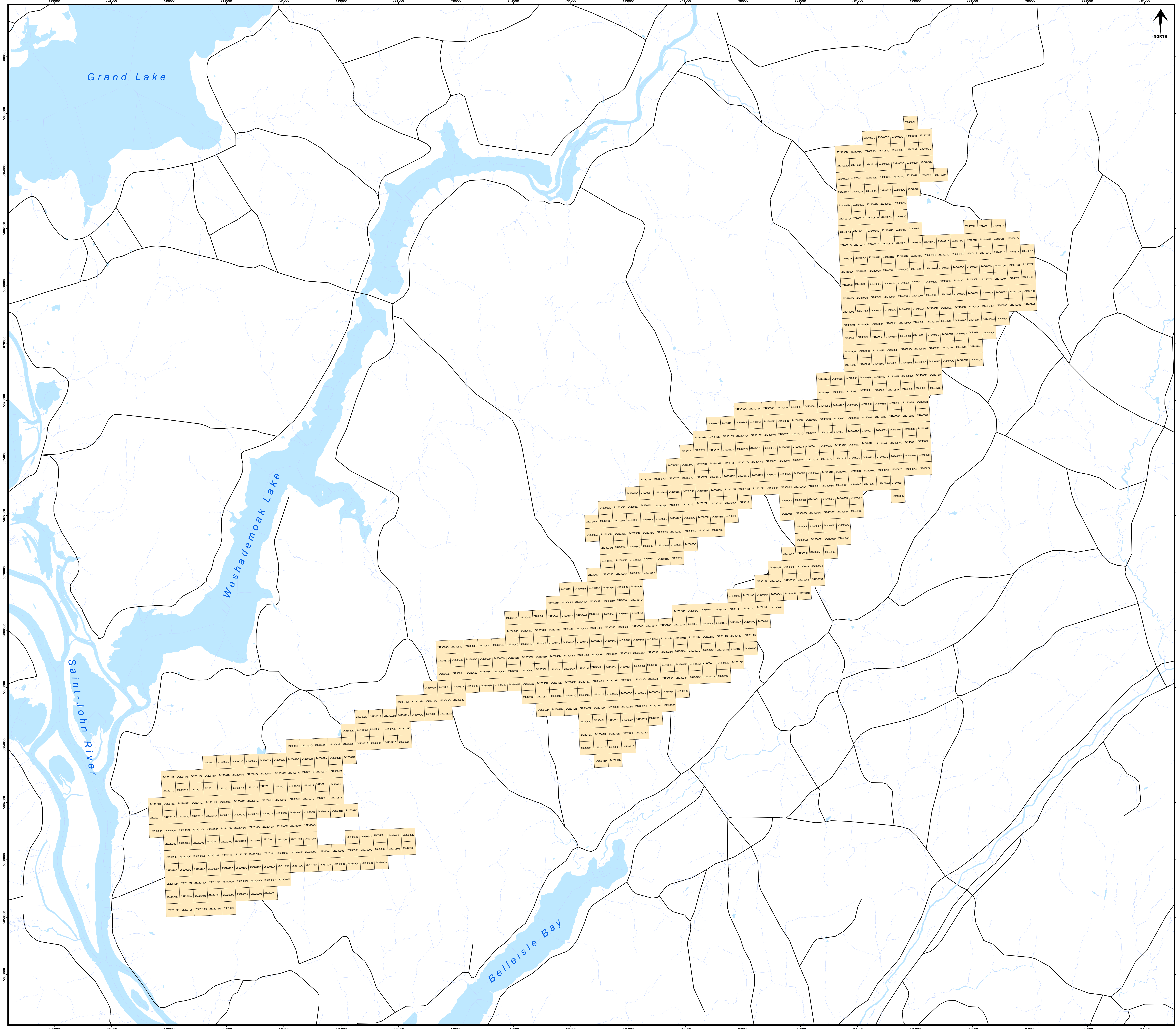
Claim #	Issue Date	Expiry Date	Area (ha)	Total Applied	Work Required	Excess Work
2424088N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424088O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424088P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424089A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424089B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424089C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424089D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424089E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424089F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424089G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424089H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424089I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424089J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424089K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424089L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424089M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424089N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424089O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424089P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424090A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424090B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424090C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424090D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424090E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424090F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424090G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424090H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424090I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424090J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424090K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424090L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424090M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424090N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424090O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424090P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424095L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424095M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424095N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424096C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424096D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424096E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424096F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424096G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424096J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424096K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06

Claim #	Issue Date	Expiry Date	Area (ha)	Total Applied	Work Required	Excess Work
2424096L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424096M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424096N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424096O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.52	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424096P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424097A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424097B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424097C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424097D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424097E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424097F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424097G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424097H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424097I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424097J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424097K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424097L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424097M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424097N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424097O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424097P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424098A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424098B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424098C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424098D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424098E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424098F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424098G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424098H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.51	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424098I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424098J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424098K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424098L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424098M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424098N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424098O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424098P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424099A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424099B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424099G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424099H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424099I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424099J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424099O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.50	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424099P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06

Claim #	Issue Date	Expiry Date	Area (ha)	Total Applied	Work Required	Excess Work
2424100A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424100B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424100G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424100H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424100I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424100J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424100O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2424100P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.49	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522009E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522009I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522009J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522009K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522009L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522009M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522009N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522009O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522009P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522010A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522010B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522010C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522010D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522010E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522010F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522010G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522010H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522010I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522010J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522010K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522010L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522010M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522010N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522010O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522010P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522019E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.57	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522019F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.57	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522019G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522019H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522019I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522019J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522019K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522019L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522019M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522019N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522019O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522019P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06

Claim #	Issue Date	Expiry Date	Area (ha)	Total Applied	Work Required	Excess Work
2522020A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522020B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522020C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522020D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522020E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522020F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522020G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522020H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522020I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522020J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522020K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522020L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522020M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522020N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522020O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522020P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2522030P	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2523080E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2523080F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2523080K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2523080L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2523090A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2523090B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2523090C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2523090D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2523090E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2523090F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2523090G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2523090H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2523090I	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2523090J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2523090K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2523099M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2523100A	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2523100B	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2523100C	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2523100D	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2523100E	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2523100F	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2523100G	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2523100H	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2523100J	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2523100K	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2523100L	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2523100M	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06

Claim #	Issue Date	Expiry Date	Area (ha)	Total Applied	Work Required	Excess Work
2523100N	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.56	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
2523100O	04/10/07	04/10/15	22.55	\$935.06	\$300.00	\$35.06
Totals:			17274.28	\$717,190.90	\$234,900.00	\$26,890.90



Legend

ClaimUnits

Road

Waterbody



Rockport Mining Corp.

Bald Hill Property
Claim Map

Date: September 2014

MRB *associates*
GEOLOGICAL CONSULTANTS

02,000 m

1:40,000

Datum / Projection: NAD 83, UTM Zone 19
NTS sheet: 21G16/09 & 21H13/12